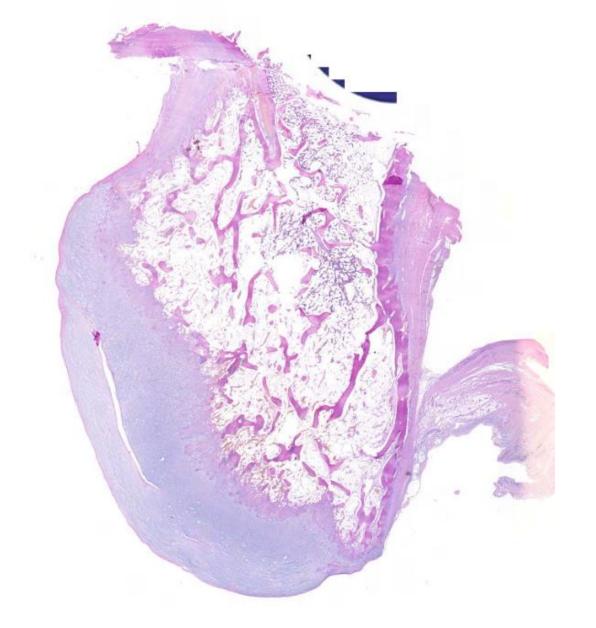
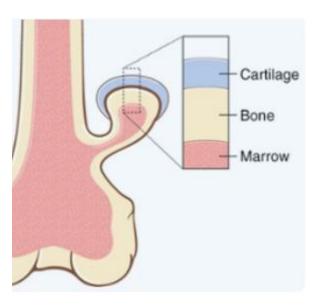
