

A vérlemezkék szerepe az immunválaszban

Kappelmayer János

Debreceni Egyetem,

Laboratóriumi Medicina Intézet



SE PhD kurzus,
2025 április 4.

Immunsejtek versus alvadást elősegítő sejtek

Hemocyták:

alsóbb rendű szervezetek közös alvadást és immunválaszt generáló sejtek

Szolubilis elemek

Thrombocyták:

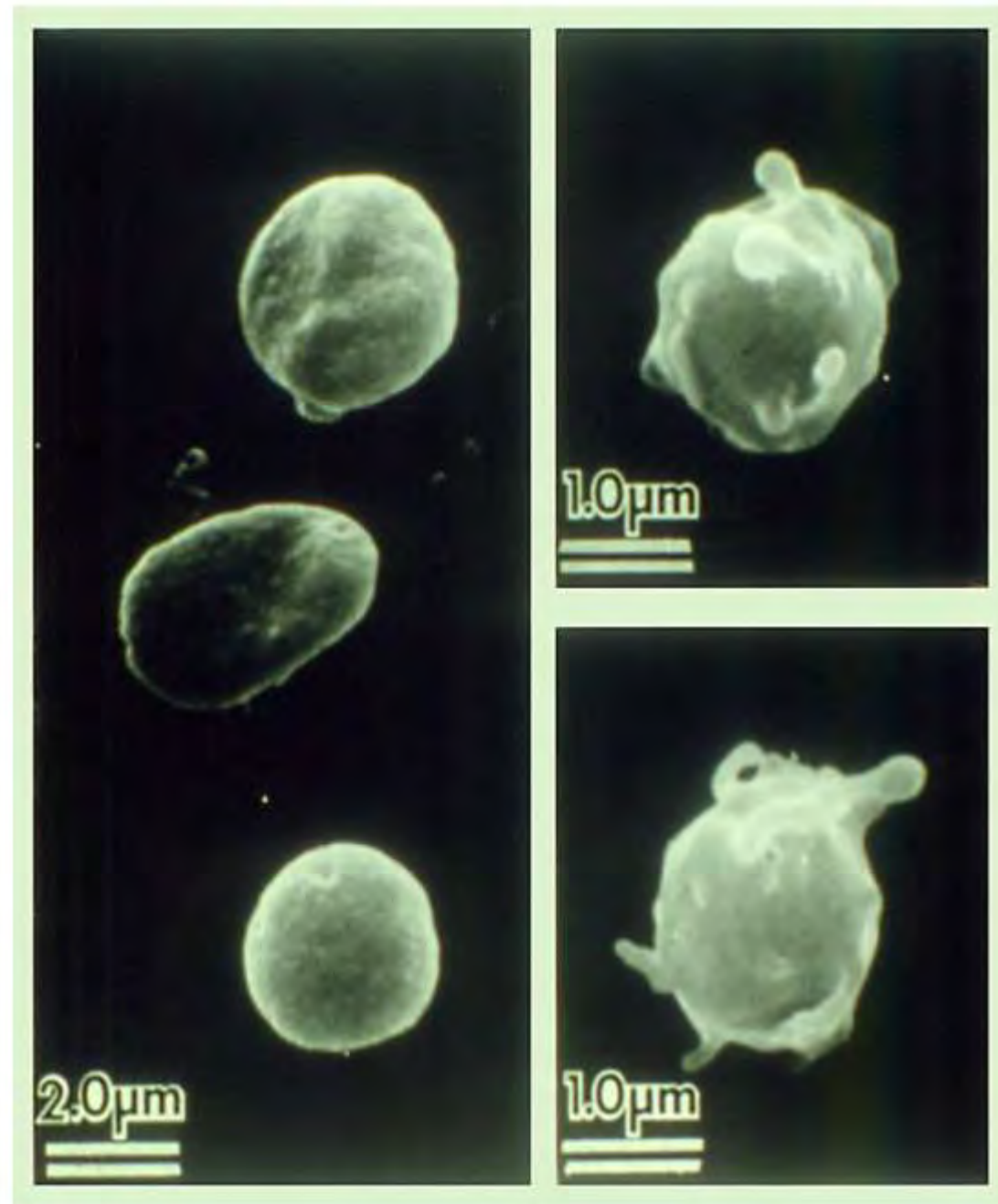
Mag nélküli sejt

Alvadási faktorok

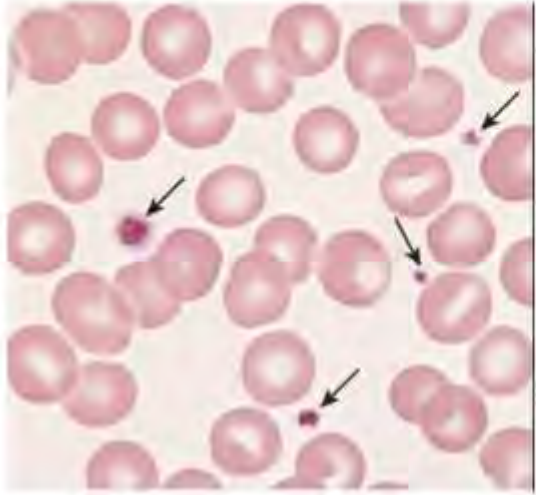
Veleszületett
immunválasz sejtjei:

Granulocyták, macrophag

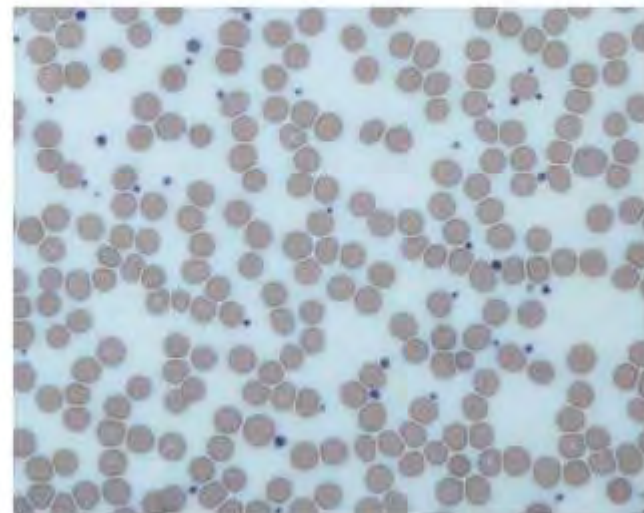
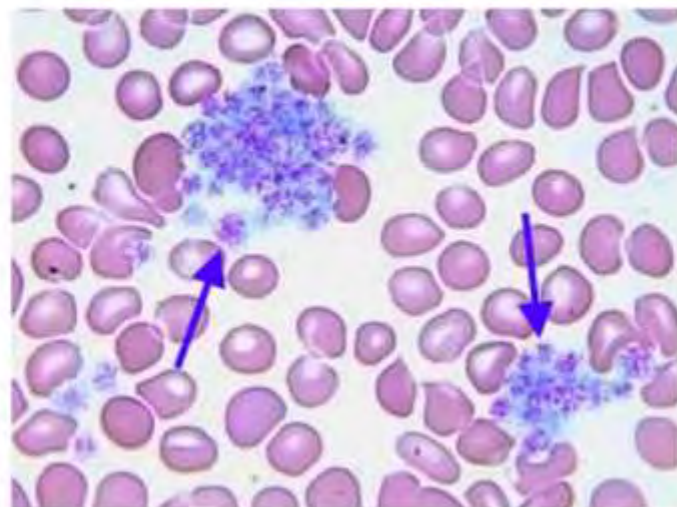
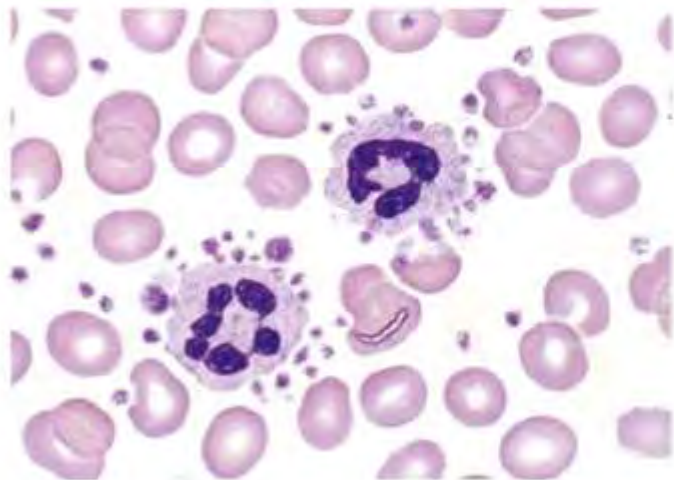
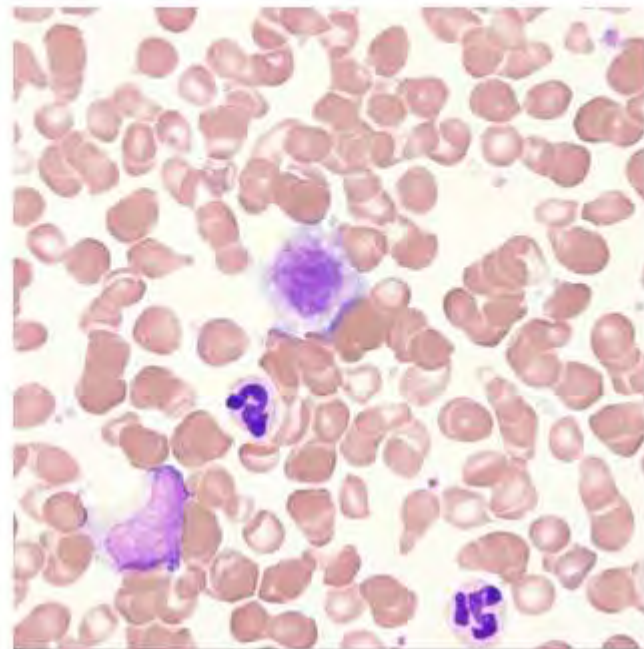
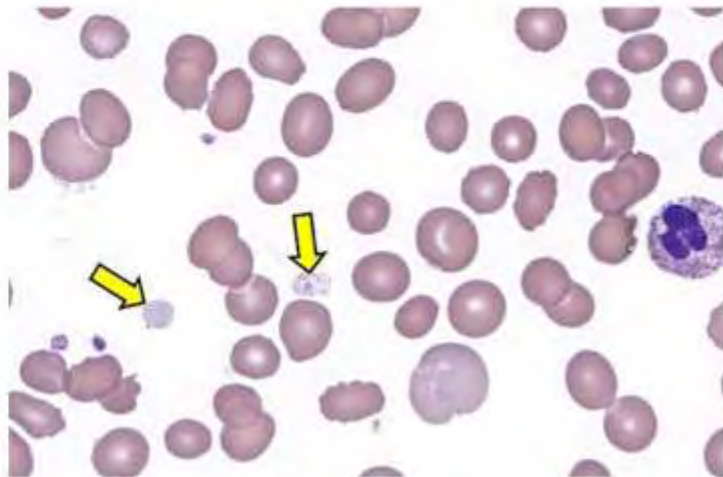
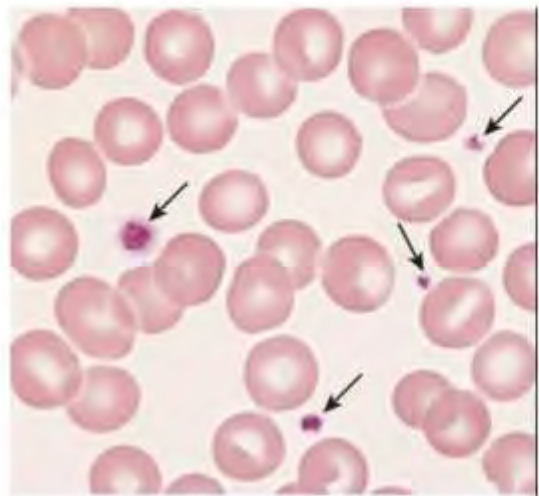
Komplement

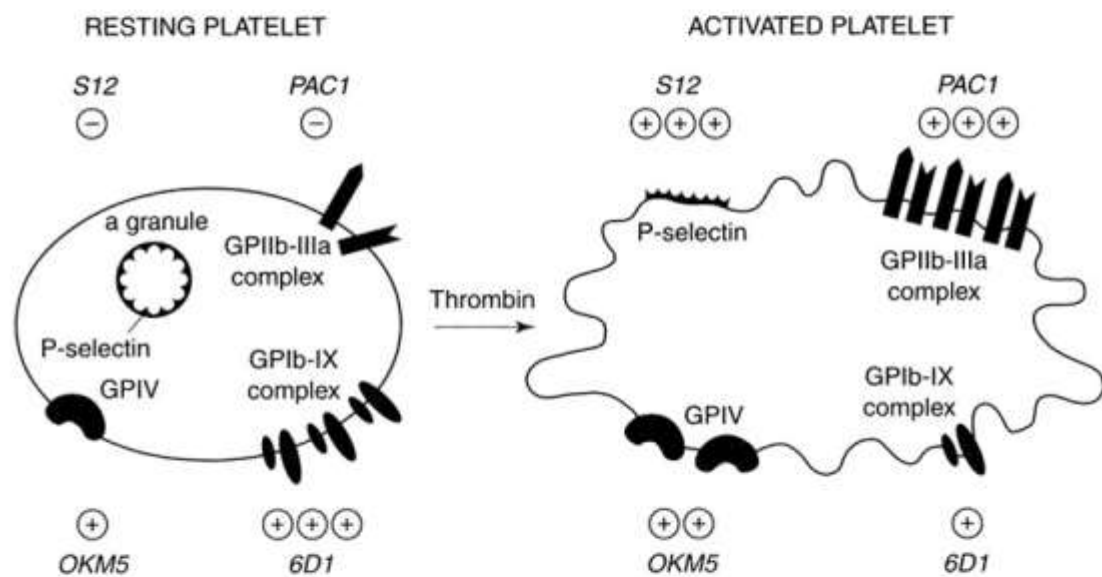


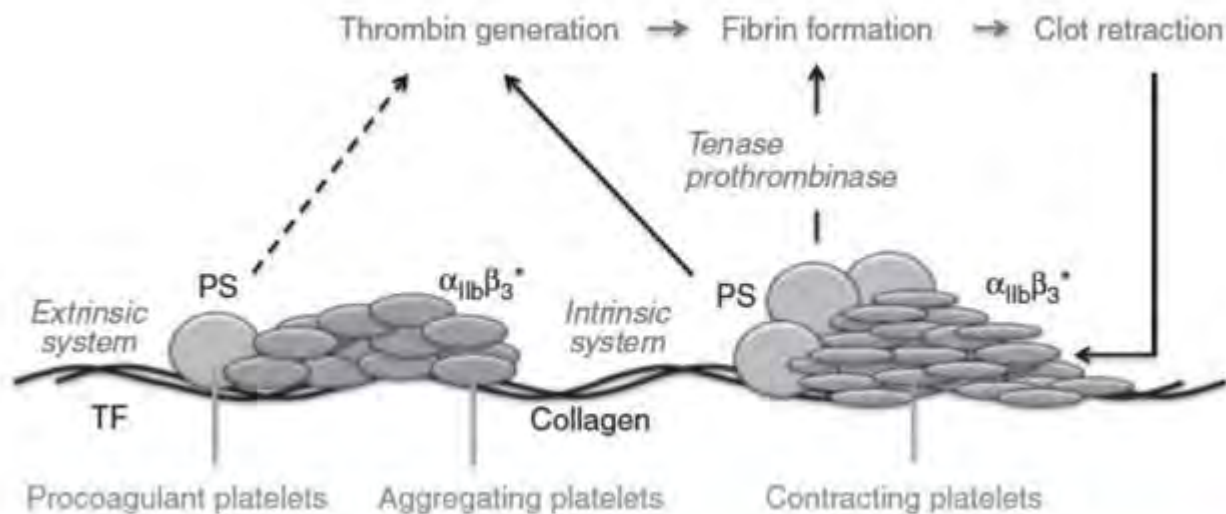
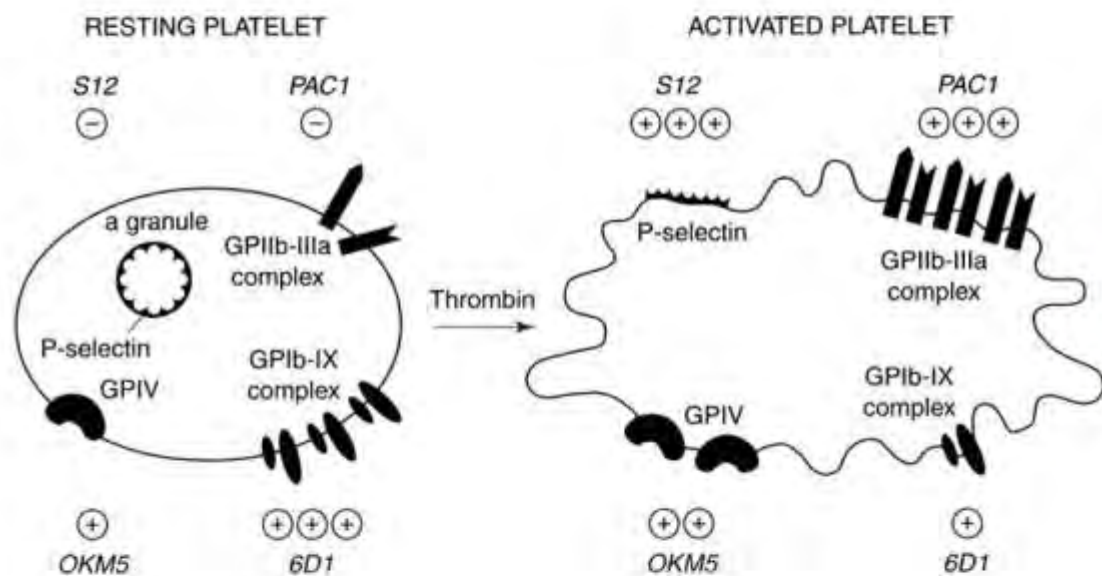
Kóros thrombocyta morfológia



