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### The Role of the Teeth

- Mastication
- Speech
- Esthetics







### **Defects Caused by Edentulousness**

- Reduction of the chewing capacity
- Disturbances in the speech
- Esthetic problems
- Pathological movement of the teeth
- Overloading of the teeth
- Extension of the tongue

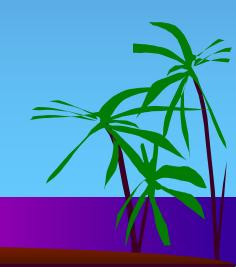
# Reduction of the Chewing Capacity

- The loss of premolar or molar teeth reduces the effectivity of mastication
- The loss of front teeth makes the biting difficult

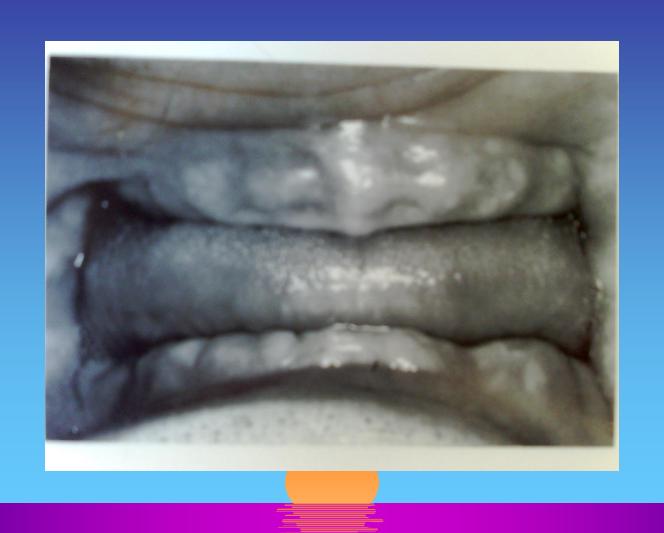
# **Speech (Fonation) Disturbances**

Formation of certain consonants can be affected, depending on the location of the edentulos area

-'f', 's', 'sh', 'z', 't'



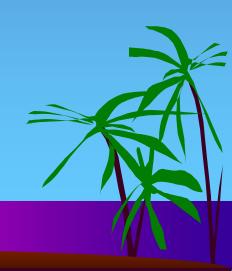
# Extension of the Tongue



### **Unfavorable Esthetics**

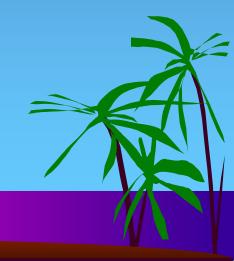
- Edentulousness
- Upset face harmony





# Pathological Shift of the Remaining Teeth

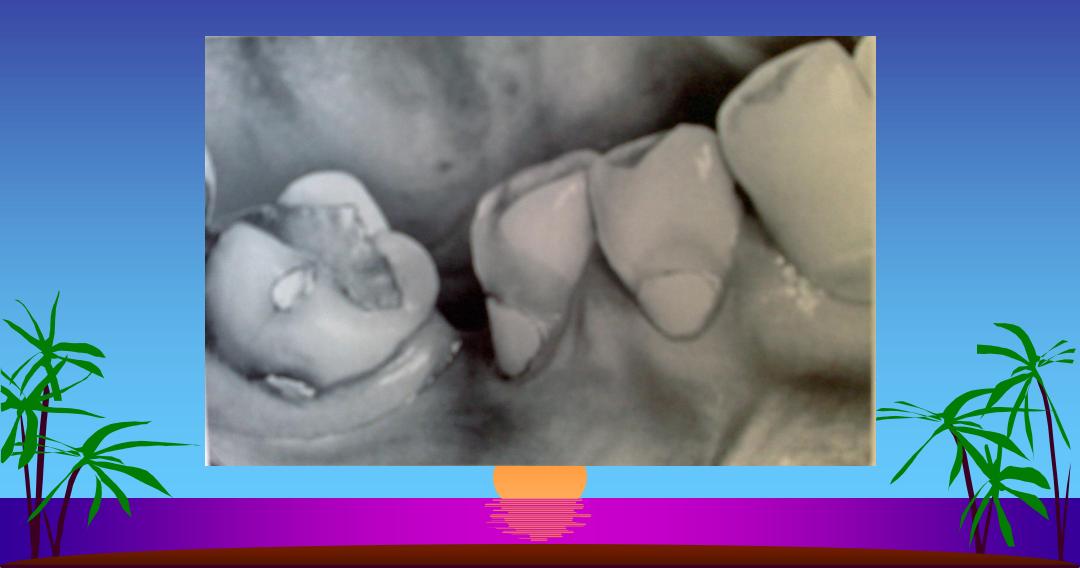
- Tilting
- Overeruption
- Torsion
- Bodily shift