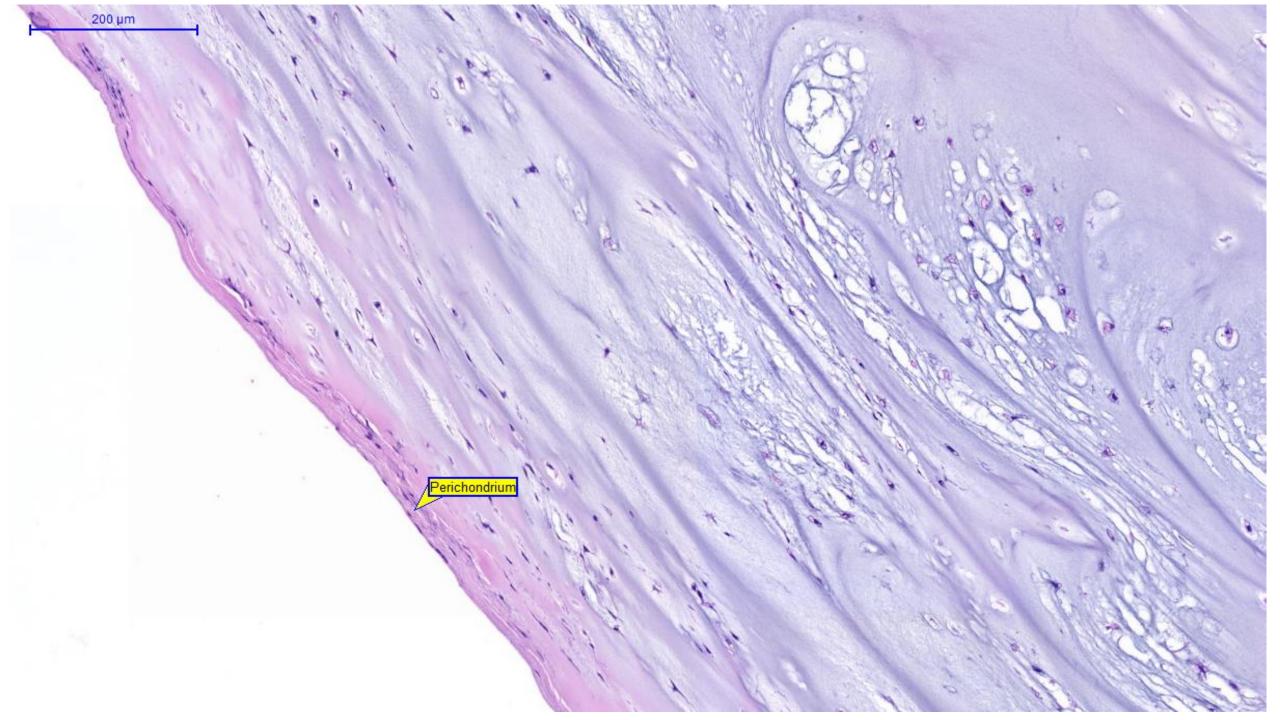
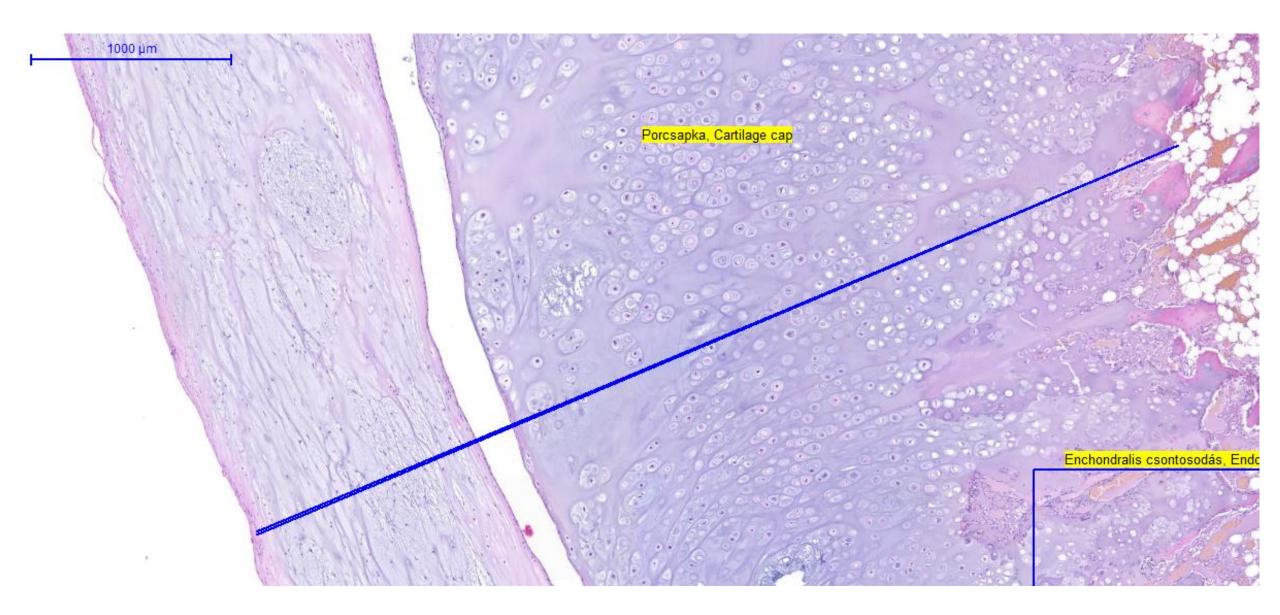
Osteochondroma-Bone