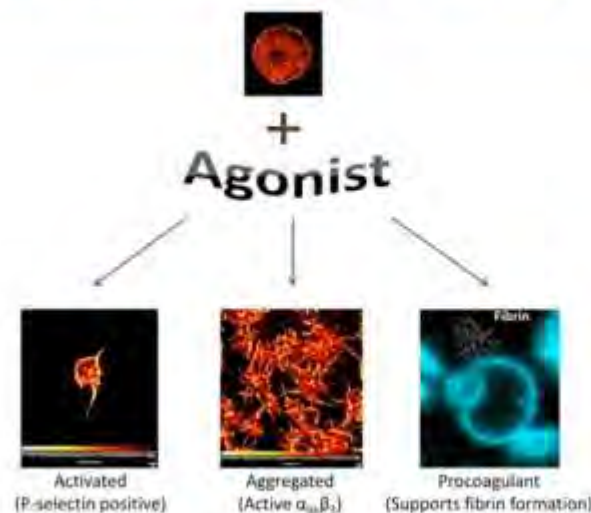
Kóros thrombocyta morfológia







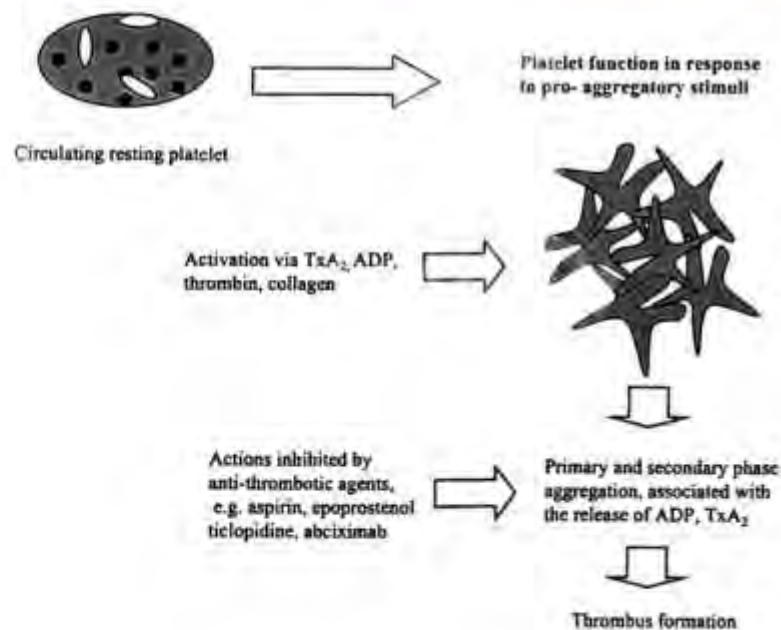
Different activated platelet subpopulations form with the same agonist stimulation



A thrombocyta aktiváció útvonalai

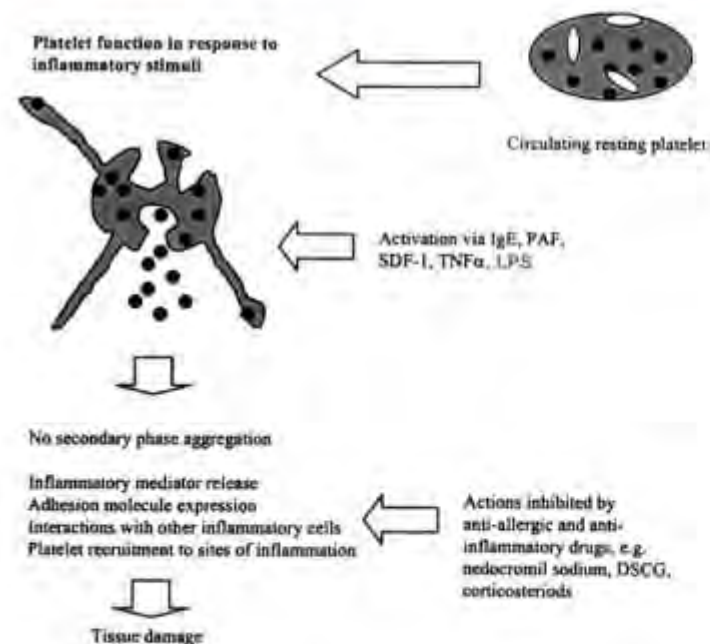
Klasszikus

Thrombin
Kollagén
ADP



“Alternatív”

Komplement
PAF
LPS



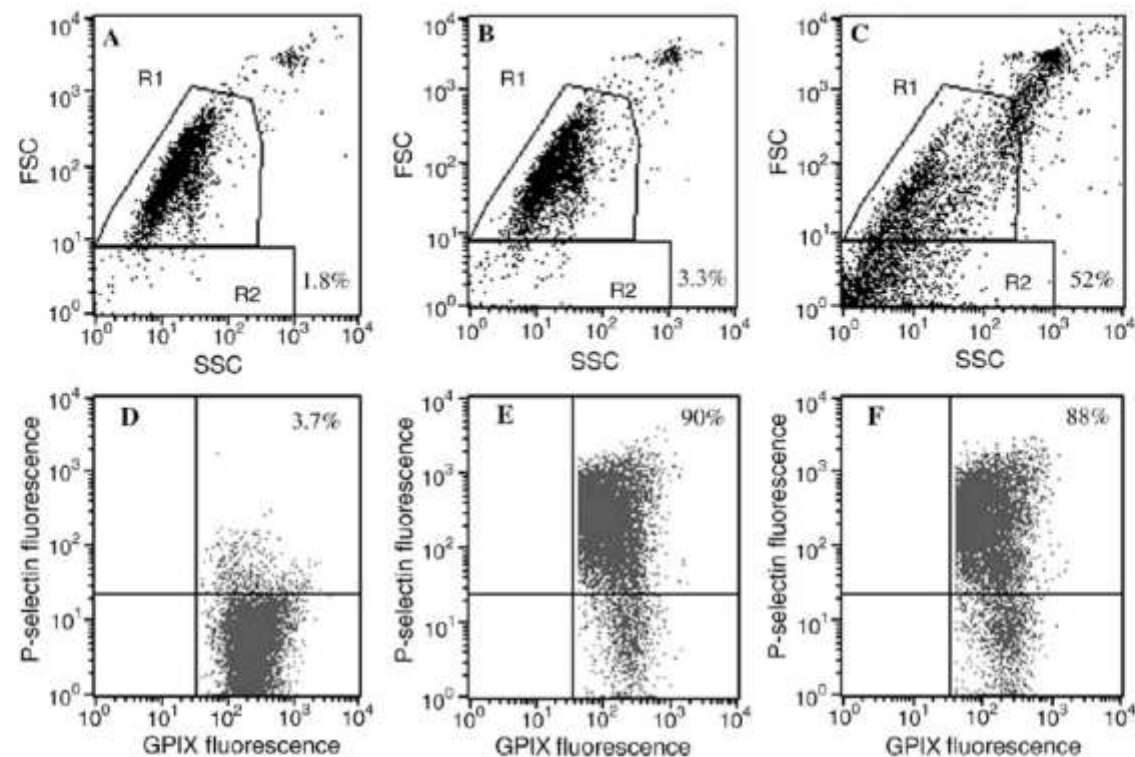
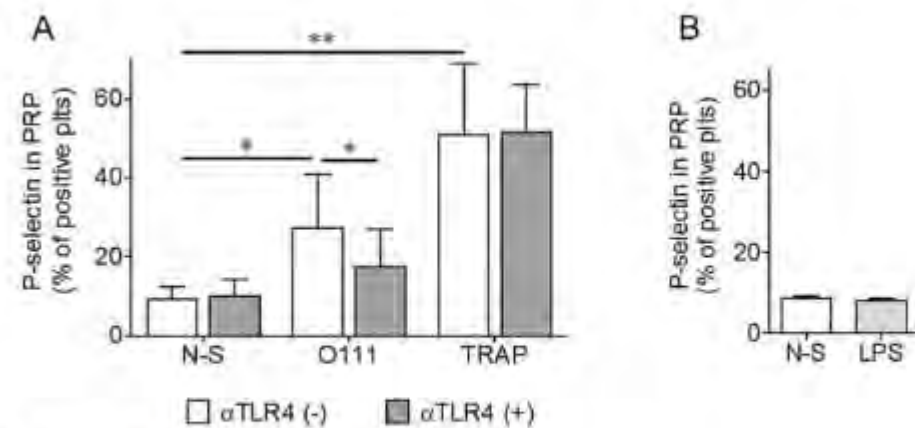


Table 2 Different sensitivity of direct platelet activation markers.

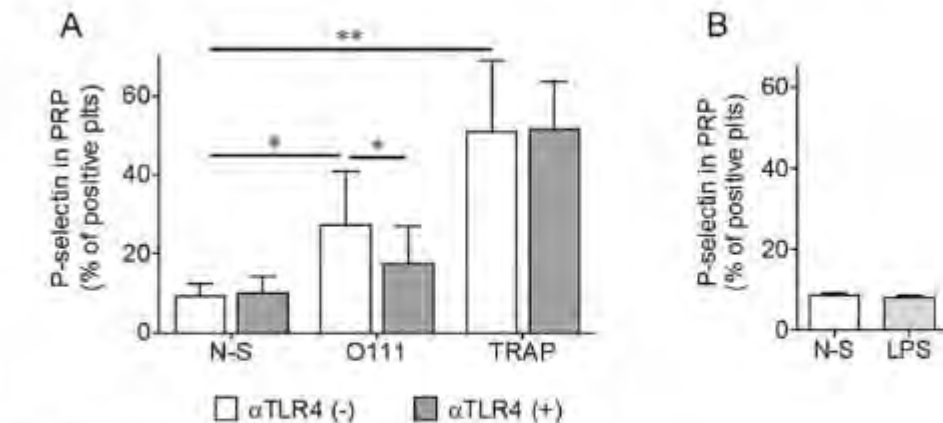
Thrombin, U/ml	P-selectin, %	P-selectin MFI	GPIX MFI	Microparticle, %
0	2	60	182	2
0.01	8	65	163	2
0.02	20	69	171	2
0.03	48	116	109	2
0.05	66	142	124	3
0.1	85	168	110	9

Citrated whole blood sample was stimulated with increasing thrombin concentrations. P-selectin expression, the mean fluorescence intensity (MFI) of P-selectin staining, GPIX fluorescence and the percentage of events in the microparticle gate were registered. P-selectin expression was sensitive to even miniscule amounts of thrombin.



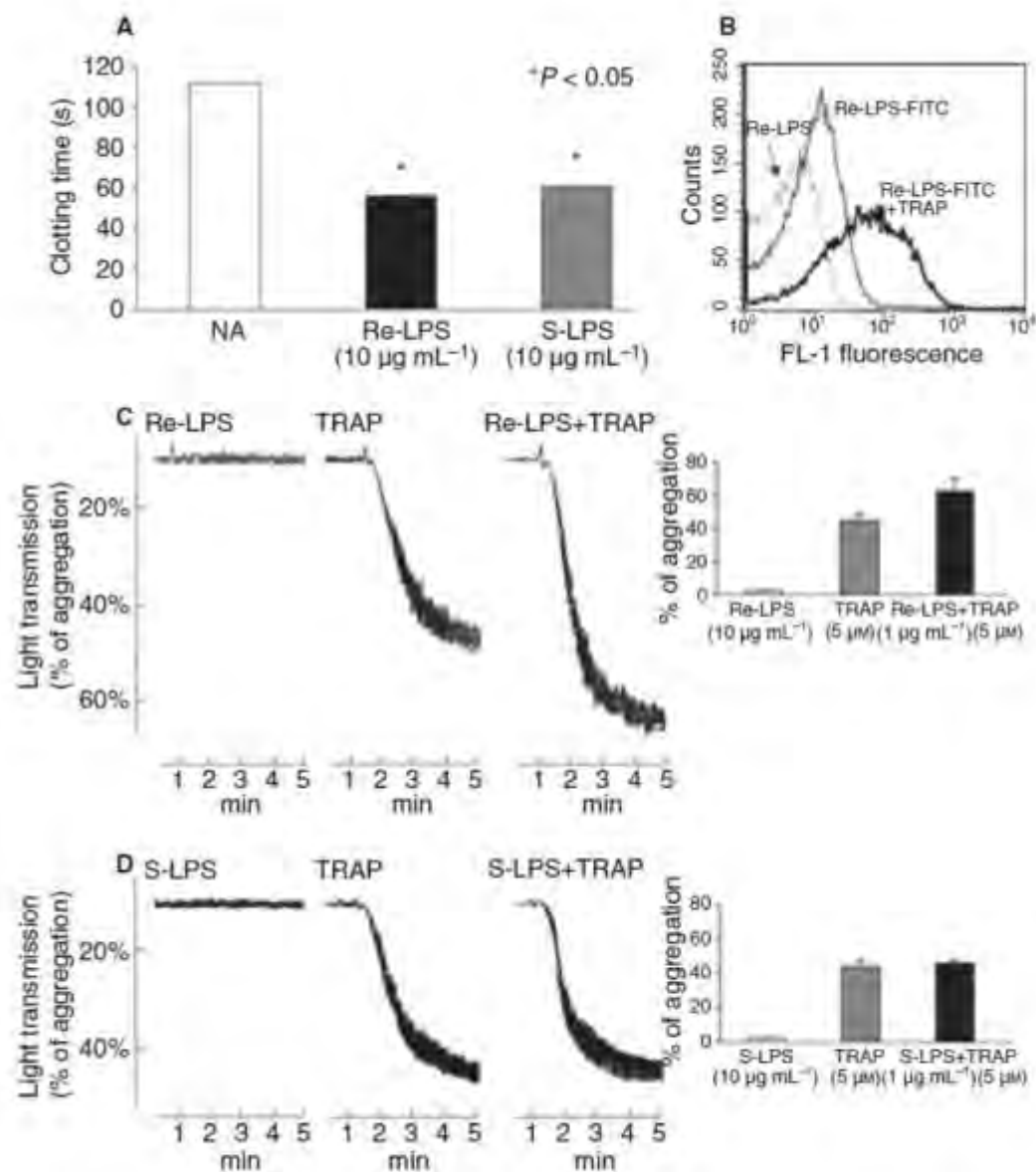
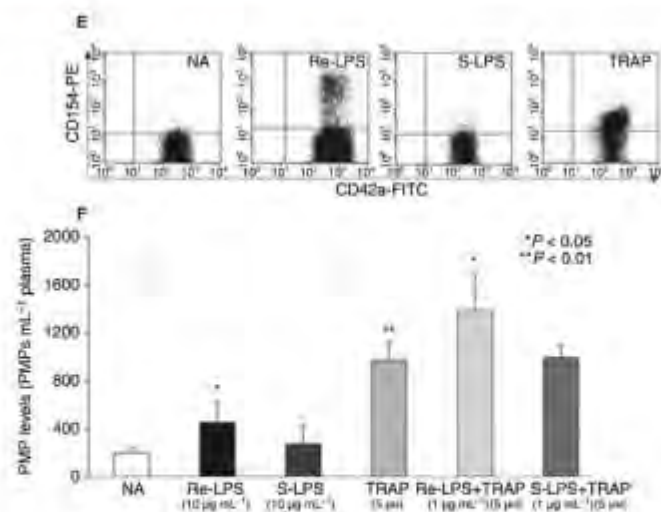
Matus et al.

PLOS ONE | <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0185431> September 28, 2017