# Consequences of the Pathological Tooth Shift

- Loss of the contact point
- Unfavorable direction of the occlusal load
- Periodontal disease
- Overloading of the remaining teeth

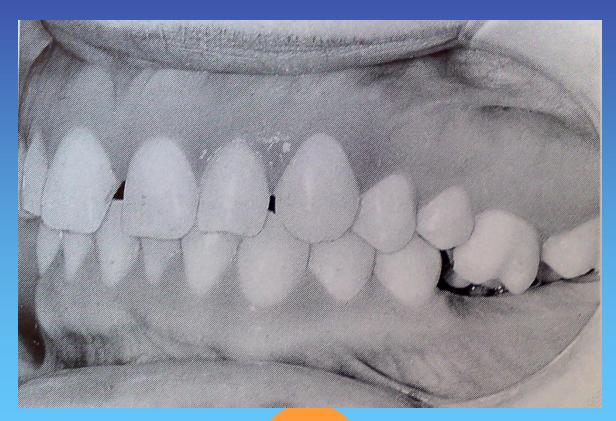
# Tilting



# Tilting



# Decreased occlusal vertical dimension due to the loss of the posterior teeth



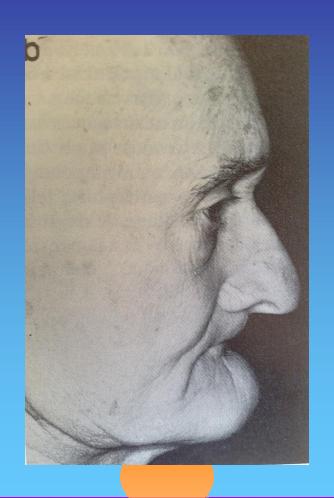
Overeruption of the antagonistic teeth

# Overloading of the anterior teeth. Wear





# Upset face harmony



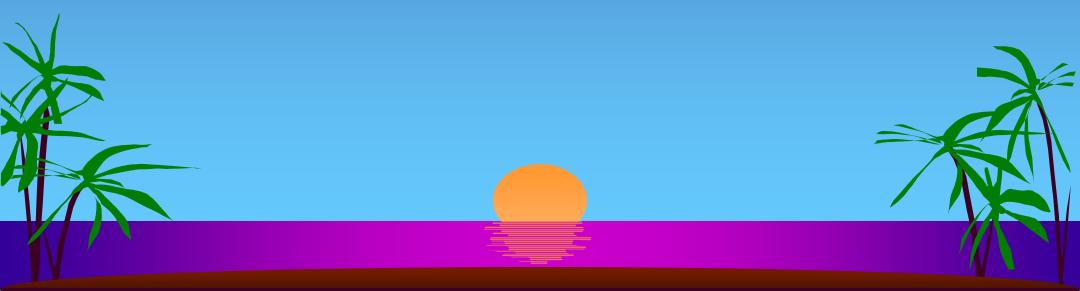


# Overeruption



# Roles Of the Prosthetic Appliances

- Restoration
- Prevention

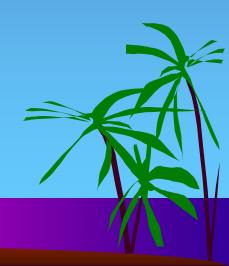


# Roles of the Prosthetic Appliances

#### Restoration

- Rehabilitation of the chewing capacity
- Treatment of the speech disorder
- Esthetic rehabilitation

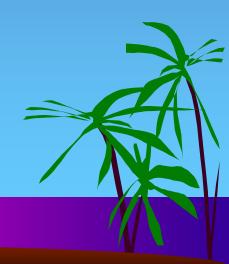




# Roles of the Prosthetic Appliances

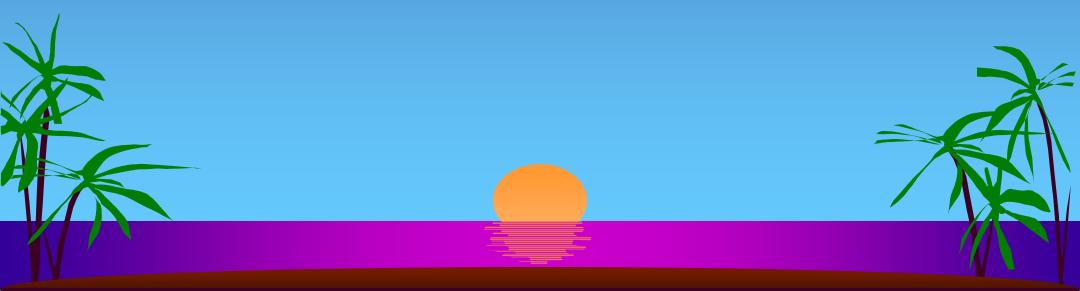
- Prevention of further disorders
  - Overeruption of the antagonistic teeth
  - Tilting of the neighbouring teeth
  - Overloading of the remaining teeth