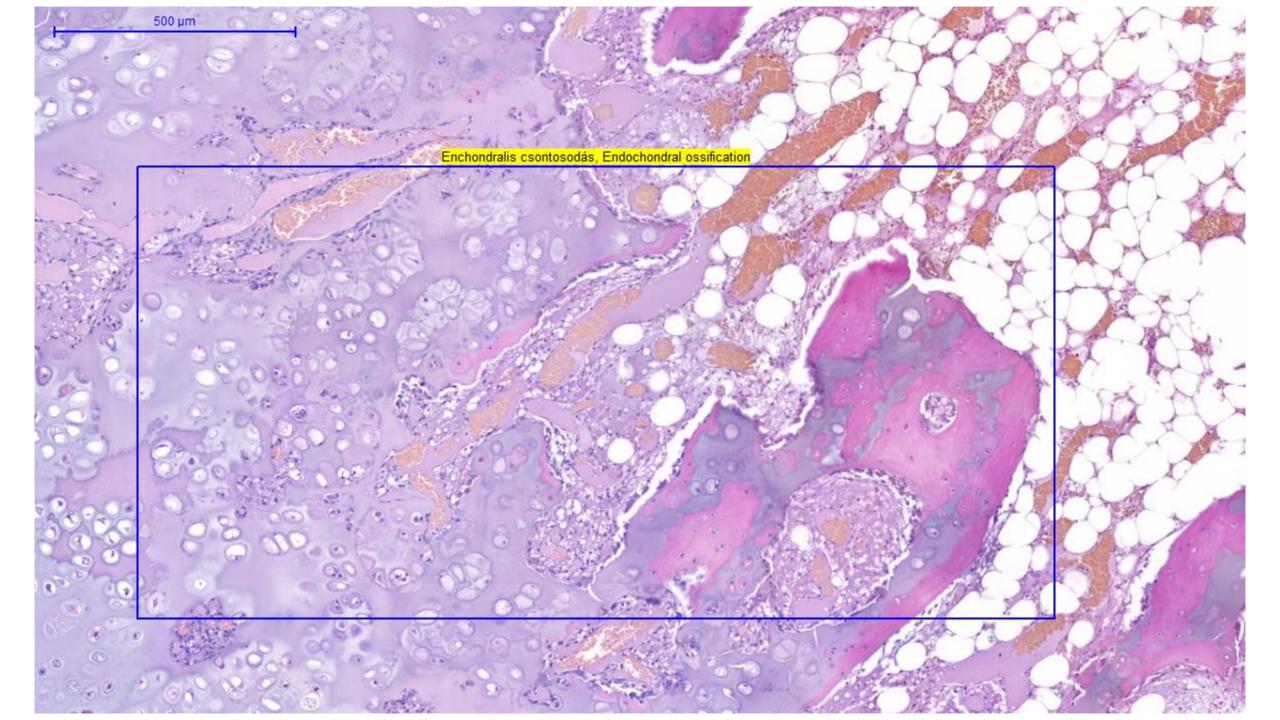


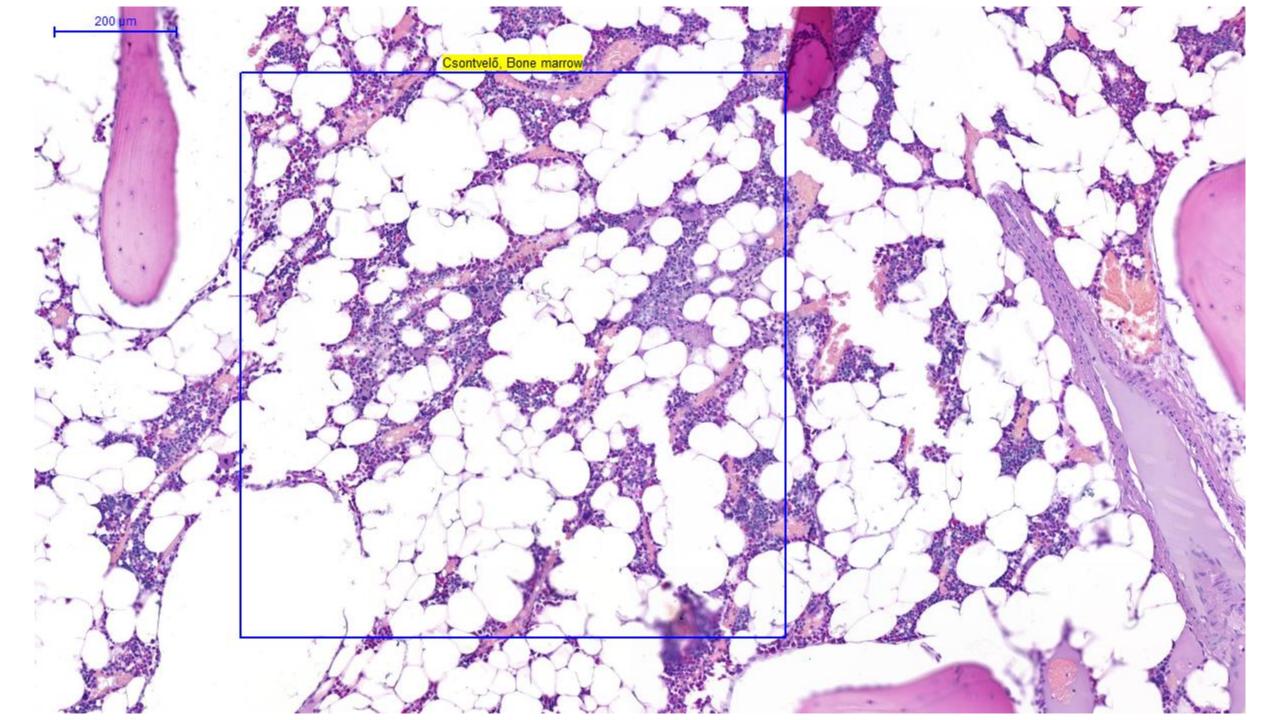