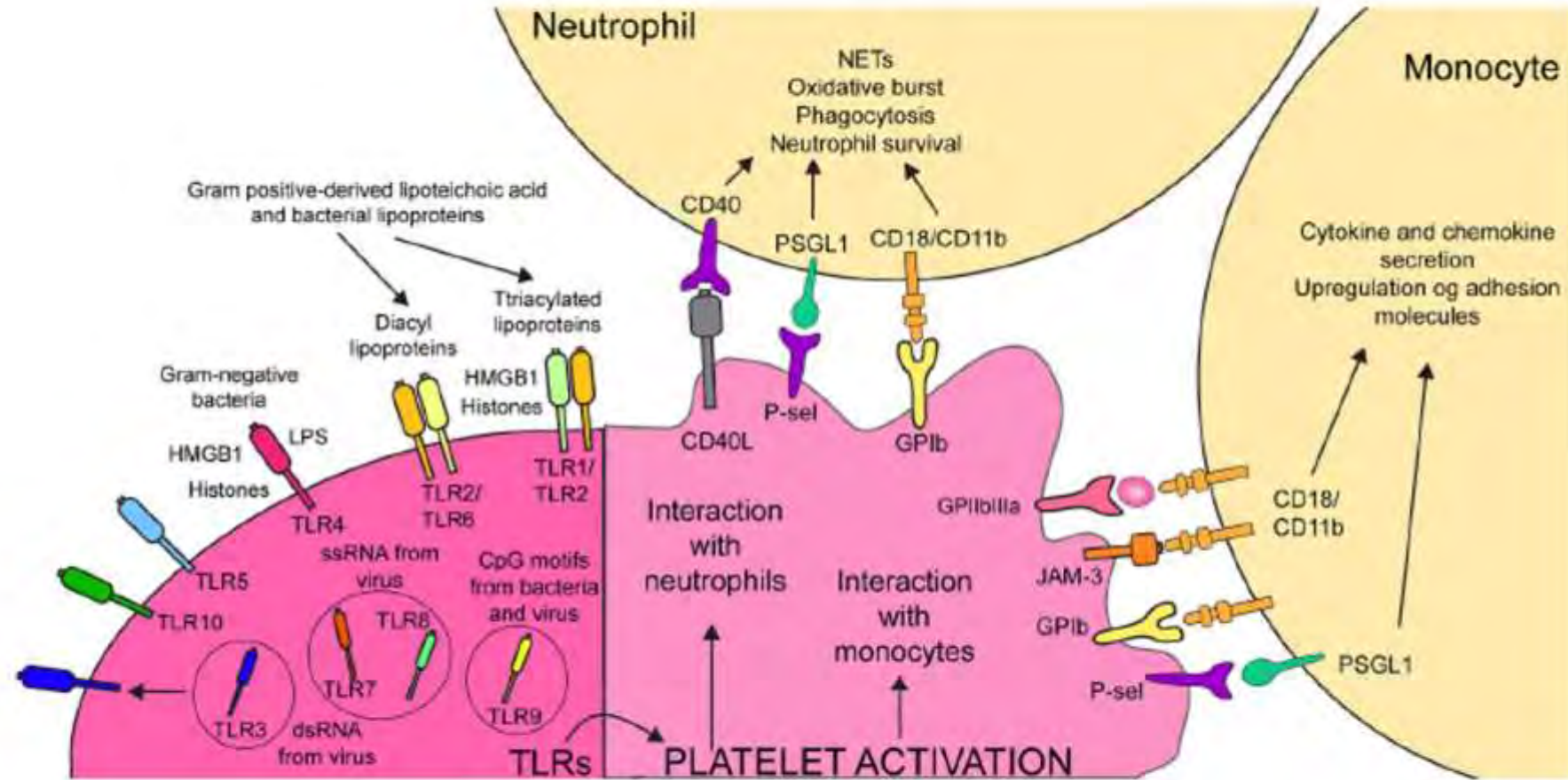


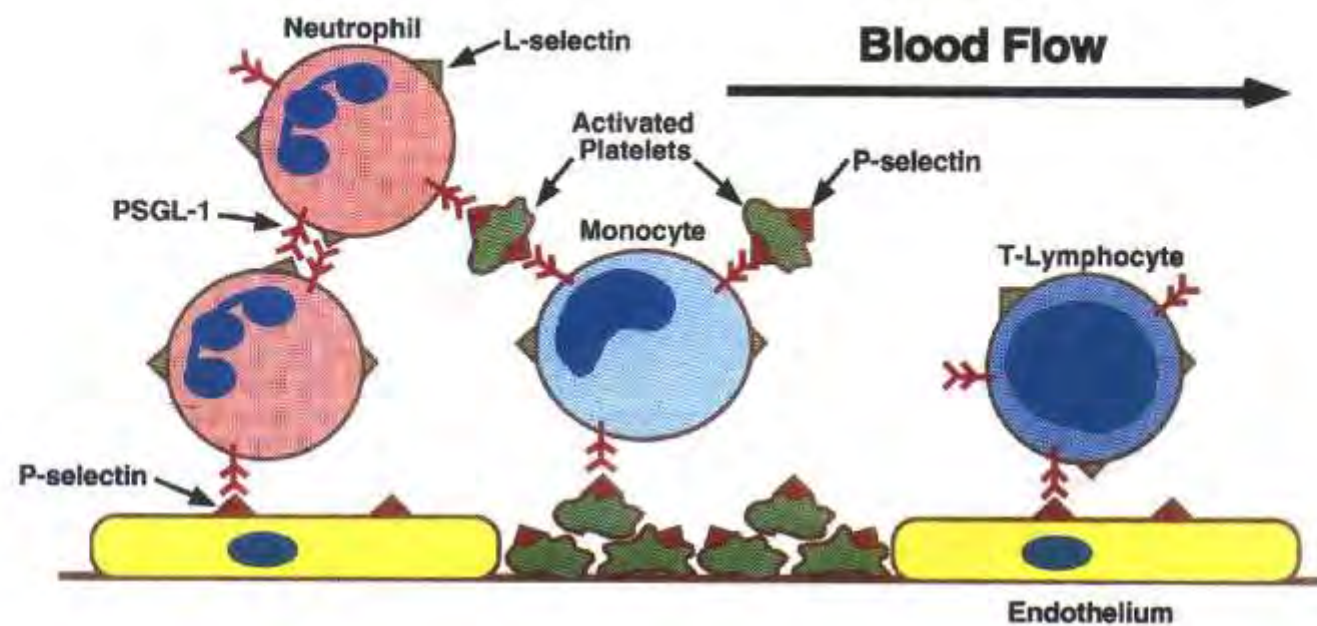
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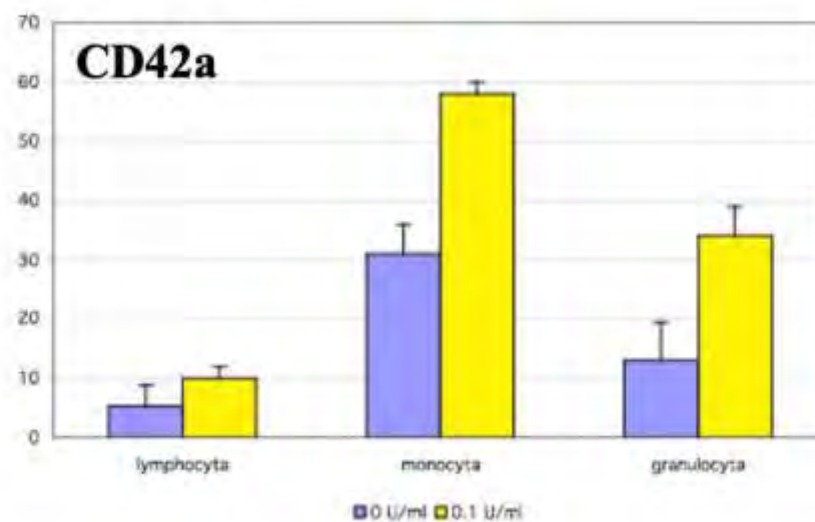


Pattern Recognition Receptor





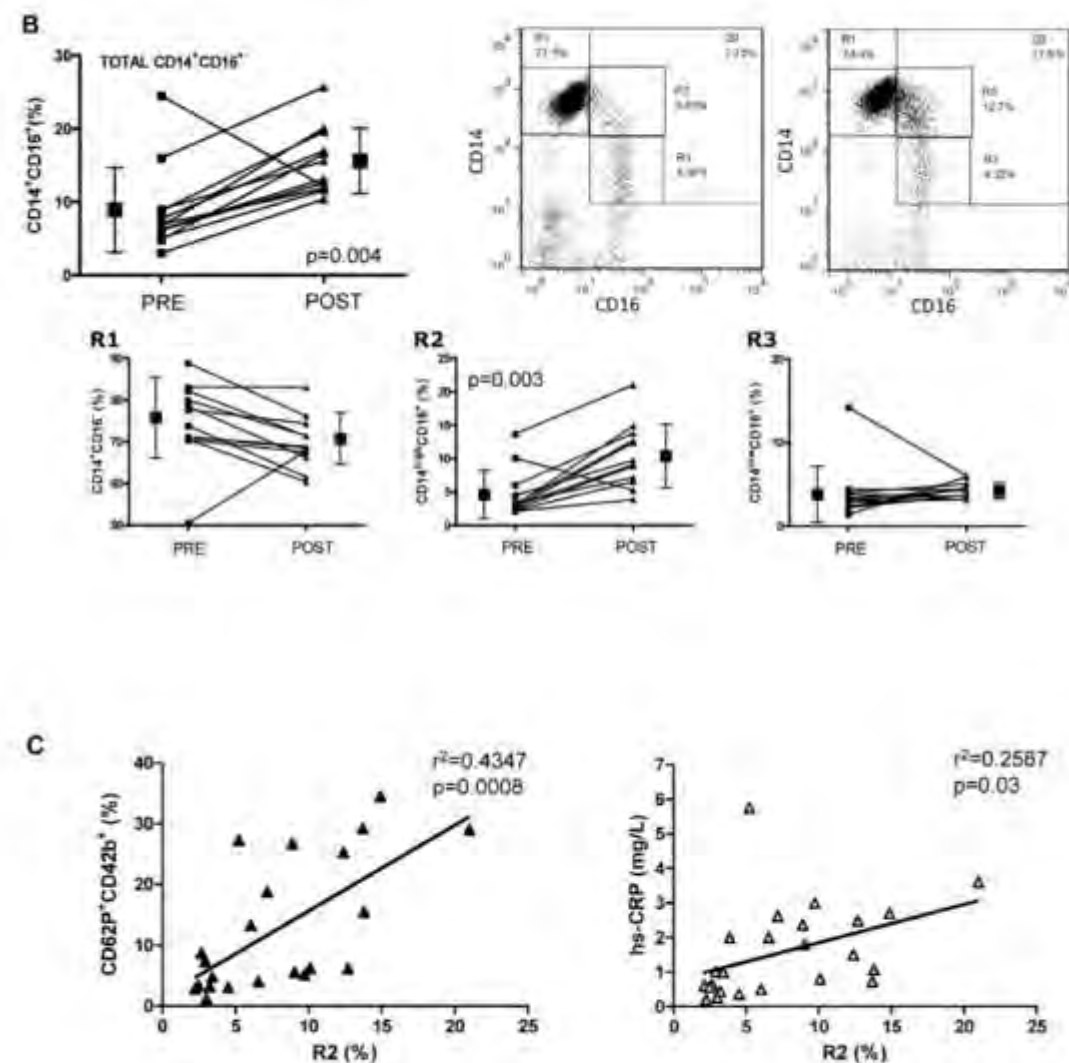
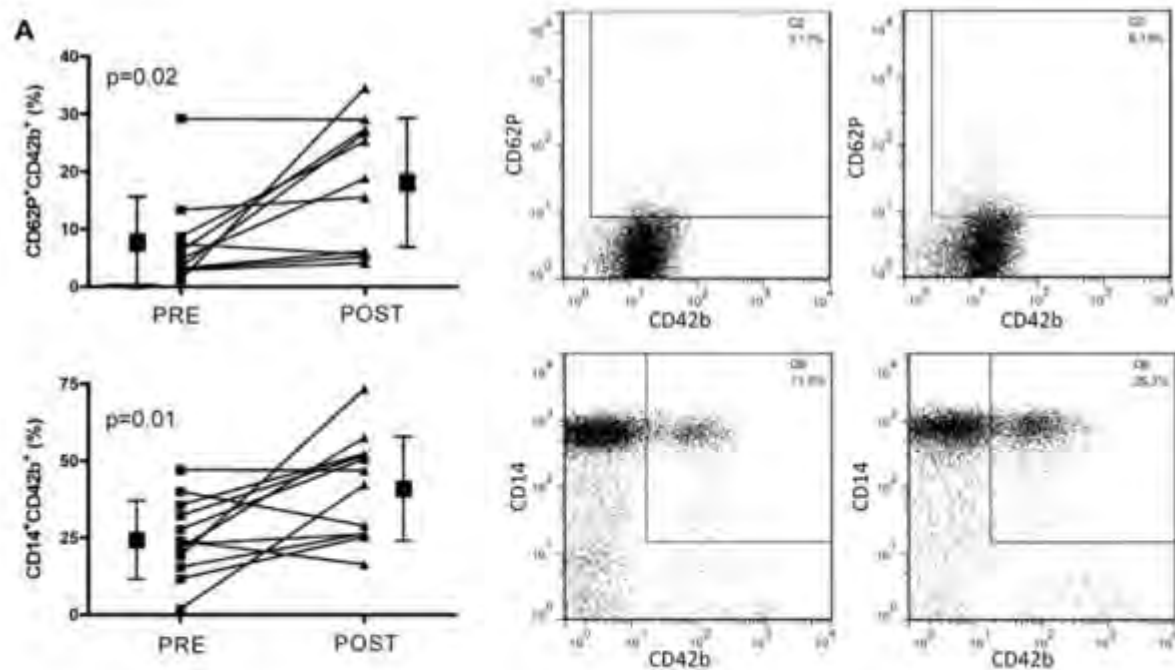
(%)

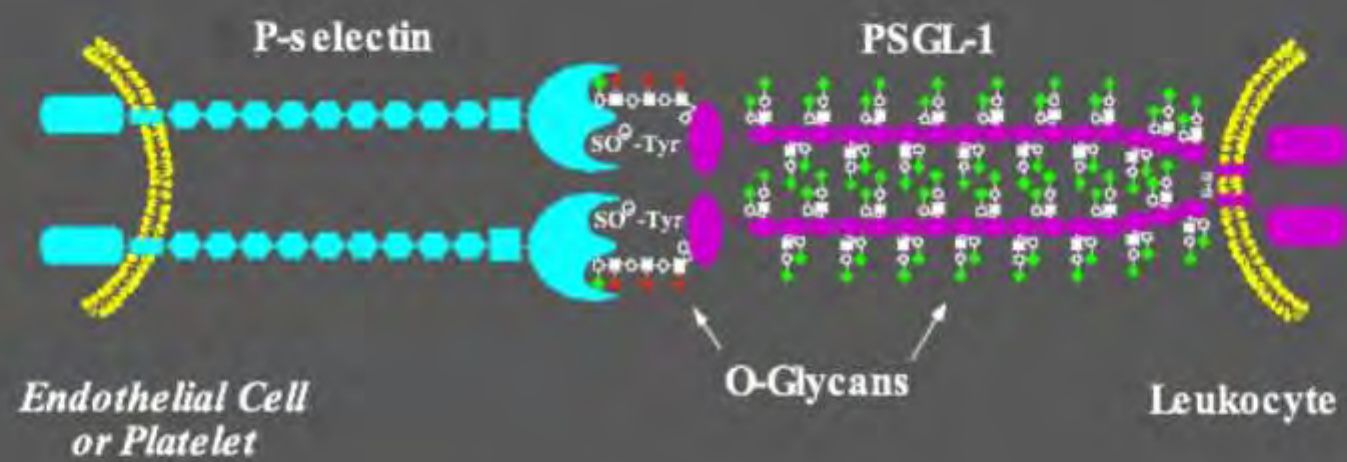


Monocyte-Platelet Interaction Induces a Pro-Inflammatory Phenotype in Circulating Monocytes

Gabriella Passacuale¹, Padman Vamadevan¹, Luis Pereira¹, Colleen Hamid¹, Valerie Corrigan², Albert Ferro^{1*}

¹Cardiovascular Division, Department of Clinical Pharmacology, King's College London, London, United Kingdom, ²Academic Department of Rheumatology, King's College London, London, United Kingdom

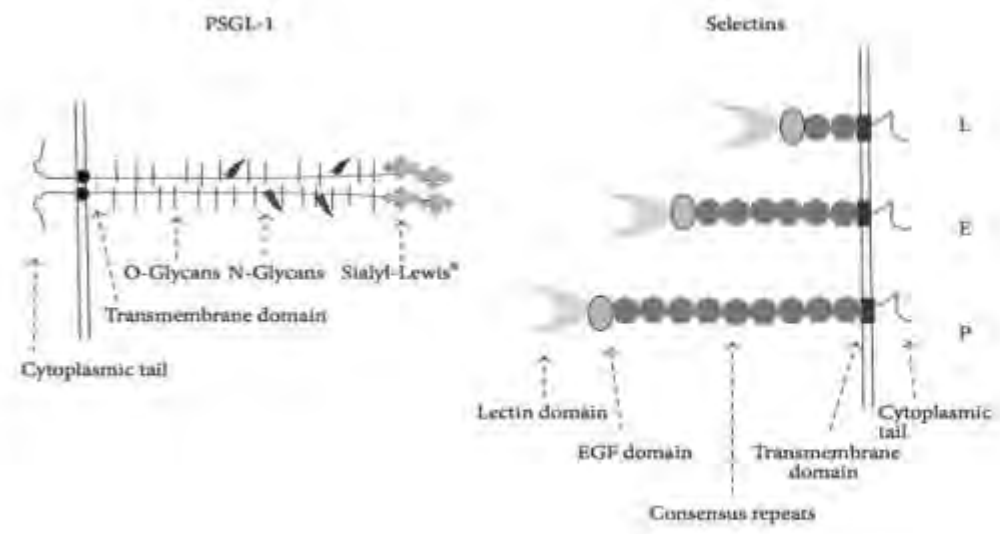




Review Article

The Interaction of Selectins and PSGL-1 as a Key Component in Thrombus Formation and Cancer Progression

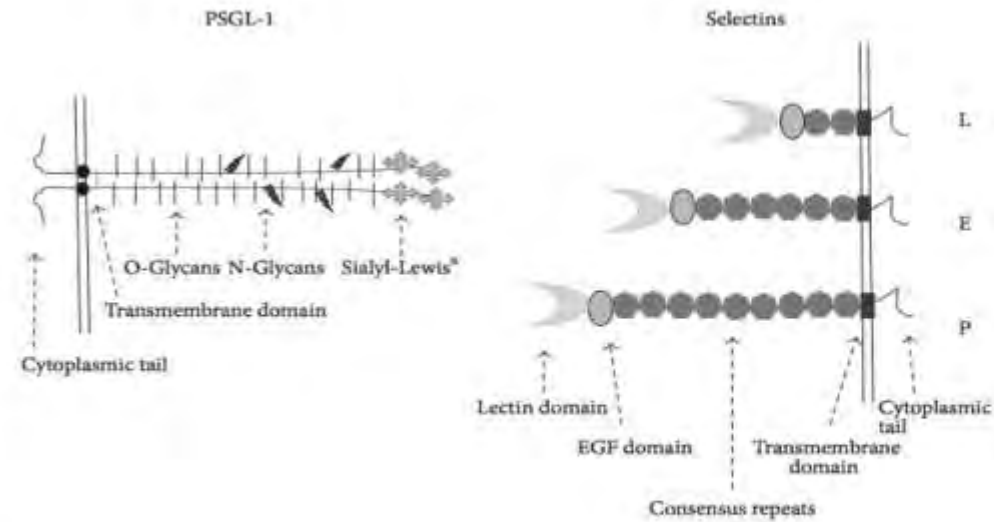
János Kappelmayr and Béla Nagy Jr.