# Types of the Prosthetic Appliances

- Fixed
- Removable



# Steps of Making a Prosthetic Appliance in General

Information

transfer

#### Clinical phases

- History, examination
- Preparation of the mouth/ tooth
- Impression taking, registration of the maxillomandibular relationships

Insertion

Control

Laboratory phases

- Model casting, articulator mounting
- Making of the appliance

# Impression Taking Procedure

Creating the negative likeness of the jaws

Technician obtains the positive likeness by casting the impression





### **Fixed Restorations**

- Inlays
- Onlays
- Solo crowns
- Fixed bridges
- Fixed splints
- Dowelcore







# **Inlay and Onlay**

- An **inlay** is similar to a filling and lies inside the cusp tips of the tooth. They are custom-made to fit the prepared cavity and are then cemented into place.
- An onlay is a more extensive reconstruction that covers one or more cusps of a tooth.











# Composite inlay bridge

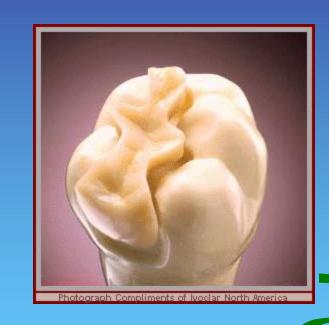




# Preparation of Inlays and Onalys

#### Inlays and onlays are applied in two dental visits

- At the first visit, the old filling, or decay, is removed, and the tooth is prepared for the inlay / onlay.
  - The dentist will then take an impression of the tooth, and send this impression to a dental laboratory. This impression will be used by the laboratory to construct a custom-made porcelain, or gold inlay / onlay.
  - At the second visit dentist cements the inlay into the tooth



#### Before:



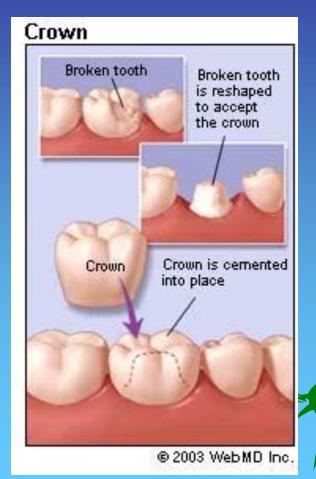
After:





### **Solo Crowns**

- Dental crowns, are dental restorations which encase a tooth and are cemented in place.
- Aims of making a crown:
  - Restoration of a destructed tooth
  - Esthetic reason
  - Clasp holding (for a removable appliance)



### Solo Crown

- Tooth is prepared by the dentist
- Crown is made by the technician





## Bridge

A dental bridge,
 otherwise known as a
 fixed partial denture, is
 a prosthesis used to
 replace missing teeth
 and is not removable
 by the patient



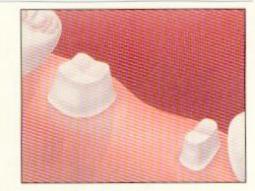




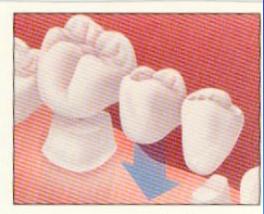


# Bridge

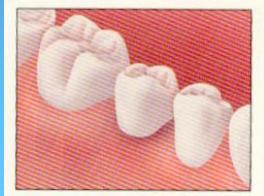
- Preparation of the abutment teeth is done by the dentist
- Impression is taken of the prepared jaw
- Appliance is made by the dental technician according to the impression



To replace a missing tooth with a conventional threeunit bridge, teeth adjacent to the gap are prepared.



The custom-made bridge is fitted and adjusted.