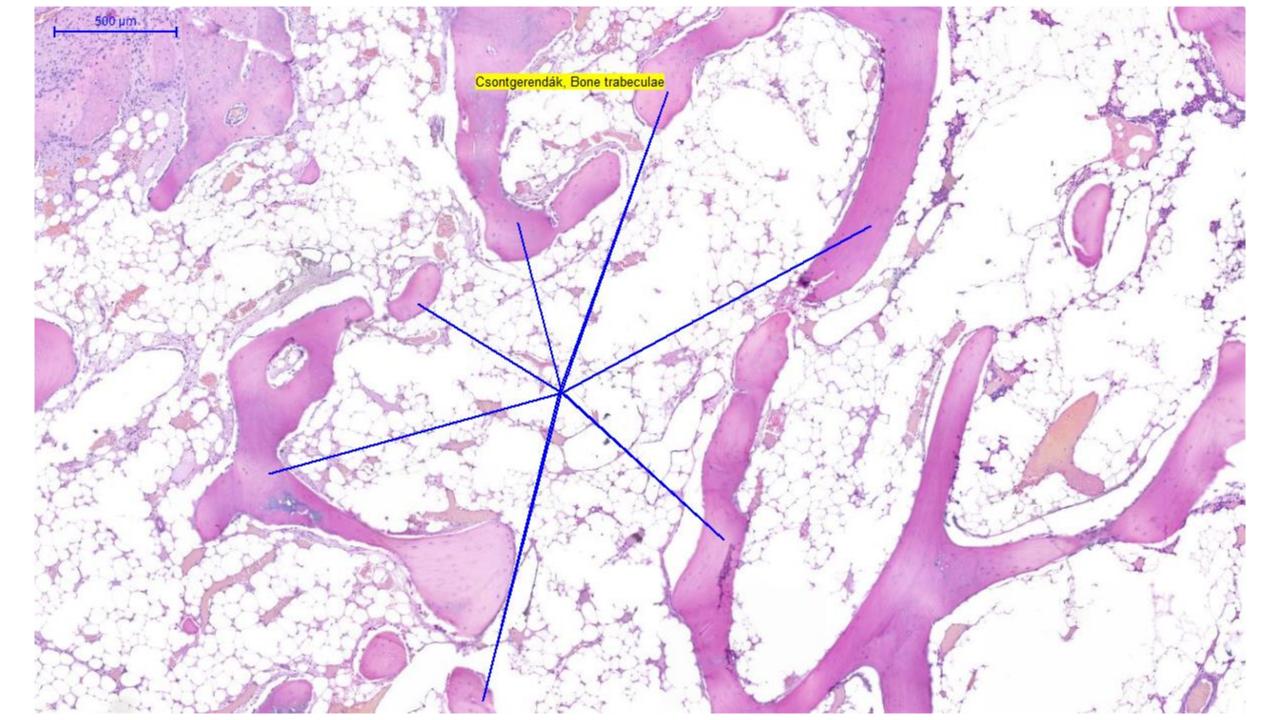
Robbins Basic Pathology





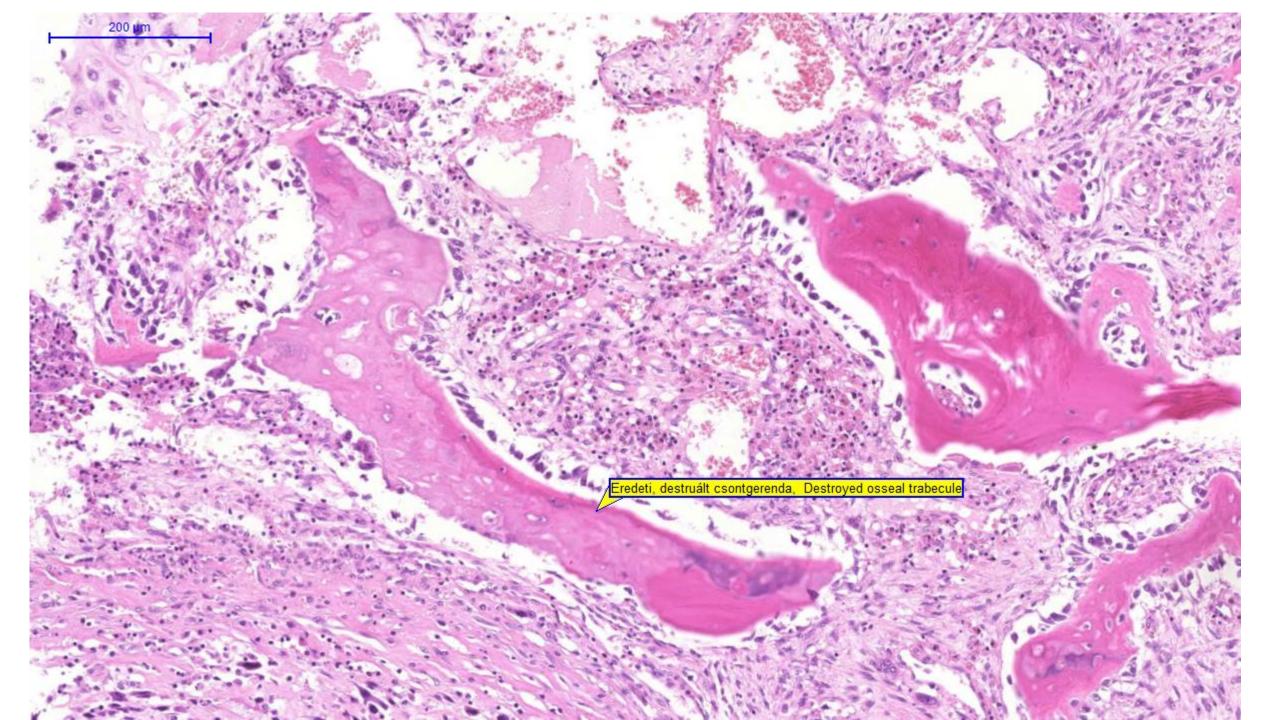