Review Article

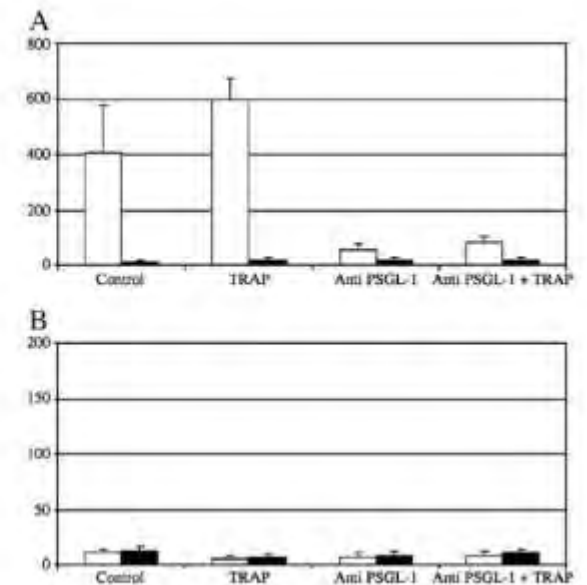
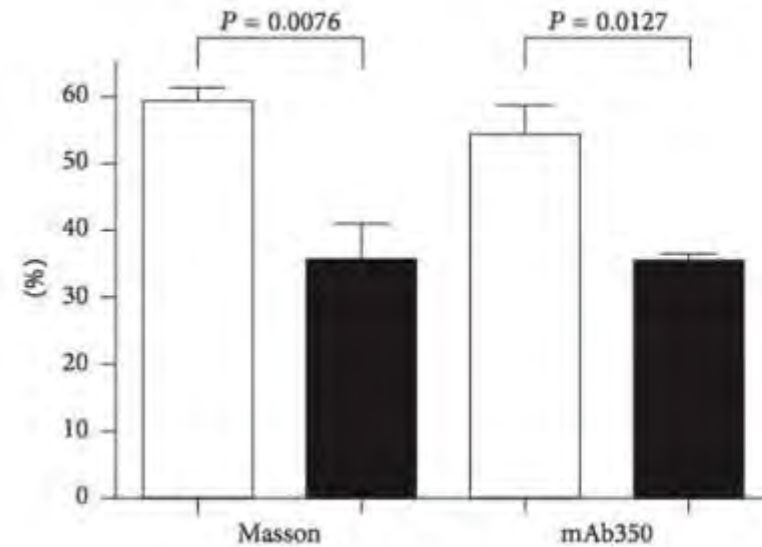
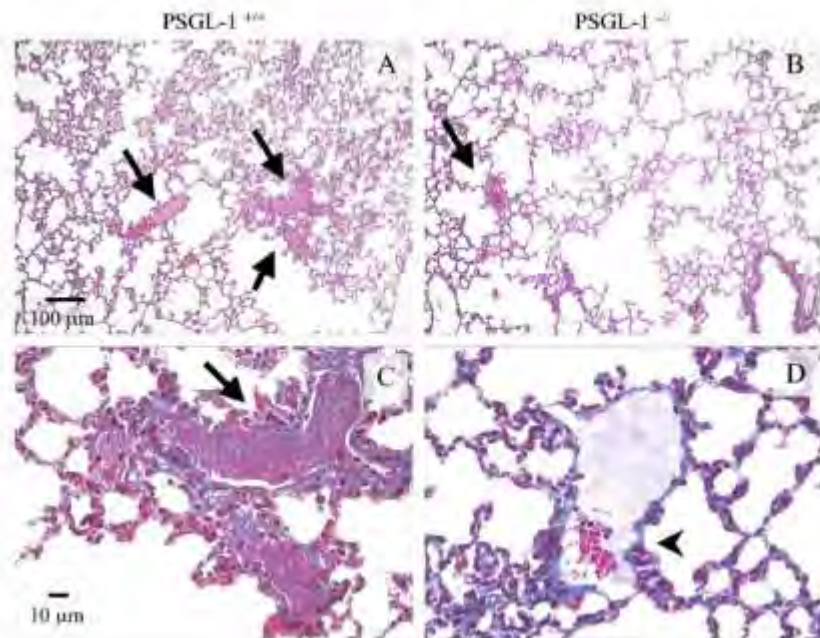
The Interaction of Selectins and PSGL-1 as a Key Component in Thrombus Formation and Cancer Progression

János Kappelmayer and Béla Nagy Jr.

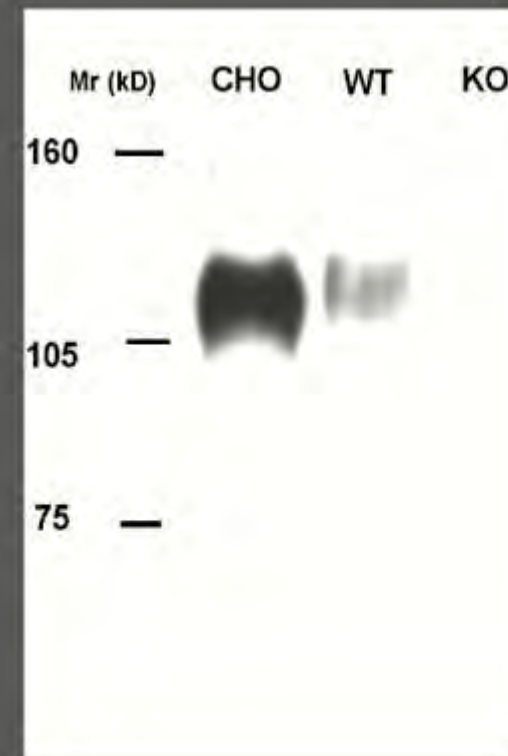
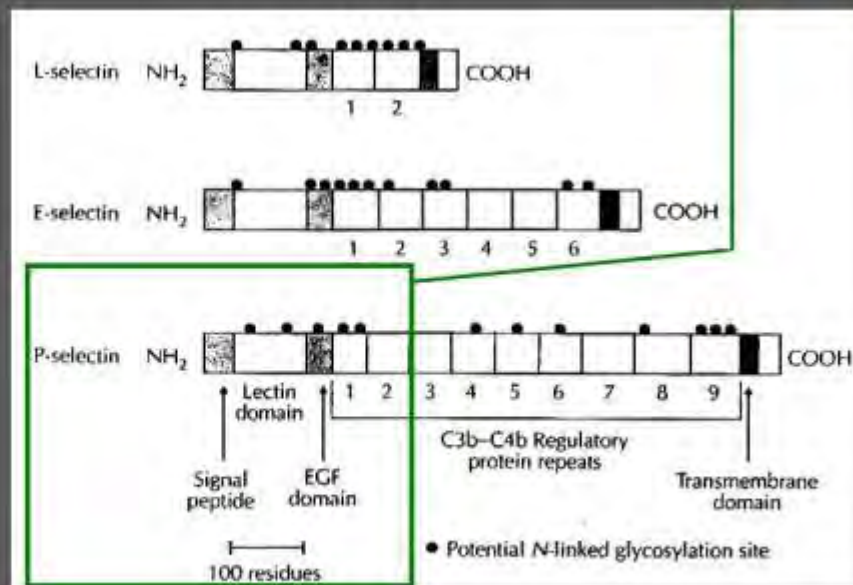


Lack of P-selectin glycoprotein ligand-1 protects mice from thrombosis after collagen/epinephrine challenge

Kornél Miszti-Blasius^a, Ildikó Beke Debreceni^a, Szabolcs Felszeghy^b, Balázs Dezső^c, János Kappelmayer^{a,*}

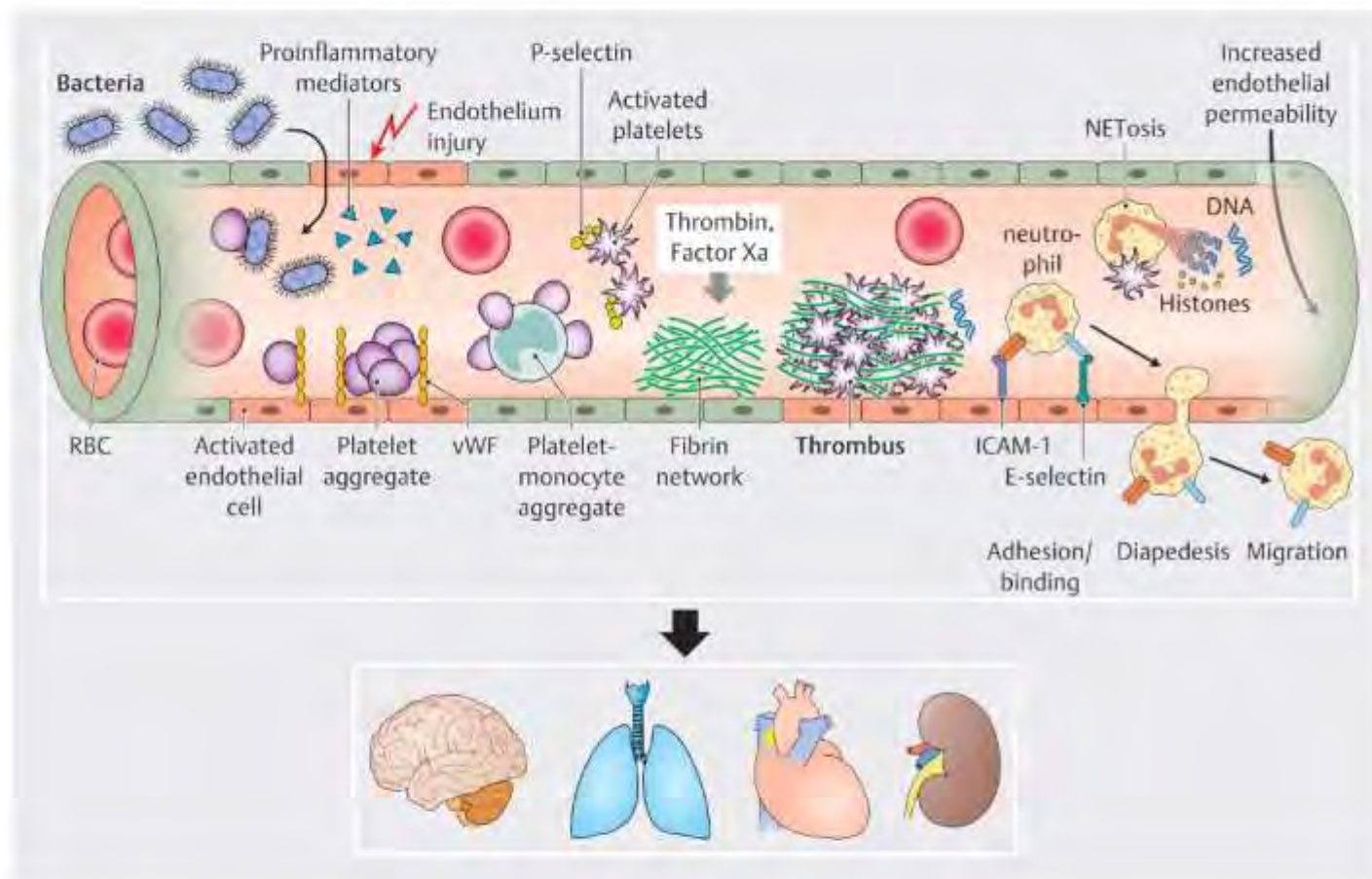


	PSGL-1 +/+	PSGL-1 -/-
Psel-Ig chimera	+	+
Control IgG	+	+
	H + M	M

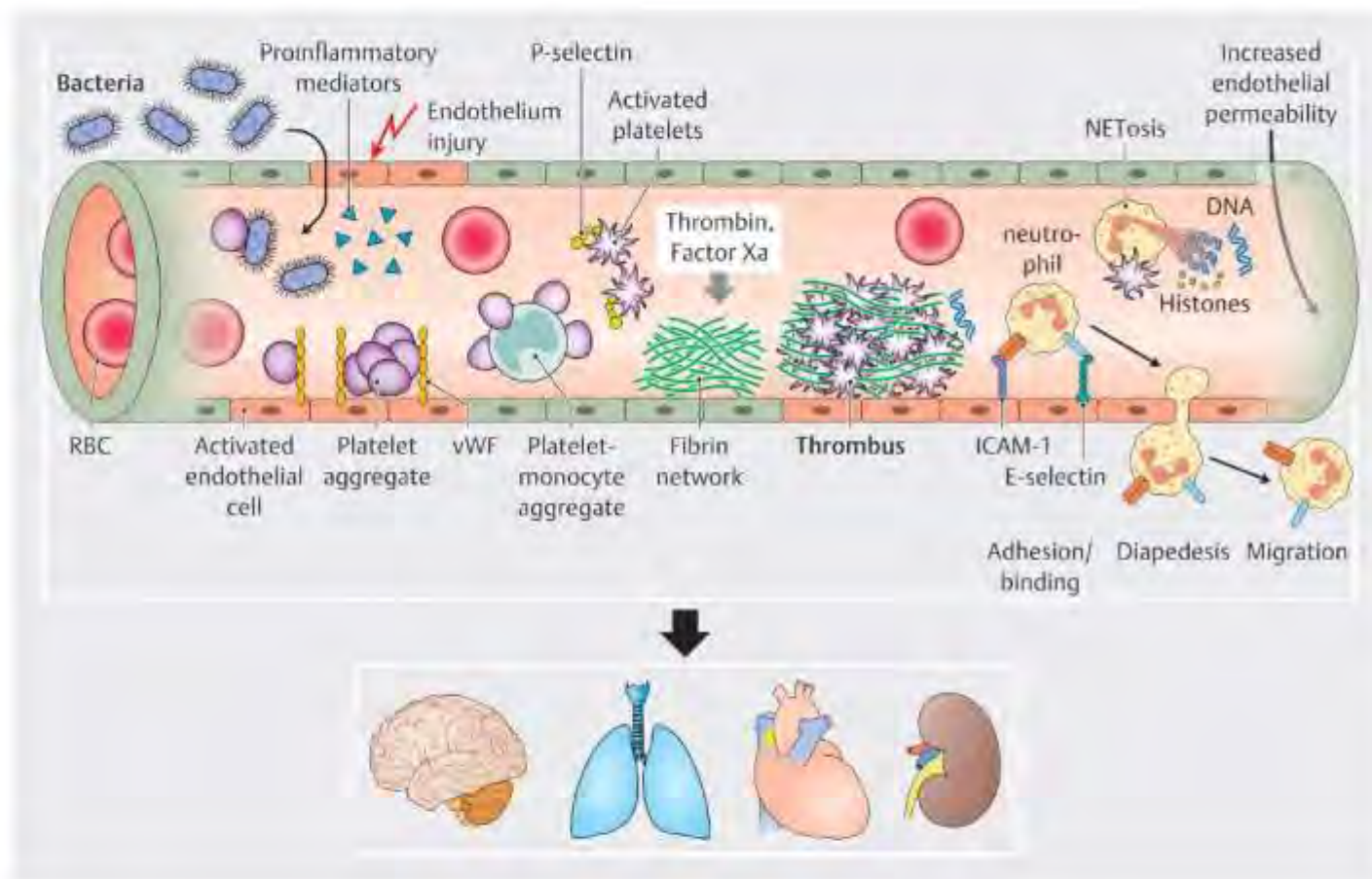


Role of age and PSGL-1 in MP formation

<u>MP number</u>	PSGL-1 +/+	PSGL-1 -/-	p value
9-12 weeks	12 173 ± 2243	14 399 ± 2746	0.54
17-20 weeks	29 404 ± 2941	18 183 ± 1 532	< 0.001
<u>After administration of Psel-Ig</u>			
MP number/ml	833 ± 137	382 ± 101	< 0.03
TF (%)	7.3 ± 1.5	2.9 ± 0.3	< 0.02



Kappelmayer et al. *Haemostaseologie*
2024, 44(4): 268-276



A klinikai mintákban a betegek számos egyidejű kórállapota és a szedett gyógyszerek jelentősen befolyásolhatják az eredményeket.

Experimentális körülmények között, a kórokozó kontrollált beadásával a stimulus standardizálható és a fenti körülmények kizárhatóak.





Point of Care Testing:

- Core temperature, heart rate, mean arterial pressure (PiCCO device)

Citrated whole blood:

- Blood cell count (Siemens ADVIA 120, „Pig” software)
- Blood smear examinations – platelet morphology

PRP:

- **Platelet PS expression (Beckman Coulter FC 500 flow cytometer)**
- Thrombin generation (TS Fluoroskan Thrombinoscopy)

PPP:

- Coagulation screening tests: PT, APTT, TT, fibrinogen (Siemens BCS)
- Thrombin generation (Fluoroskan) – double centrifugation!
 - in the presence of phospholipid and exogenous TF
 - in the absence of any added reagent
 - in the presence of phospholipid but without exogenous TF

▪ In vitro experiments

Effect of the plasma samples on washed human RBCs



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- Core temperature, heart rate, mean arterial pressure (PiCCO device)

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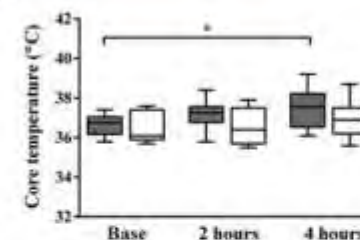
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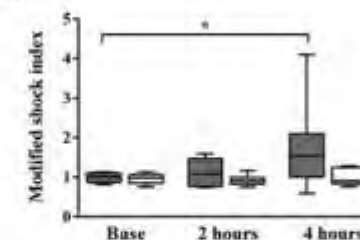
- PPP:
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- **In vitro experiments**
Effect of the plasma samples on washed human RBCs