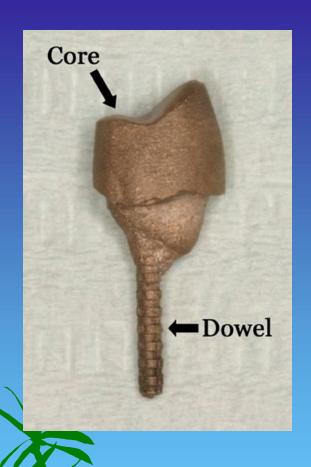
After adjustments are made, the bridge is cemented into place.



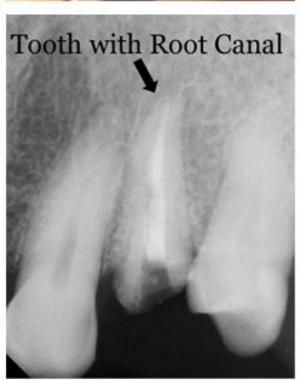
### Post and Core or Dowelcore

- Also known as dowel and cores, these are cemented restorations used to support a **crown** or a **bridge** when there is not enough natural tooth structure to do so
- The dowel is the post-like portion of this restoration. It is a structure that is inserted within the body of the root of a tooth that has had a previous **root** canal therapy.
- The core portion of this restoration is the part that supports the crown or bridge. It is the part that can be seen after cementation of a dowel and core.

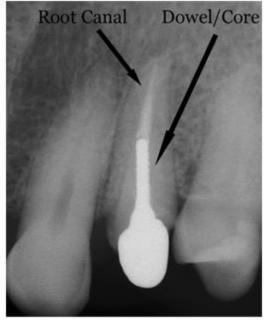


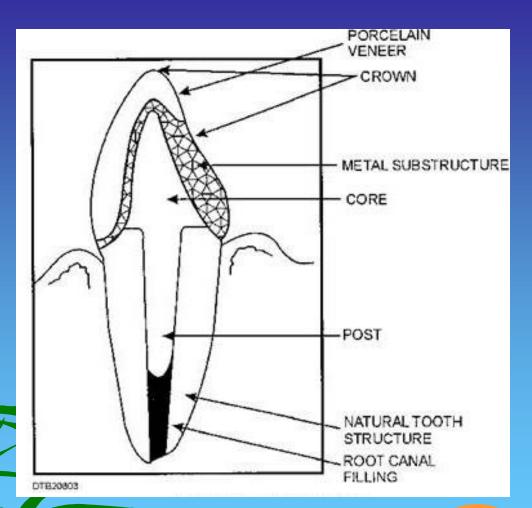


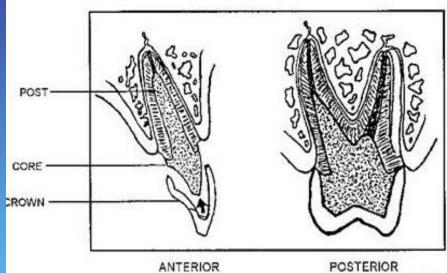


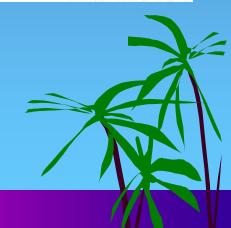












## Removable dental appliances

- Removable partial denture
- Complex partial denture (fixed+ removable)
- Overdenture
- Complete denture



### Removable Partial Denture





RPD can be inserted and removed from the mouth by the wearer, without the destruction of the appliance

### Removable Partial Denture

- Impression is taken by the dentist of the denture bearing jaw
- Appliance is made by the technician



## Complex Partial Dentures

Fixed appliance

Removable appliance retained on the fixed part





# Complex Partial Dentures

Telescop retained complex partial denture





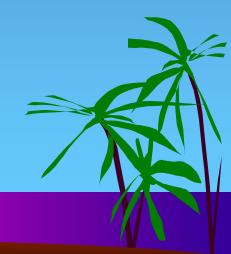


# Complex Partial Dentures

Bar joint attachements



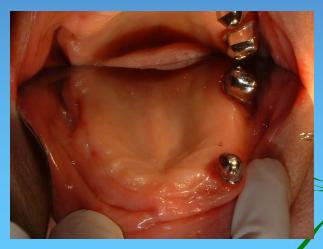




### Overdenture

- A complete denture that is supported by both soft tissue and natural teeth that have been altered so as to permit the denture to fit over them.
- The altered teeth may have been fitted with short or long copings, locking devices, or connecting bars.





## Complete Denture

- Complete denture replaces all of the teeth in either the upper or the lower jaw
- Impression is takenby the dentist
- Appliance is made by the technician







# Implant Supported Prosthetic Appliance

Removable appliance







# Implant retained fixed bridge





# Thank you for your attention! Please evaluate the lecture and me!