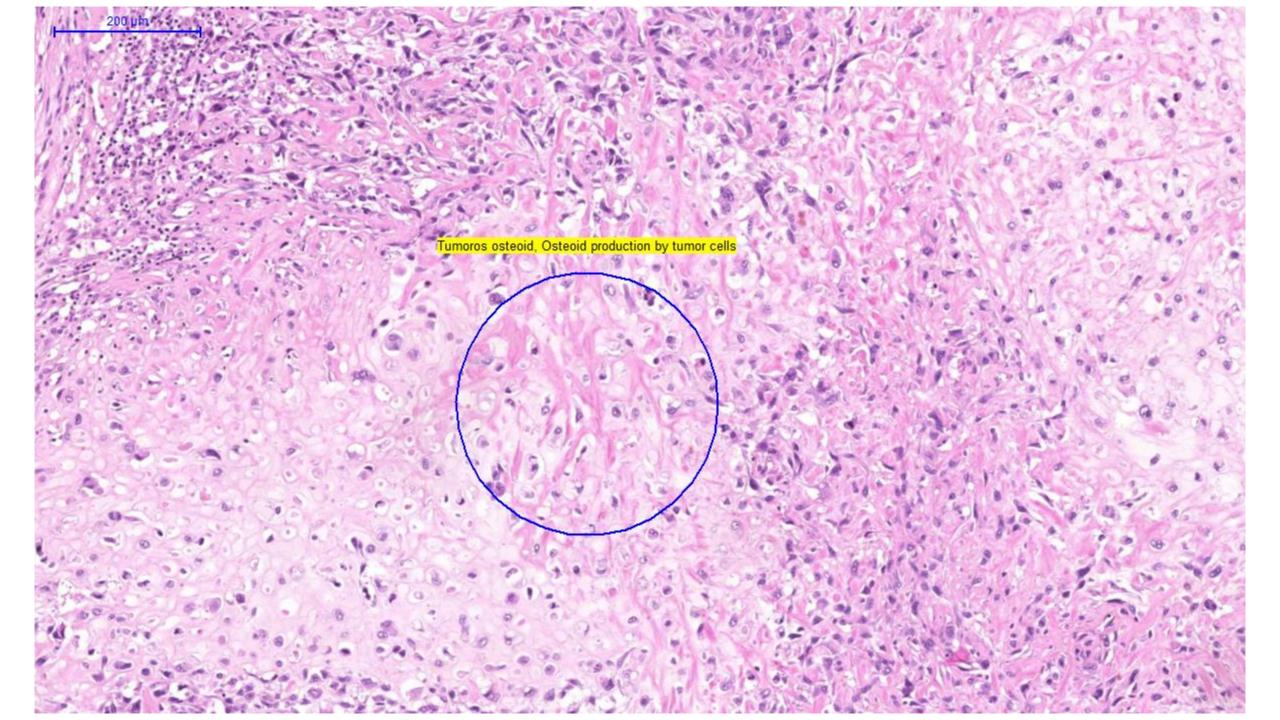


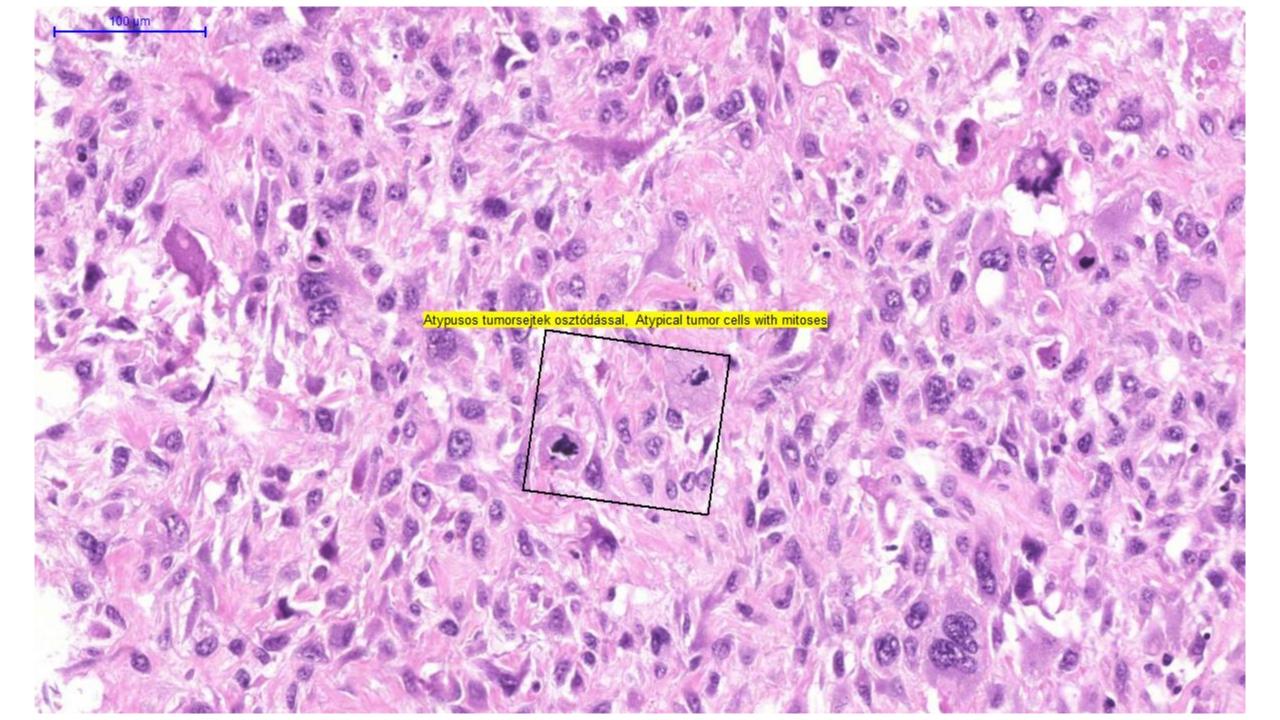