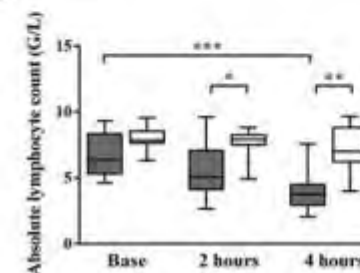
A



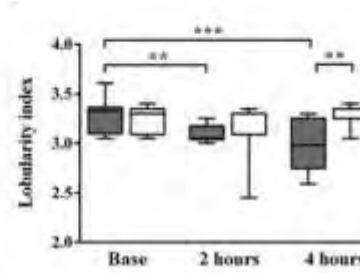
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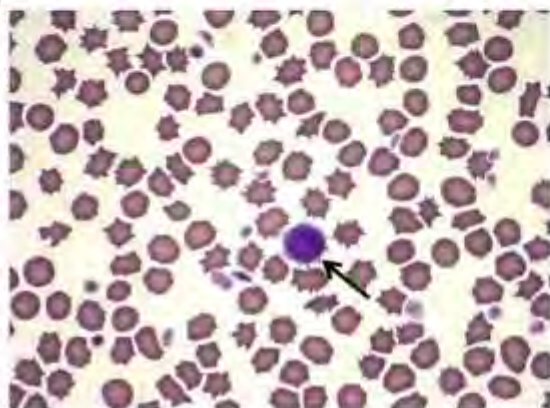
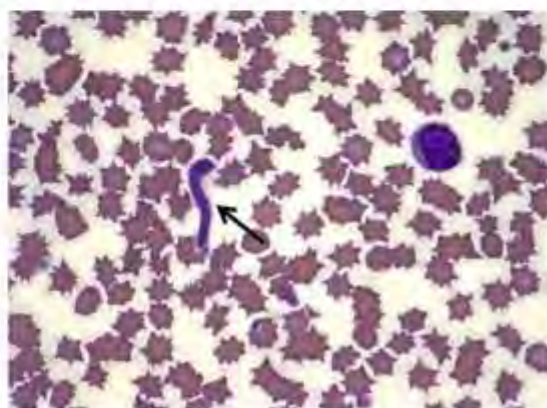
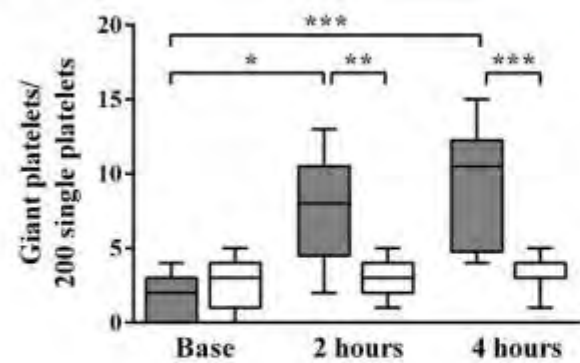
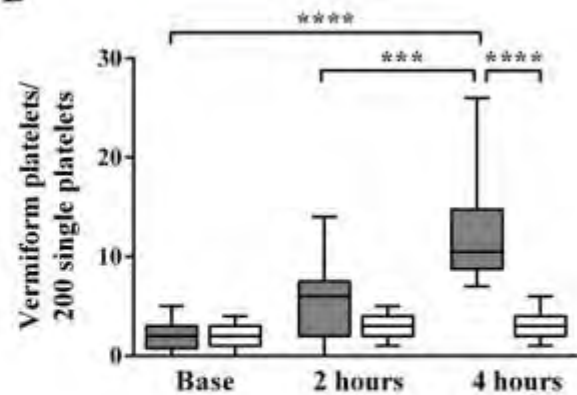


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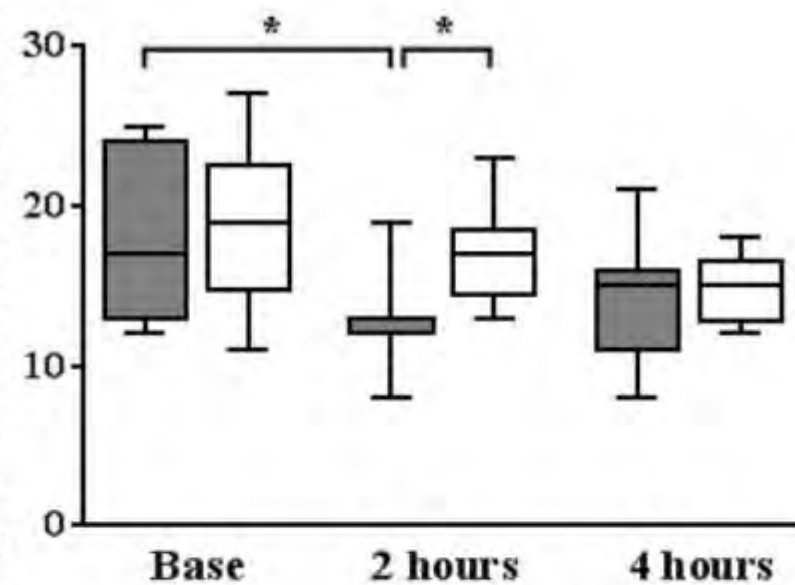


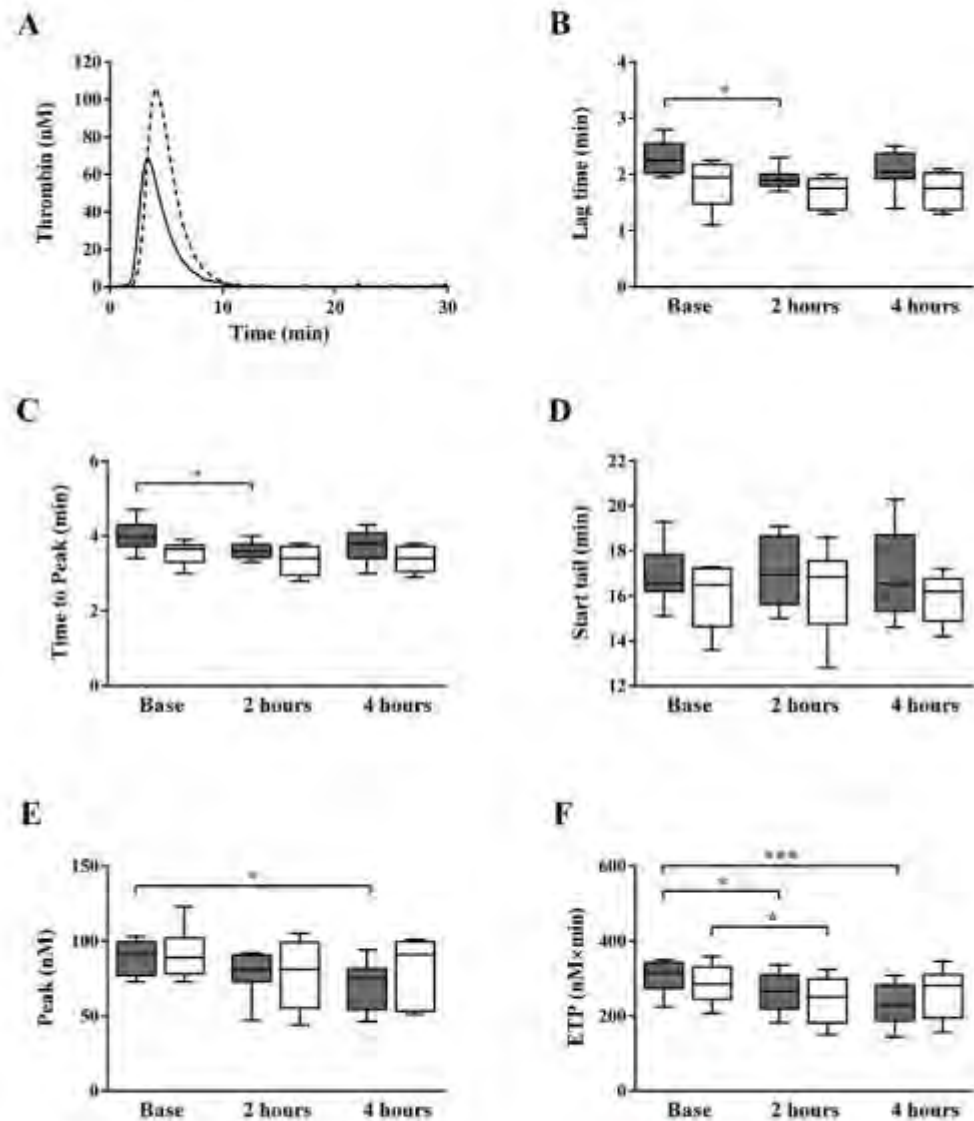
D



A**B****C****D**

Mitochondrion membrane depolarisation (FL1 MFI mean)

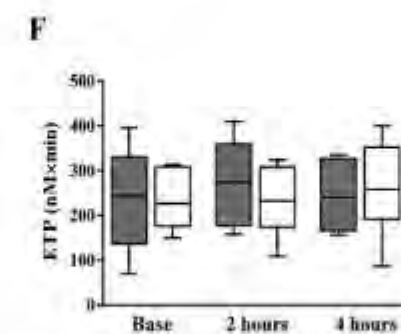
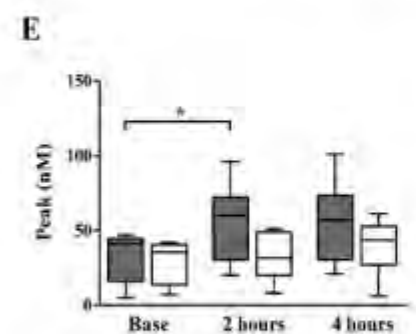
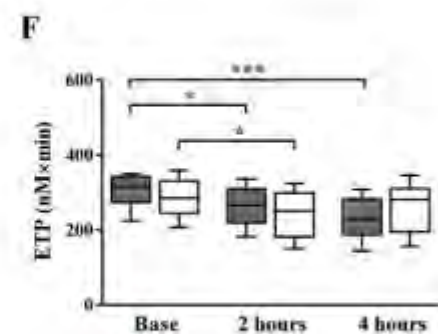
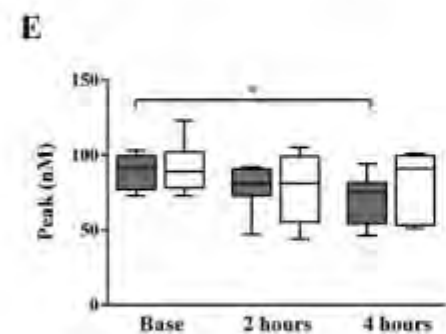
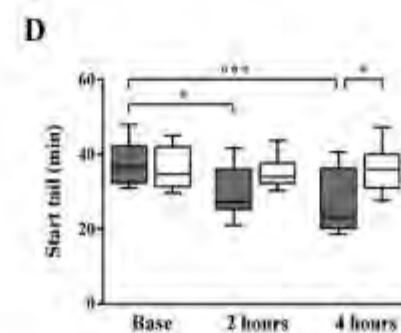
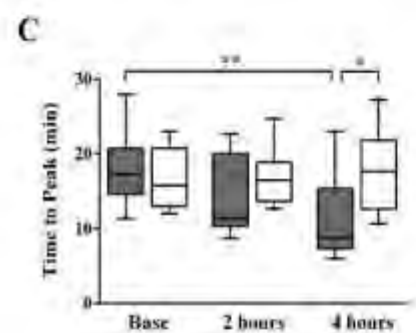
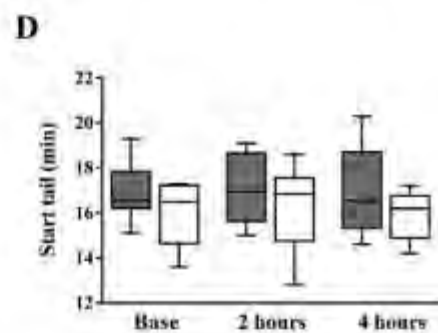
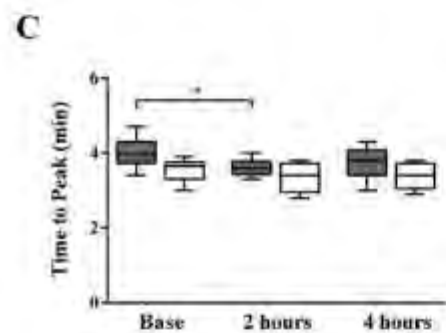
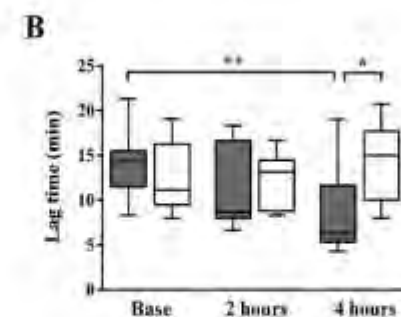
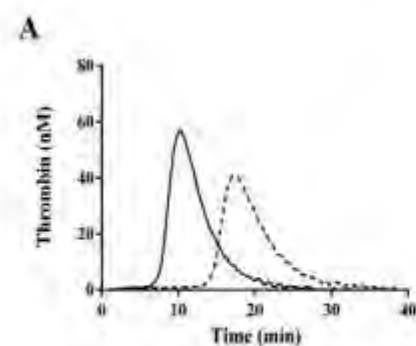
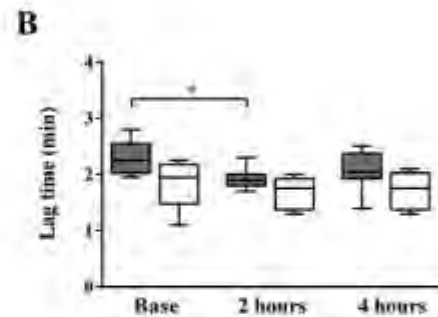
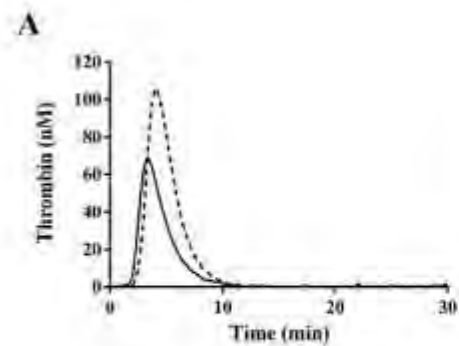




Characteristics of thrombin generation in a fulminant porcine sepsis model

Judit Tóth ¹, József Beke Debreceni ², Ádám Desák ³, Katalin Pető ⁴, Mariann Berbécs ⁵, Endre Hajdó ⁶, Judit Szabó ⁶, Norbert Mészáros ⁶, Béla Pálcsik ⁶, János Koppelman ⁶





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Judit Tóth ^a, József Beke Debreceni ^a, Ádám Desák ^a, Katalin Pető ^b, Mariann Berbécs ^c, Endre Hajdó ^c, Judit Szabó ^d, Norbert Márton ^b, Béla Püschel ^e, János Kappeltnayer ^{de}



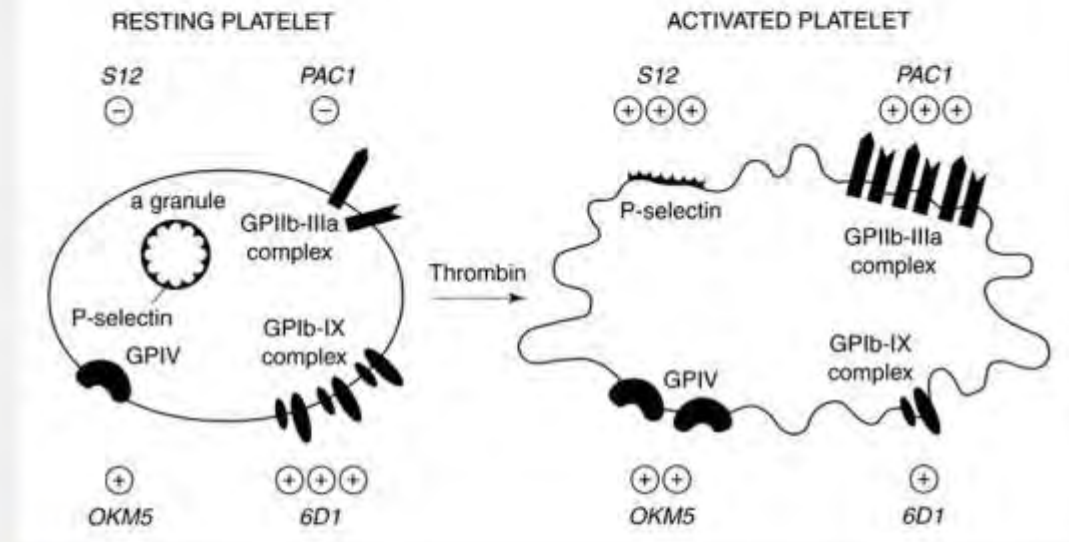
A thrombocyták aktiváltsági állapotának jellemzői (Platelet Activation Status=PAS)

Direkt tesztek:

- a P-selectin (CD62) expresszió
- a GPIX (CD42a) expresszió
- LAMP-3 (CD63) expresszió
- PS expozíció (annexin kötés)
- ligandkötés és konformáció
- a mikropartikula arány emelkedése
- Szolubilis markerek analízise (b-TG, PF4, sPsel)