Osteosarcoma-Bone

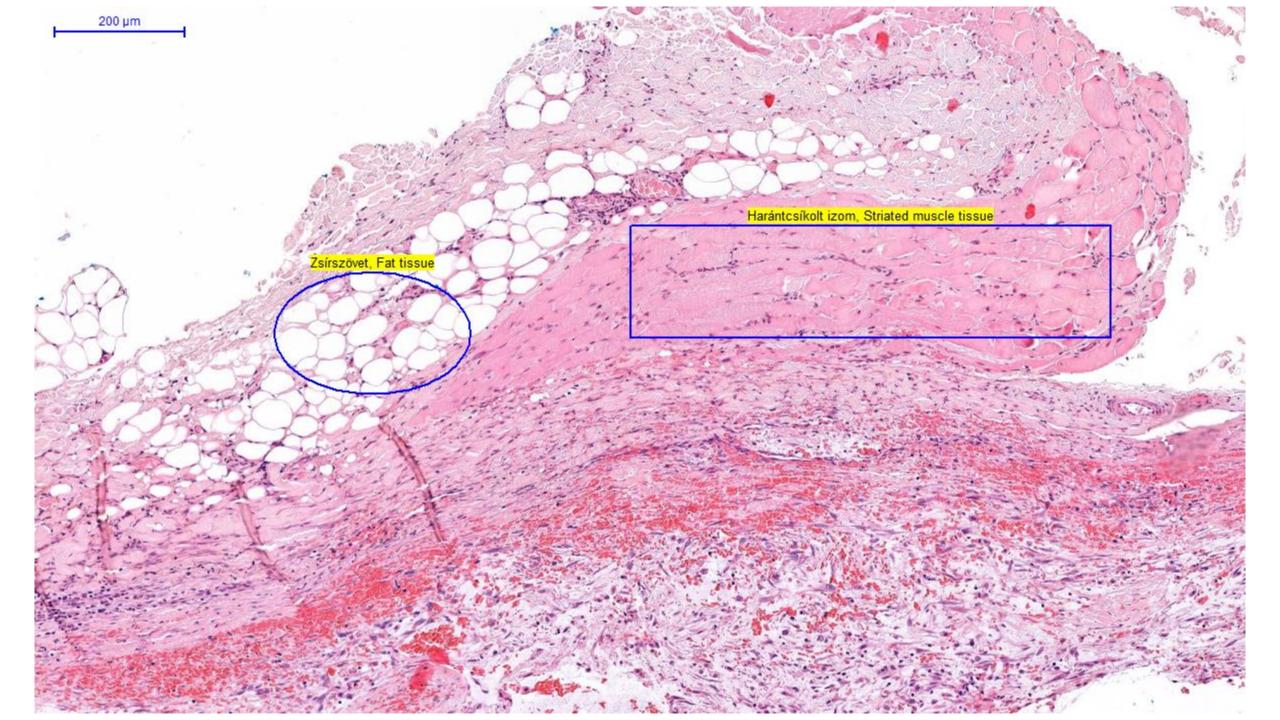


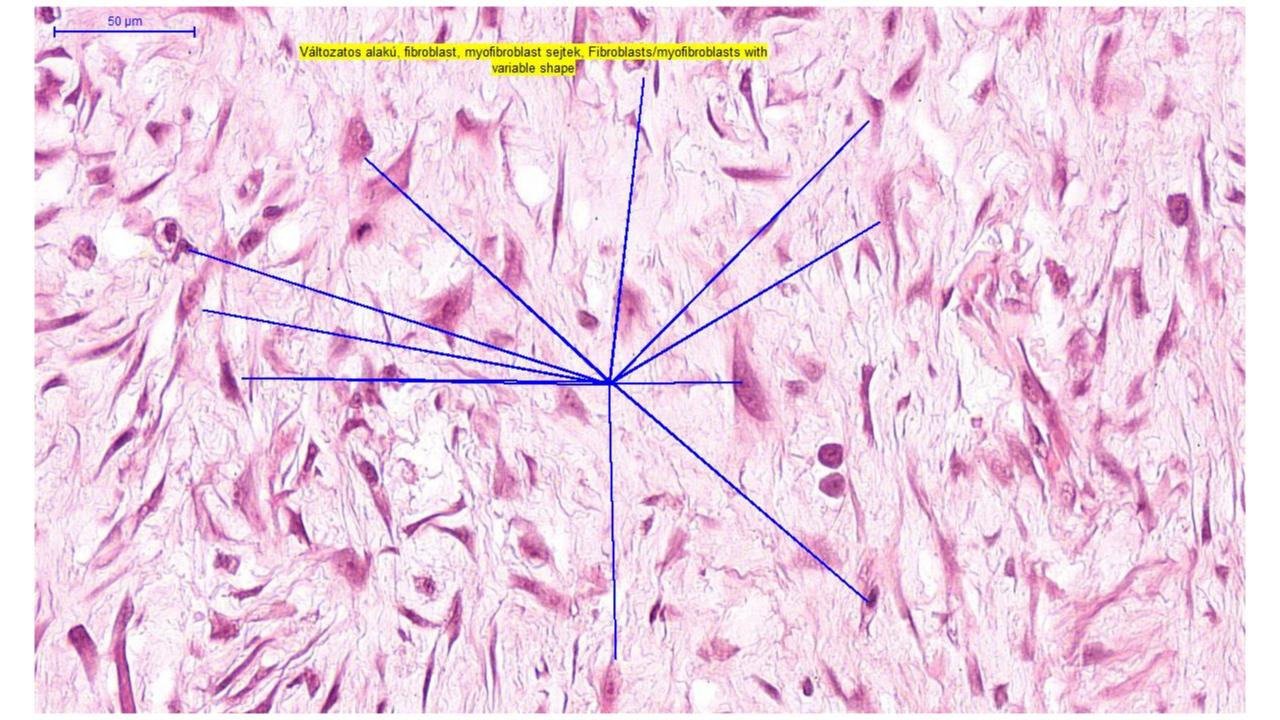


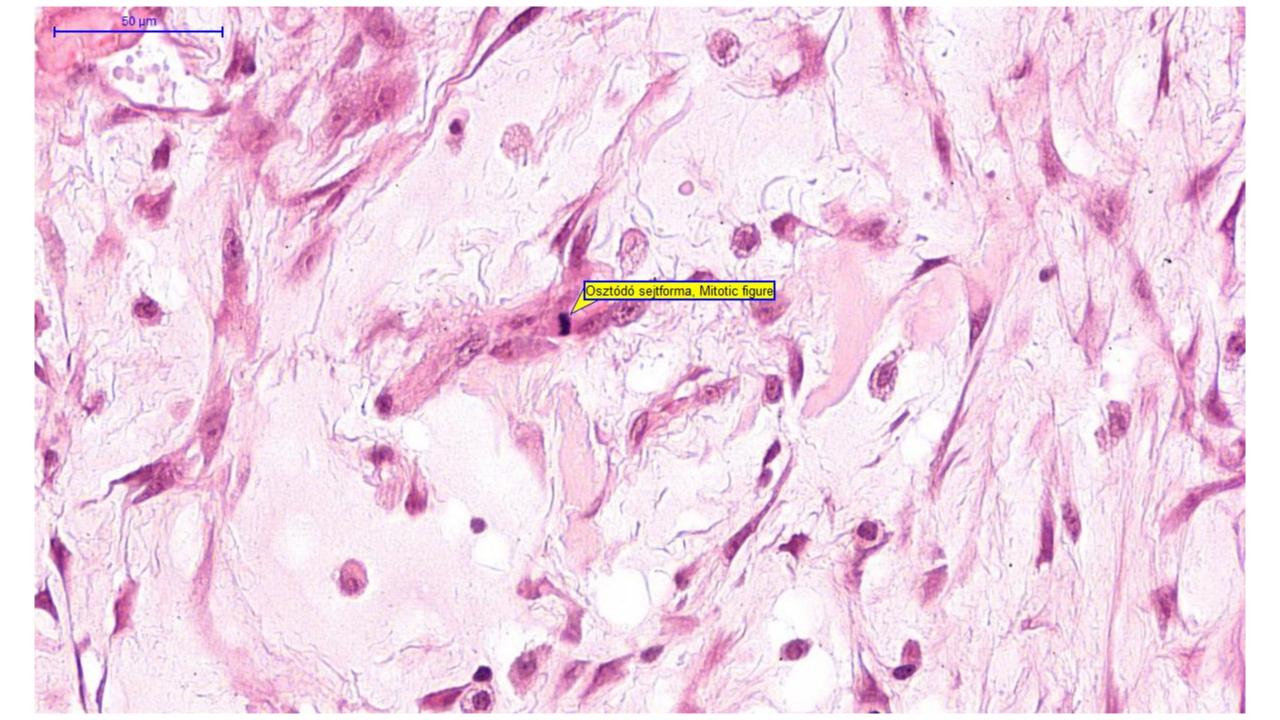


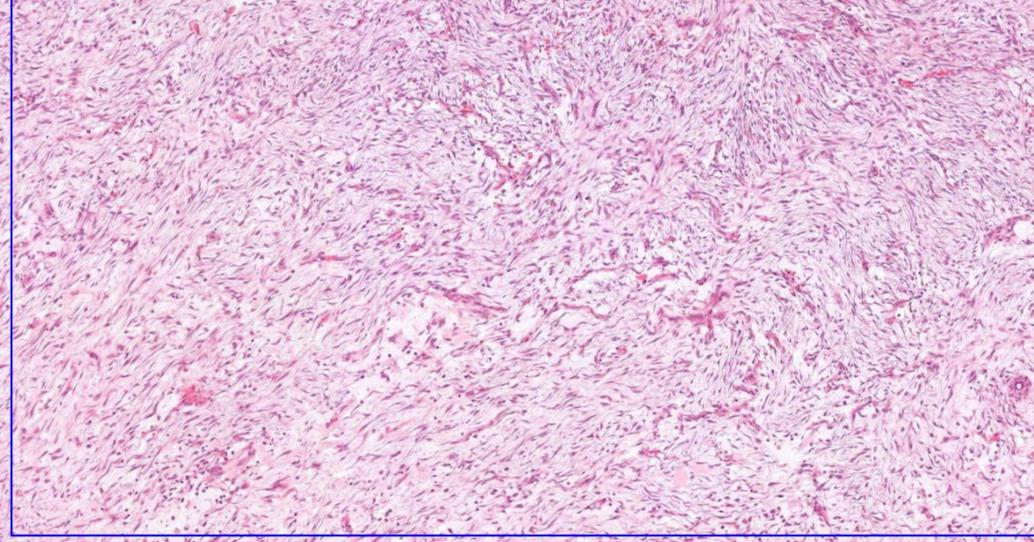