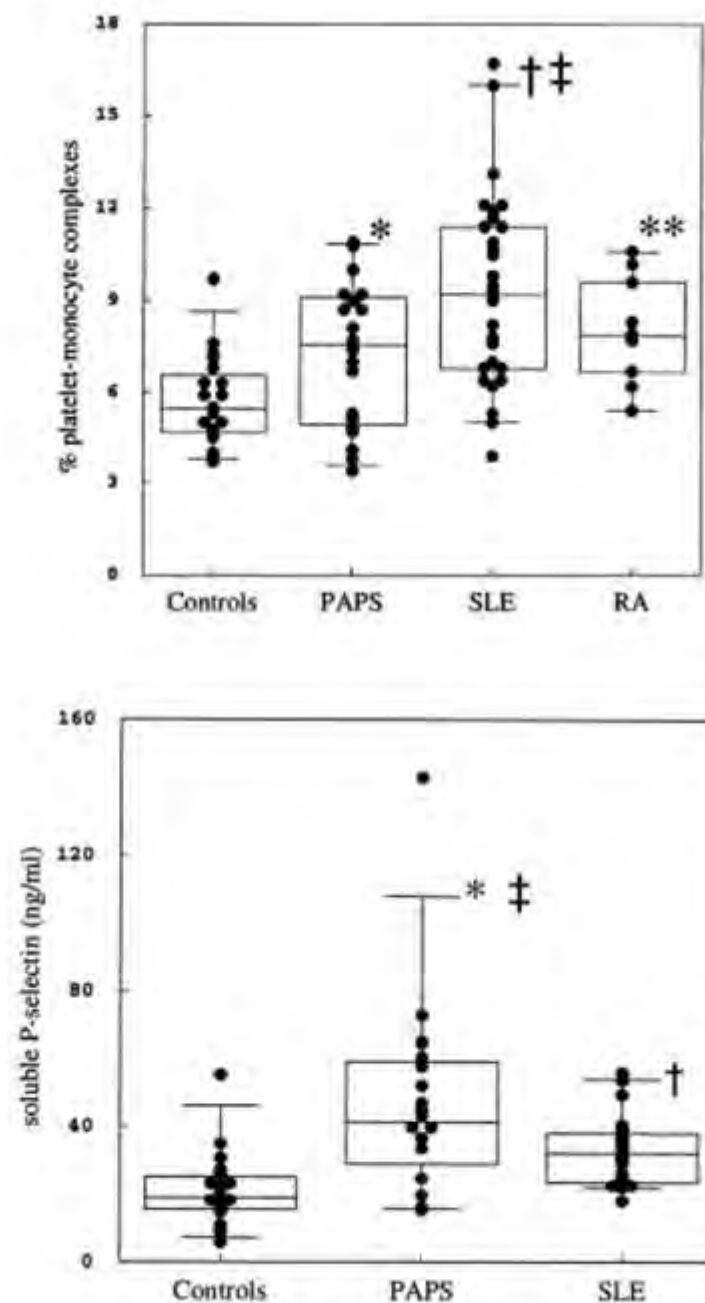
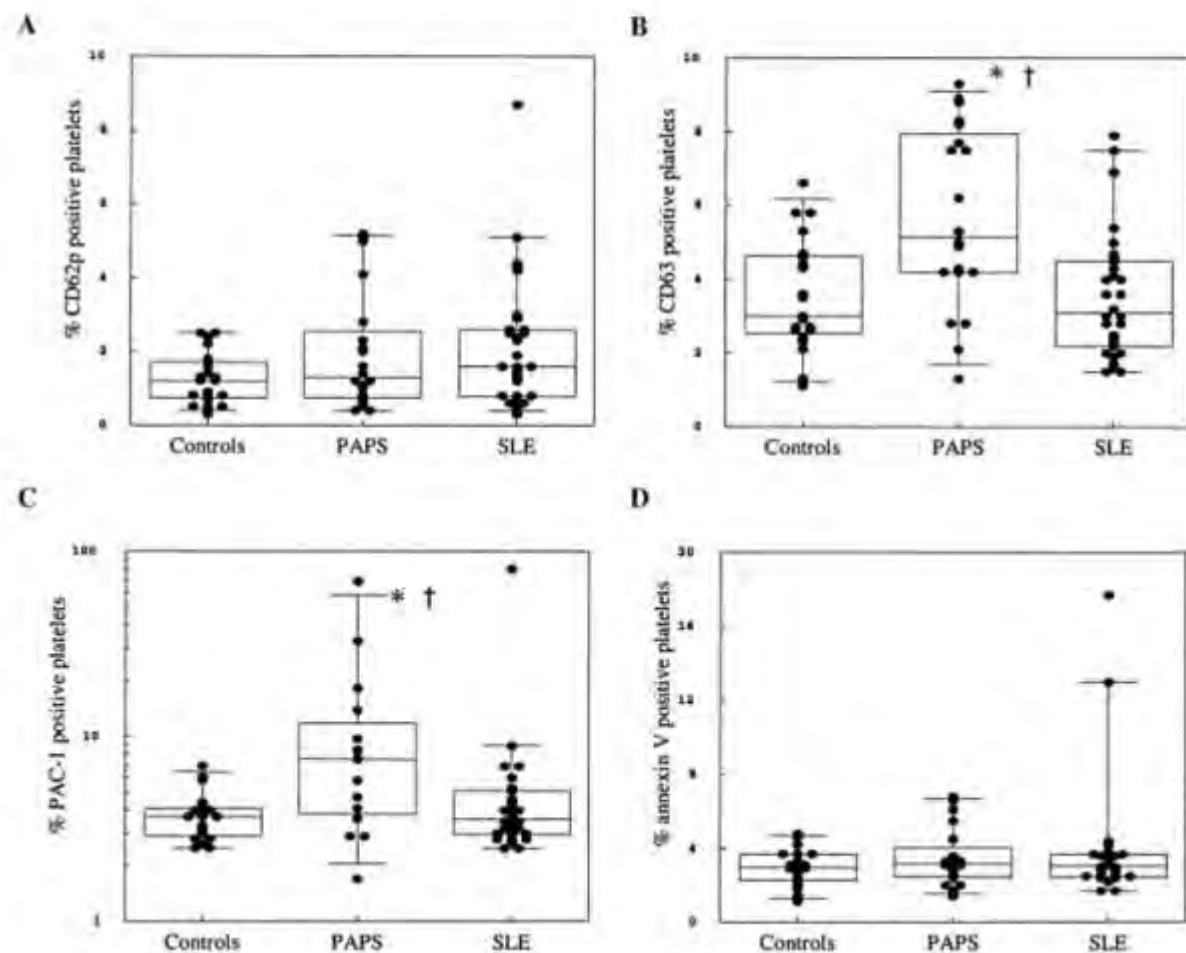
Indirekt tesztek:

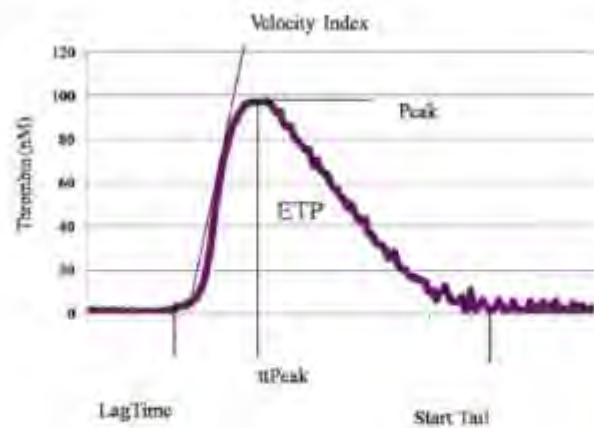
- a thrombocyta-leukocyta heterotipikus aggregátumok mennyiségének változása
- monocyta szöveti faktor (TF) expresszió vizsgálata



Increased circulating platelet–leucocyte complexes and platelet activation in patients with antiphospholipid syndrome, systemic lupus erythematosus and rheumatoid arthritis

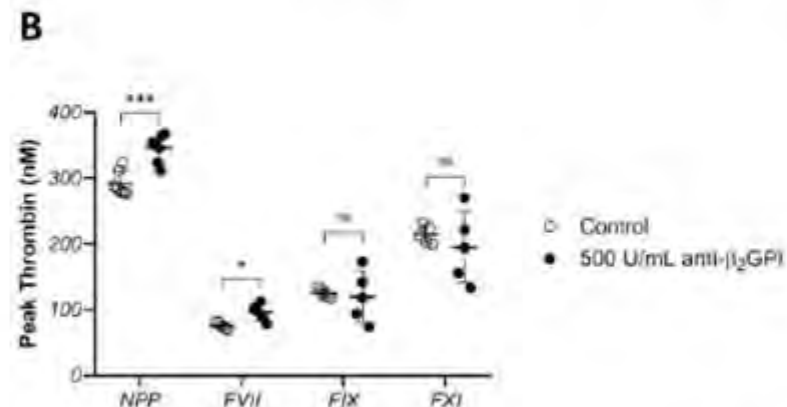
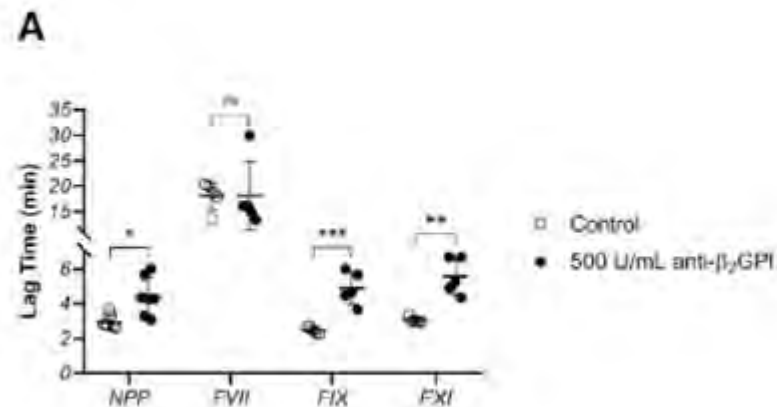
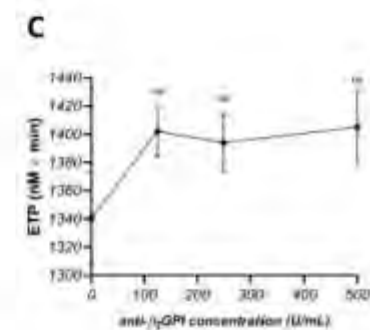
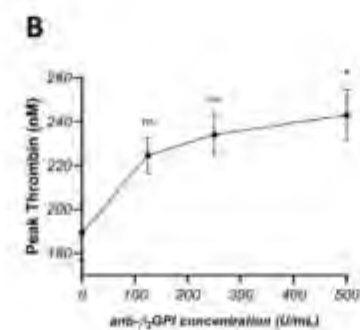
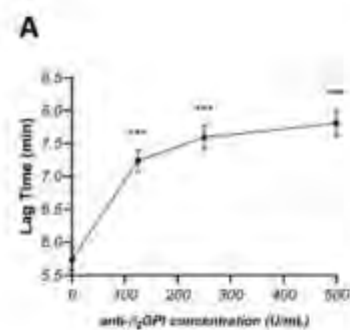
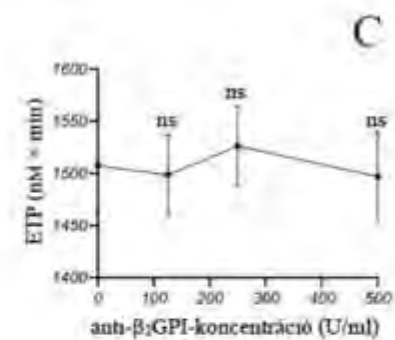
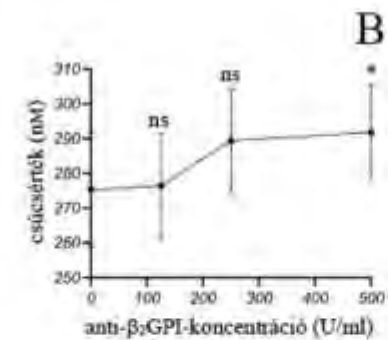
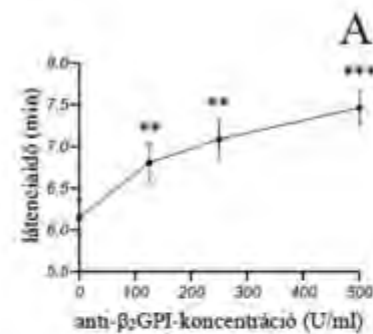
JOANNE E. JOSEPH,¹ PAUL HARRISON¹, IAN J. MACKIE,¹ DAVID A. ISENBERG² AND SAMUEL J. MACHIN¹ ¹*Haemostasis Research Unit and* ²*Centre for Rheumatology, Department of Medicine, University College London, UK*

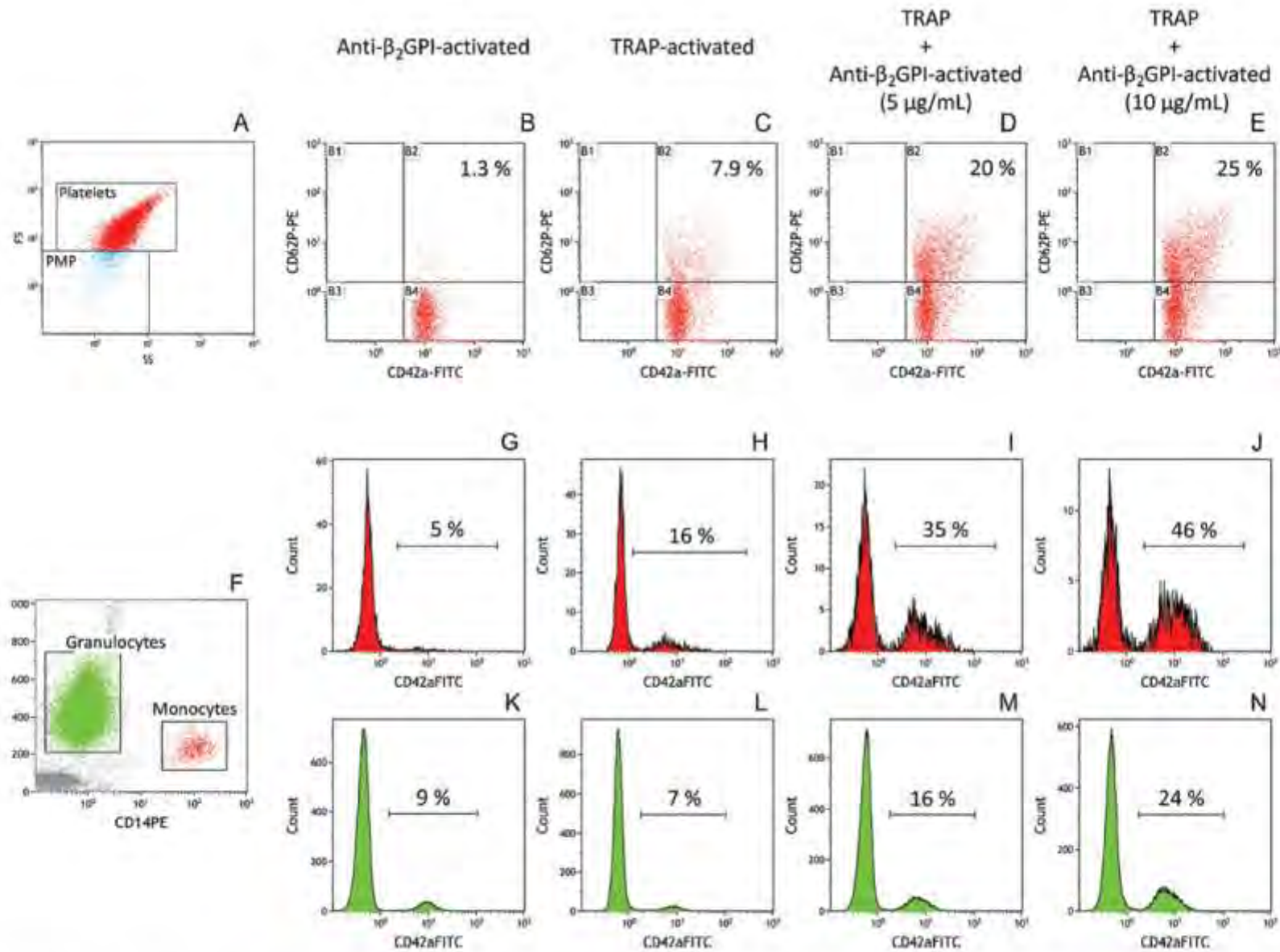




Anti- β_2 -glycoprotein I autoantibodies influence thrombin generation parameters via various mechanisms

Gábor Szabó^{a,1}, Ildikó Beke Debreceni^a, Tünde Tarr^c, Pál Soltész^d, Bjarne Østerud^e, János Kappelmaier^{a,2}

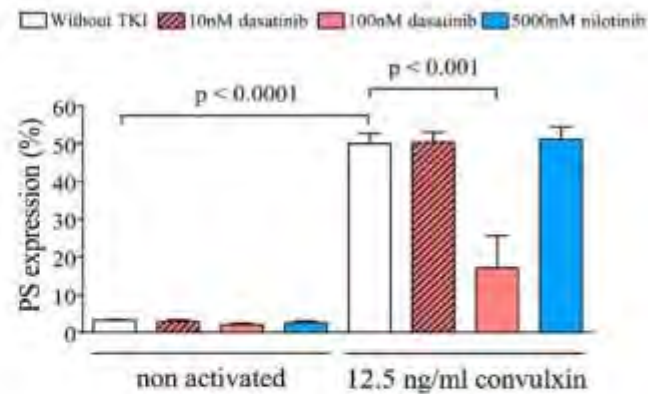
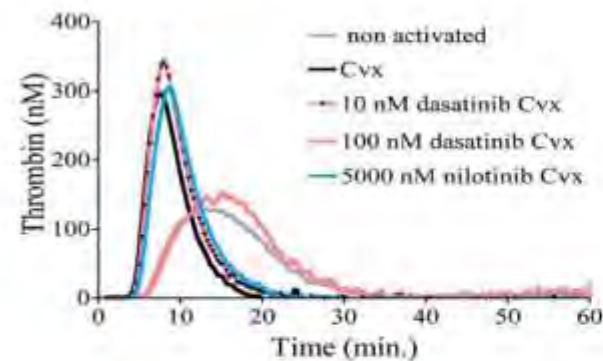
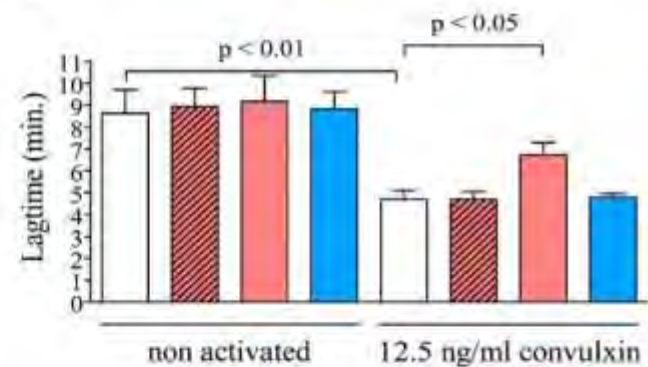
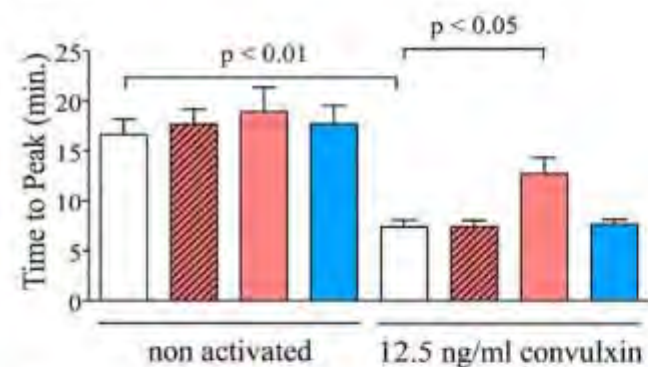
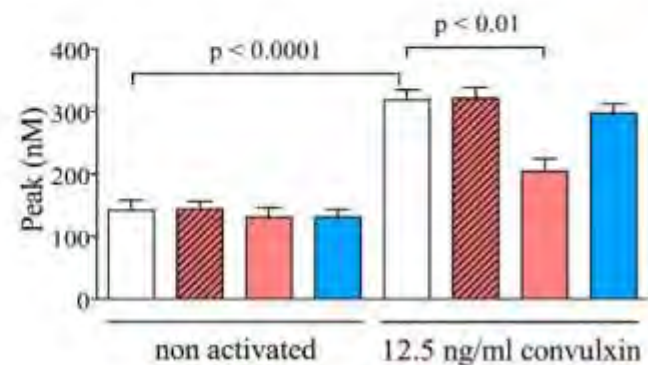
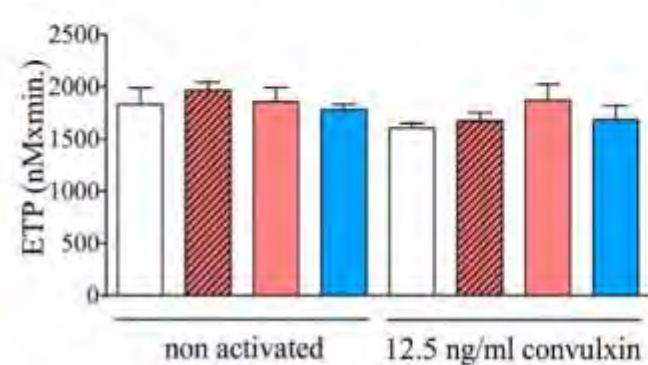


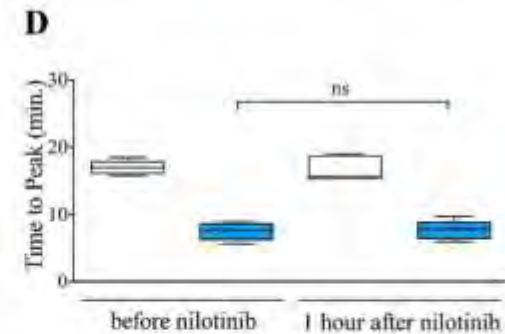
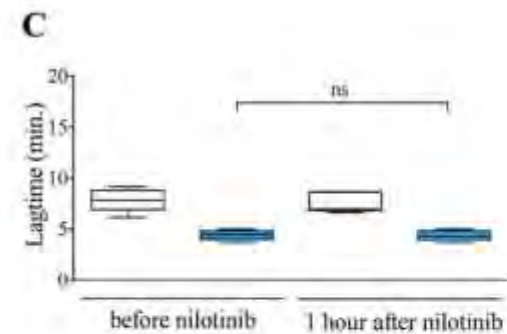
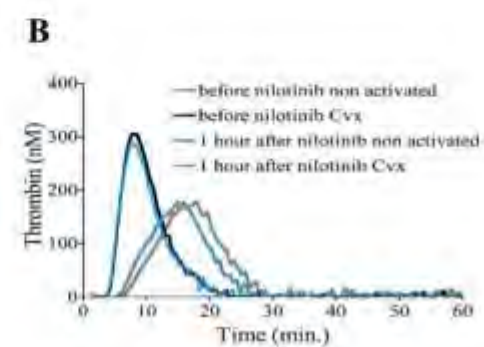
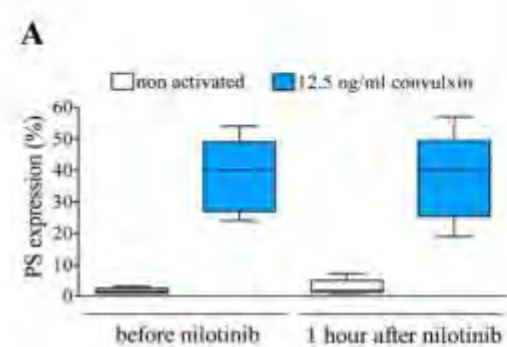
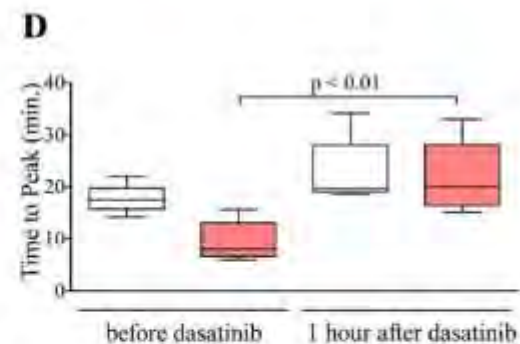
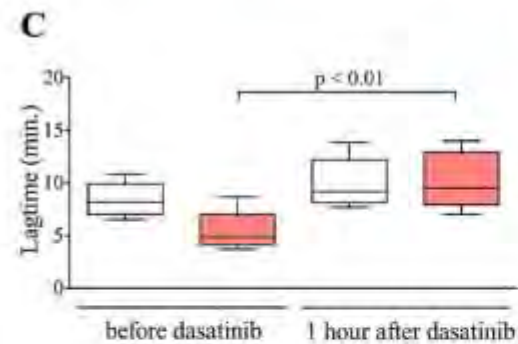
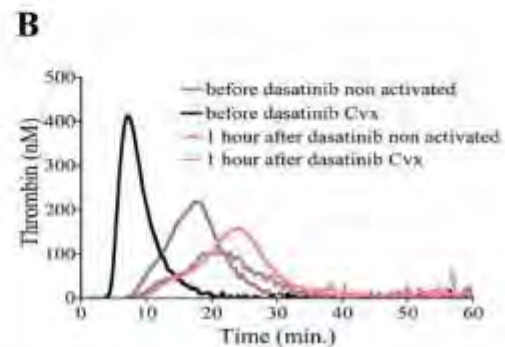
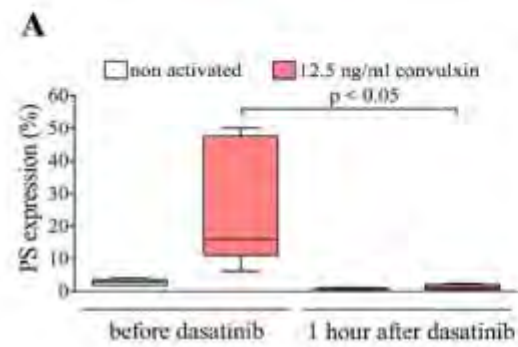


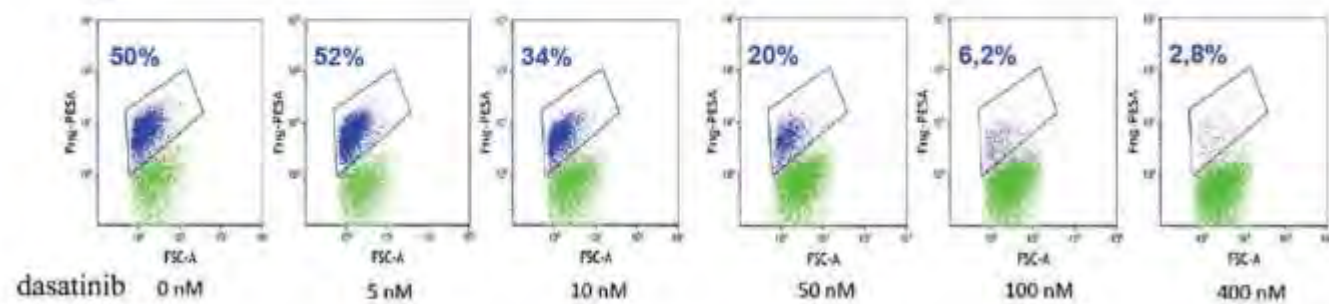
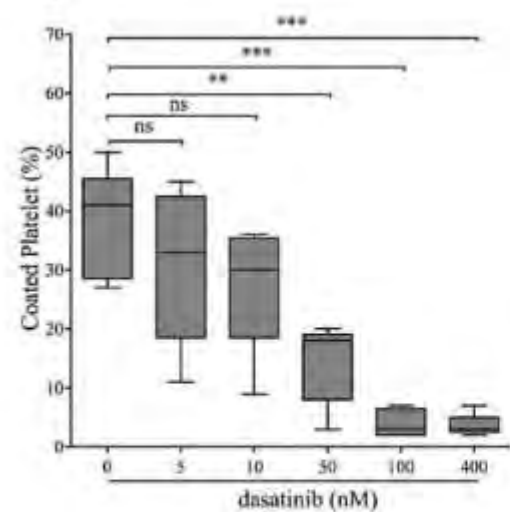
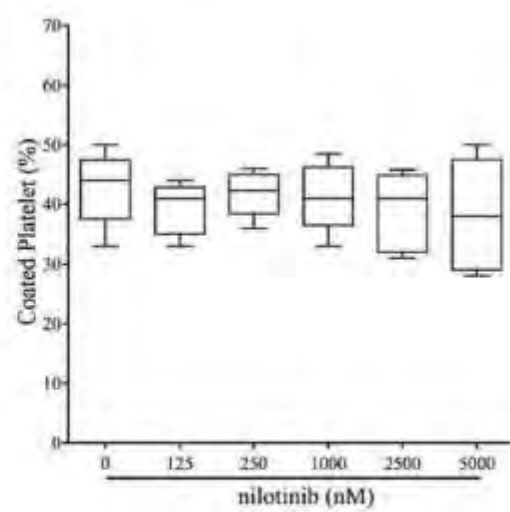
Laboratory Approaches to Test the Function of Antiphospholipid Antibodies.

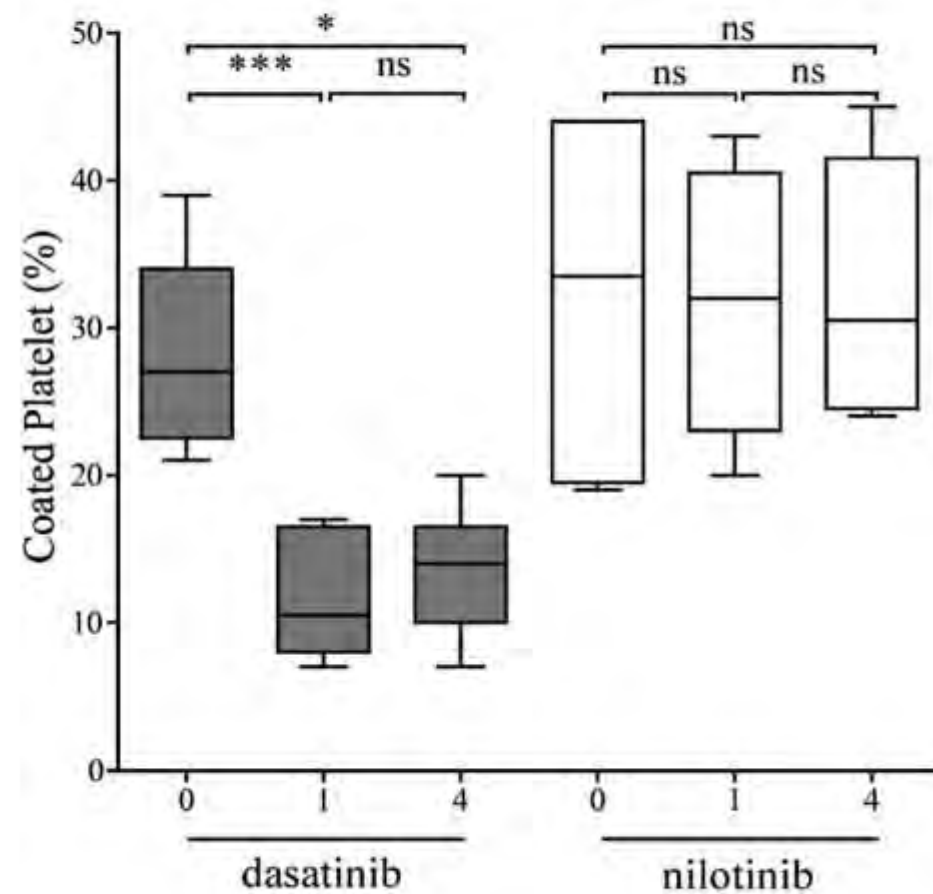
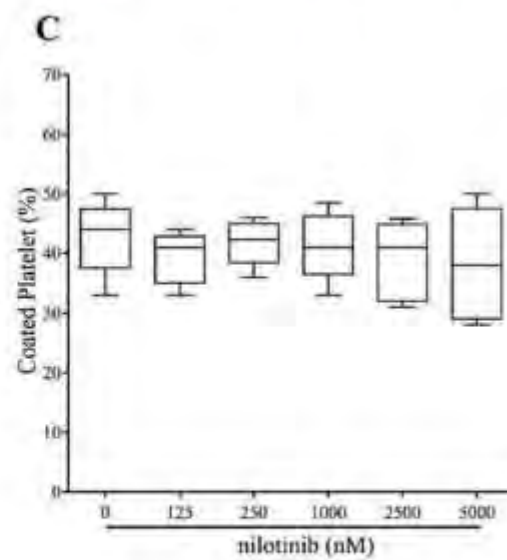
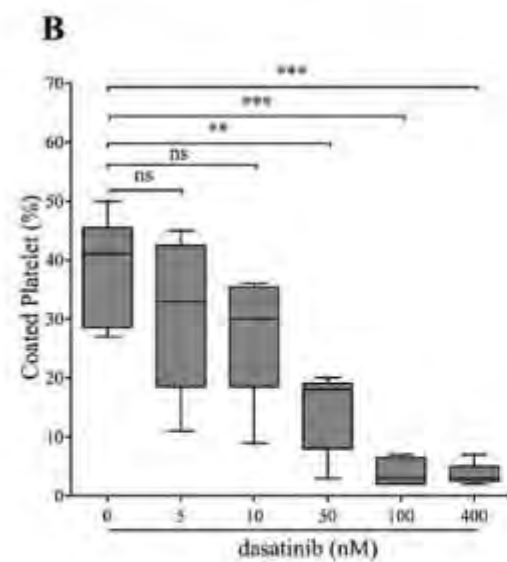
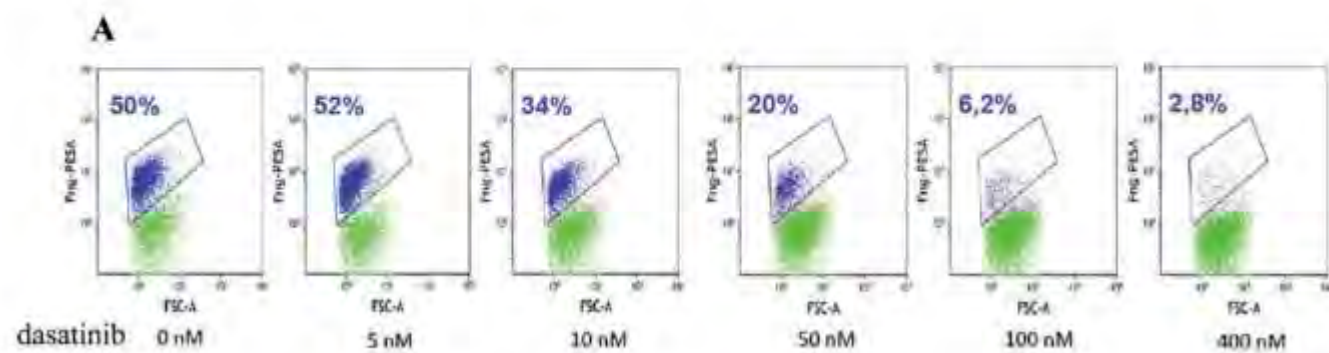
Szabó G, Antal-Szalmás P, Kerényi A, Péntes K, Bécsi B, Kappelmayer J.

Semin Thromb Hemost. 2022 Mar;48(2):132-144.

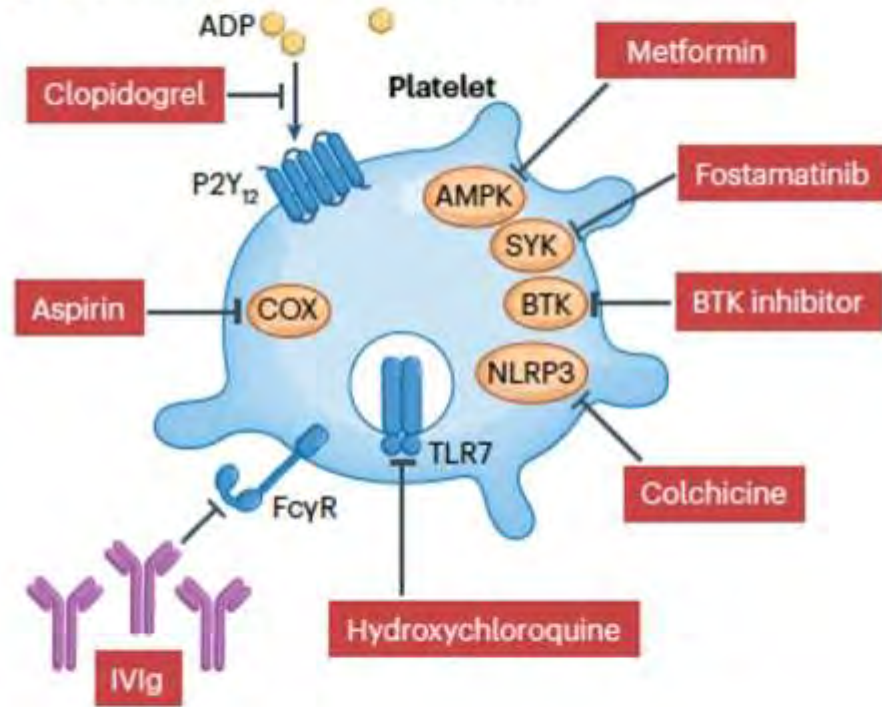
A**B****C****D****E****F**



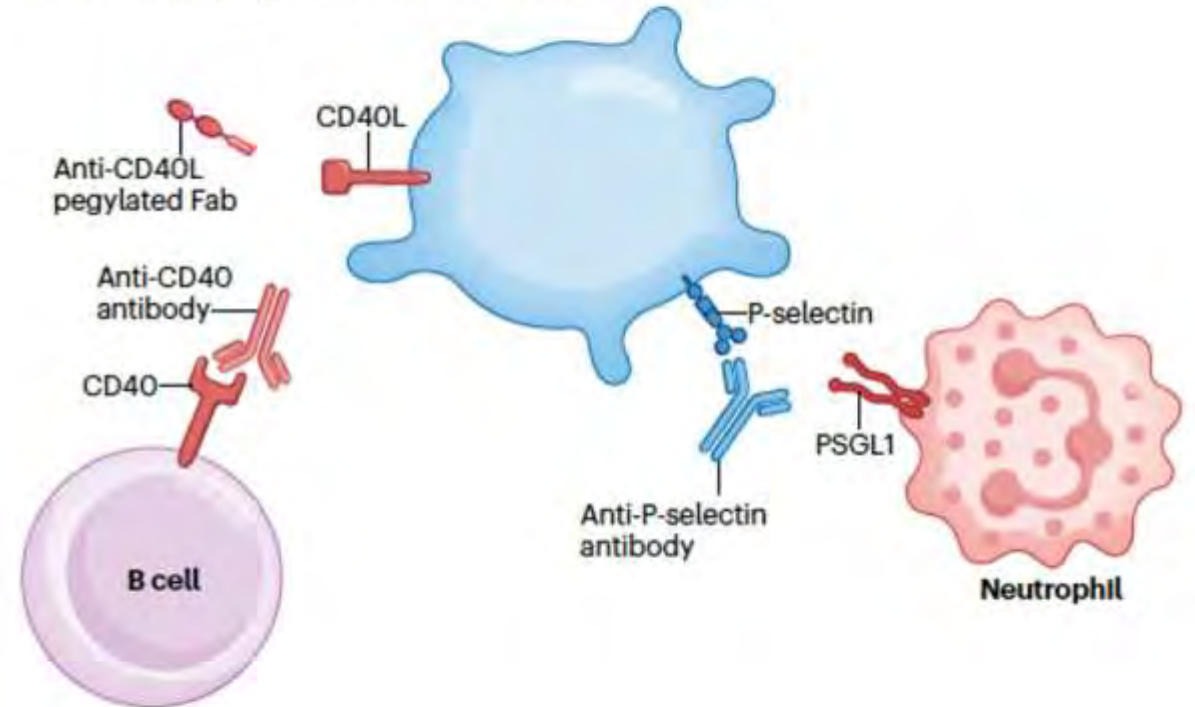
A**B****C**



a Inhibition of platelet activation



b Inhibition of platelet-immune cell interaction



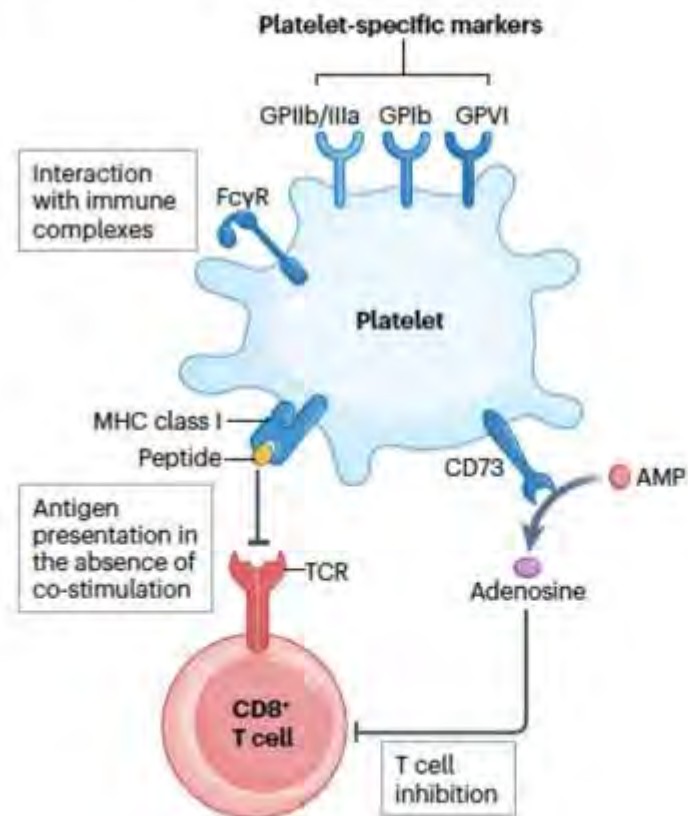
The role of platelets in immune-mediated inflammatory diseases

Marc Scherlinger^{1,2,3,4,5}, Christophe Riches^{1,4}, George C. Tsokos^{6,7}, Eric Boitard^{8,9} & Patrick Blanco¹⁰

The role of platelets in immune-mediated inflammatory diseases

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a Resting platelets



Marc Scherlinger^{1,2,3}, Christophe Richez^{1,4}, George C. Tsokos⁵, Eric Bollard^{6,7} & Patrick Bianco^{1,8}

b Activated platelets

The diagram illustrates the interaction between an activated platelet (blue) and an Antigen Presenting Cell (APC, pink). The platelet is shown releasing various factors: cytokines and soluble factors (IL-1, sCD40L, sP-selectin), serotonin (purple dots), DAMPs (red dots), mitochondria and mtDNA (red oval and grey ring), and extracellular vesicles. The platelet also undergoes membrane relocalization of glycoproteins and interaction with immune cells, specifically CD40L and P-selectin. The APC is shown capturing and presenting antigens, and direct antigen presentation in the presence of co-stimulation (CD80/CD86 and CD28) is also depicted.

Release of cytokines and soluble factors

IL-1

sCD40L

sP-selectin

serotonin

DAMPs

Mitochondria and mtDNA

CD40L

P-selectin

Release of extracellular vesicles

Membrane relocalization of glycoproteins and interaction with immune cells

Immune complex

APC

Antigen capture and presentation

Direct antigen presentation in the presence of co-stimulation

CD80/CD86

CD28

Platelet-Rich Plasma for Rheumatoid Arthritis: A Case Series

Dana Shively¹, Neel Amin²

A Platelet's Guide to Synovitis

Giacomo Cafaro MD, Elena Bartoloni MD, Alessia Alunno MD PhD, Onelia Bistoni BSc, Sabrina Cipriani PhD, Fabiana Topini PhD
and Roberto Gerli MD
Rheumatology Unit, Department of Medicine, University of Perugia, Perugia, Italy

Case Series

Platelet Rich Plasma for Treatment of Rheumatoid Arthritis: Case Series and Review of Literature

Humeira Badsha ¹, Ghita Harifi,¹ and William D. Murrell^{2,3,4,5}

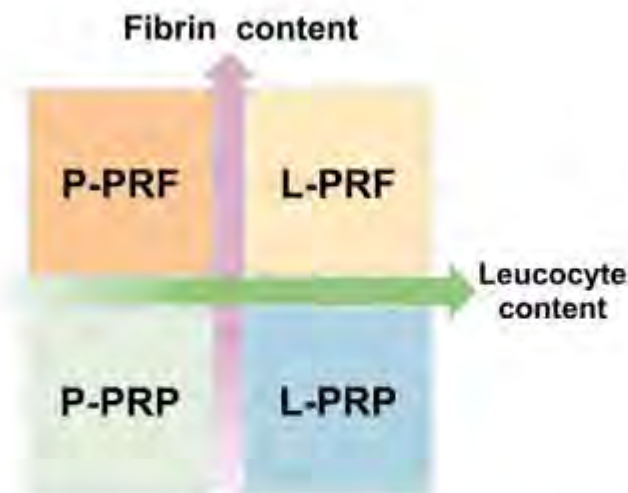


Table 1. Overview of active ingredients of PRP

Growth factors	Origins	Physiological effects
PDGF	Neuronal cells, astrocytes, oligodendrocytes, and vascular cells ⁹	Induces stem cell differentiation, participates in neuroprotection, and promotes cell proliferation and migration ^{9,10}
TGF- β	B cells, T cells, dendritic cells, macrophages ¹¹	Promoting cell proliferation and differentiation, participating in tissue repair and fibrosis, and inhibiting the activation of immune cells ^{12,13}
VEGF	Production by endothelial cells, smooth muscle cells, platelets, neutrophils and macrophages ¹⁴	In charge of angiogenesis and vascular repair, indirectly promoting tissue repair and neuroprotection ¹⁴
IGF-1	Hepatic stellate cells, osteoblasts, fibroblasts, macrophages ¹⁵	Promotes growth, cell differentiation and cell proliferation ¹⁵
bFGF	Endothelial cells, bone cells ^{16,16}	Induction of neovascularization and neurotrophs ¹⁶⁻¹⁸
EGF	Endothelial cells, vascular smooth muscle cells, neutrophils, macrophages ²¹	Promoting wound healing and anti-inflammatory ²⁰

Table 3. The current status of PRP applications across various clinical departments

Departments	Diseases
Orthopedic	Osteoarthritis, tendinopathy of Achilles tendon, rotator cuff tear, peripheral nerve injury, fracture, etc. ⁹⁰⁻⁹²
Pain medicine	Radiculopathy, lumbago, phantom limb pain, etc. ⁹³⁻⁹⁵
Plastic surgery	Skin healing, autologous fat transplantation, cartilage rebuilding, etc. ^{96,97}
Urology	Erectile dysfunction, urethral stricture, hypospadias, prostatic hyperplasia, bladder contracture, peyronie disease, etc. ⁹⁸⁻¹⁰⁰
Dermatology	Androgenetic alopecia, alopecia areata, alopecia cicatrísata, chronic vitiligo, chloasma, psoriasis, paronychia, acne scarring, skin aging, etc. ⁹¹⁻⁹⁴
Ophthalmology	Xerophthalmia, corneal ulcers, etc. ^{105,106}
Otorhinolaryngology, Head and Neck Surgery	Tympanic membrane perforation, sensorineural hearing loss, perforation of nasal septum, leakage of cerebrospinal, dyssomnia, atrophic rhinitis, cicatricial stenosis of larynx, tracheal stenosis, tonsillectomy, etc. ^{97,98}
Oral and maxillofacial surgery	Alveolar osteitis, gingivitis, periodontitis, osteonecrosis of jaw, oral implant, etc. ^{99,100}
Respiratory medicine	COPD, asthma, interstitial pulmonary fibrosis, etc. ¹⁰¹
Gynecology	Intrauterine adhesion, premature ovarian failure, genital tract fistula, pelvic floor dysfunction, thin endometrium, repeated Implantation Failure, etc. ¹⁰²⁻¹⁰⁴
General surgery	Anal fistula, etc. ¹⁰⁵
Cardiothoracic surgery	Coronary artery bypass grafting, sternotomy complications, bronchial fistula, myocardial injury, etc. ¹⁰⁶⁻¹⁰⁸

The role of platelet-rich plasma in biomedicine: A comprehensive overview.

Zhang Z, Liu P, Xue X, Zhang Z, Wang L, Jiang Y, Zhang C, Zhou H, Lv S, Shen W, Yang S, Wang F. iScience. 2025 Jan 3;28(2):111705. doi: 10.1016/j.isci.2024.111705.

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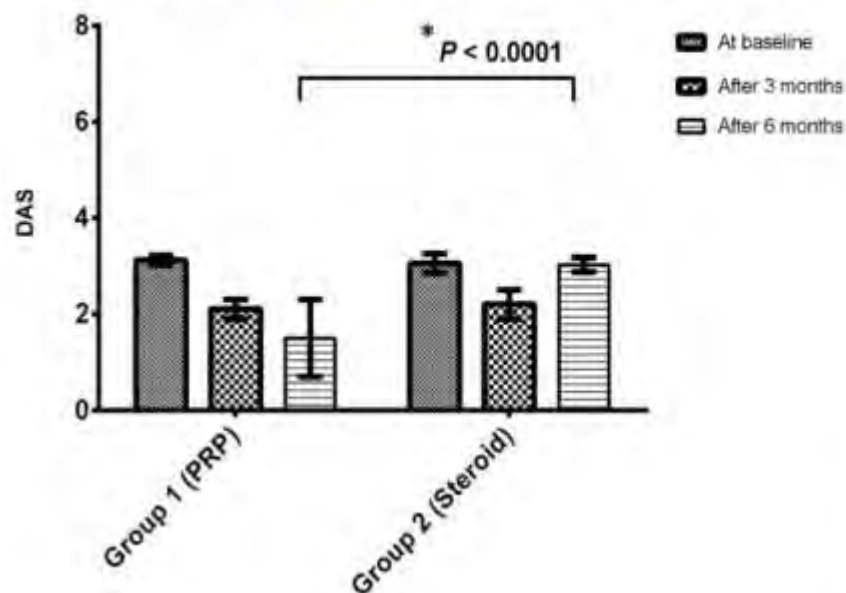
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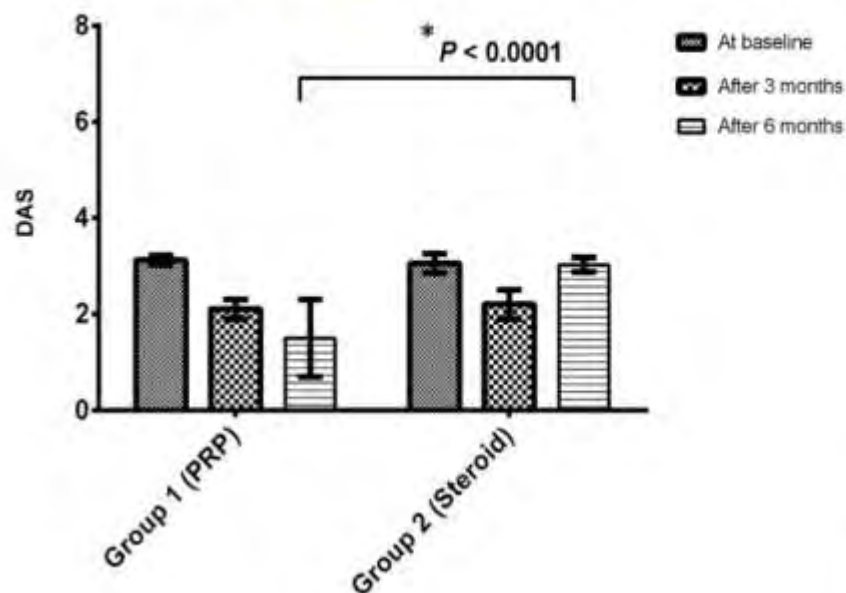
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A PRP egyfajta csodaszernek tűnhet
Amitől nekem rögtön gyanússá válik



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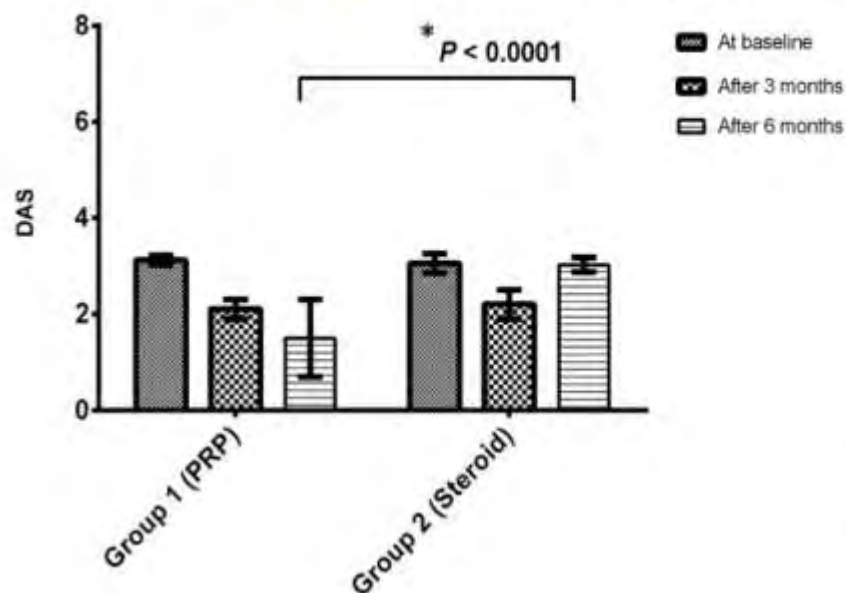
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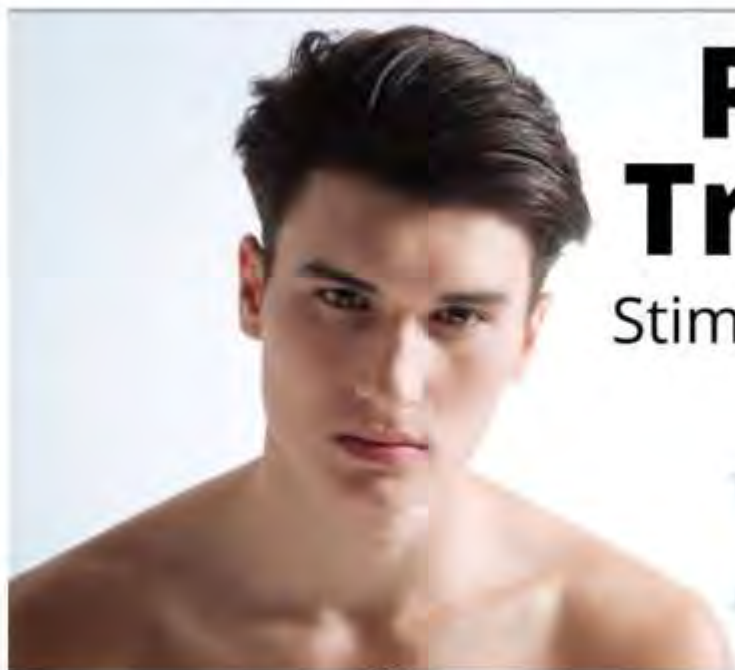
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PRP Hair Treatment

Stimulate and Accelerate Hair Growth

Maxim Hair Restoration
Manila, Philippines

A PRP egyfajta csodaszernek tűnhet
Amitől nekem rögtön gyanússá válik



Sheet music for a piano piece in 4/4 time, key of D major (one sharp). The music is written for three staves: Treble, Bass, and a lower Bass staff. The tempo is marked *f* (forte). The key signature is one sharp (F#).

The first staff (Treble) contains the melody. The second staff (Bass) contains the left hand accompaniment. The third staff (lower Bass) contains the right hand accompaniment.

Chord progression (from left to right):

- Em
- Em
- H7
- Em
- G
- G

The lower Bass staff starts with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The first staff (Treble) starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The second staff (Bass) starts with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#).

Poster for the film "Szóljon az Ének..." (Let the Music Speak...).

The poster features a white silhouette of a person holding a large, flat, circular object (possibly a hat or a shield) above their head. The background is a vibrant orange-red gradient with diagonal stripes.

The title "SZÓLJON AZ ÉNEK..." is written vertically in white, stylized capital letters on the right side.

The date "ÁPRILIS 4-RŐL" is written in white, stylized capital letters at the bottom right.

A small logo for "Qualiton" is visible in the bottom left corner.