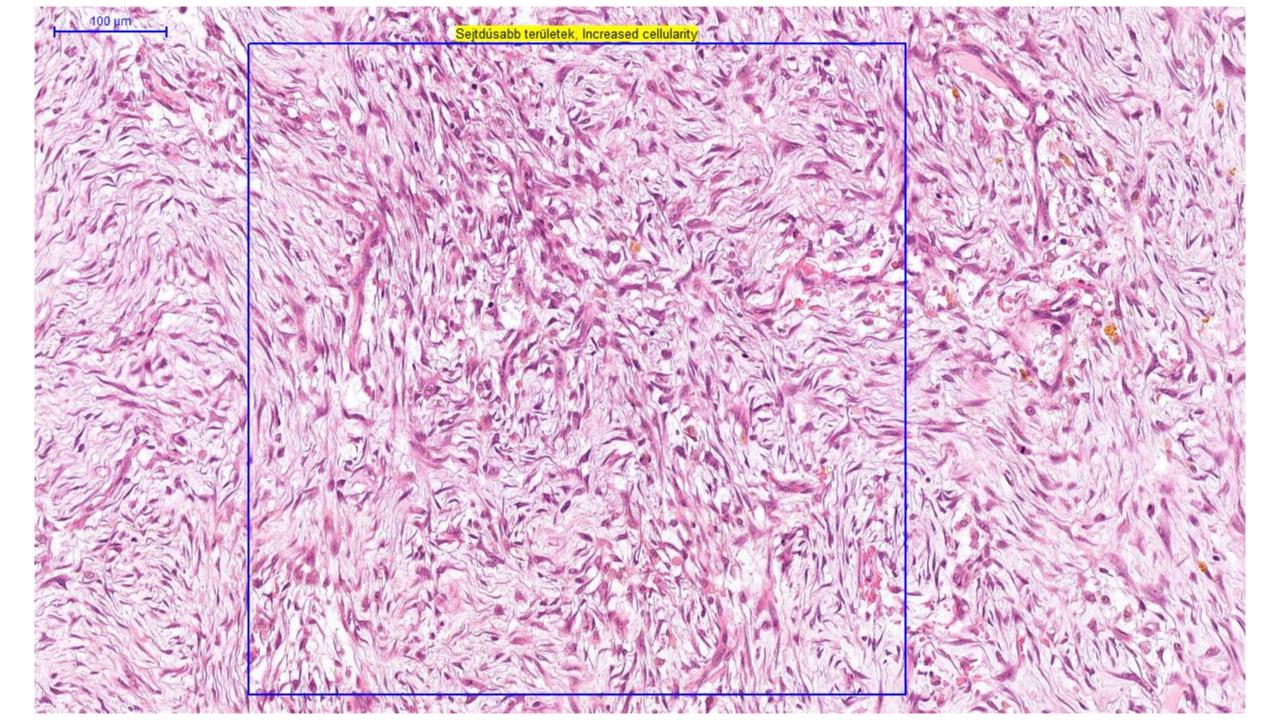


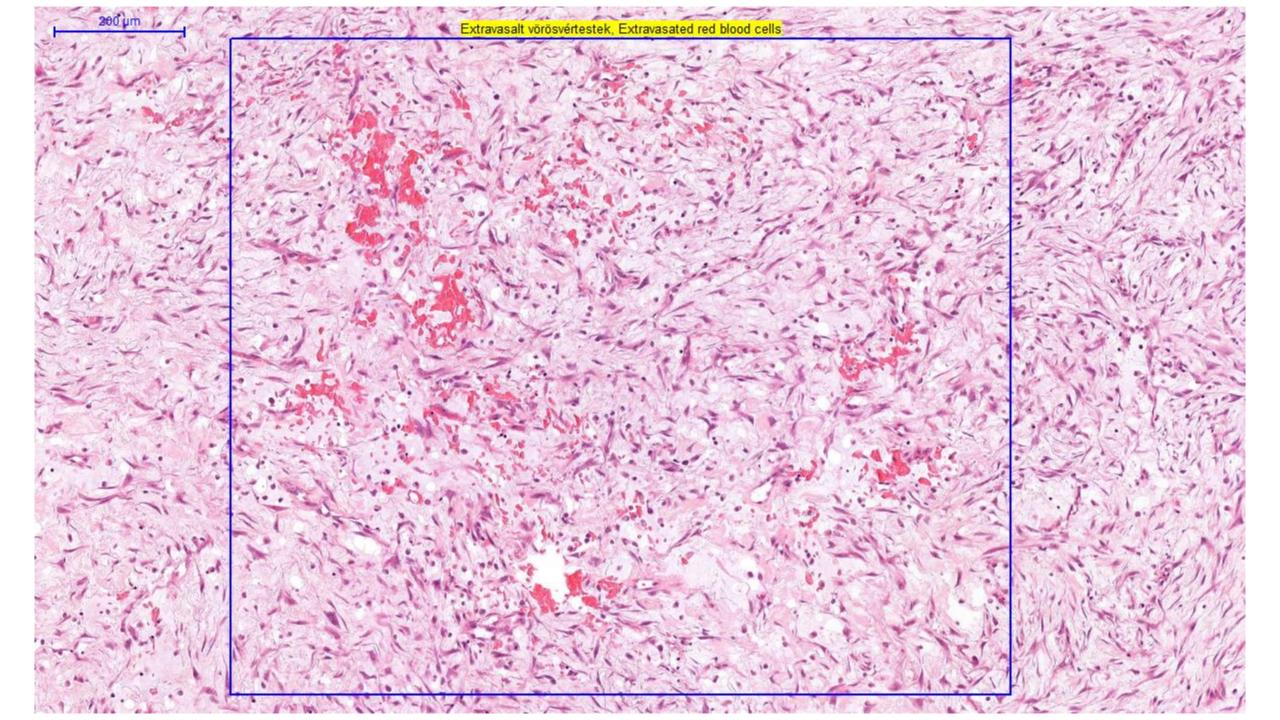






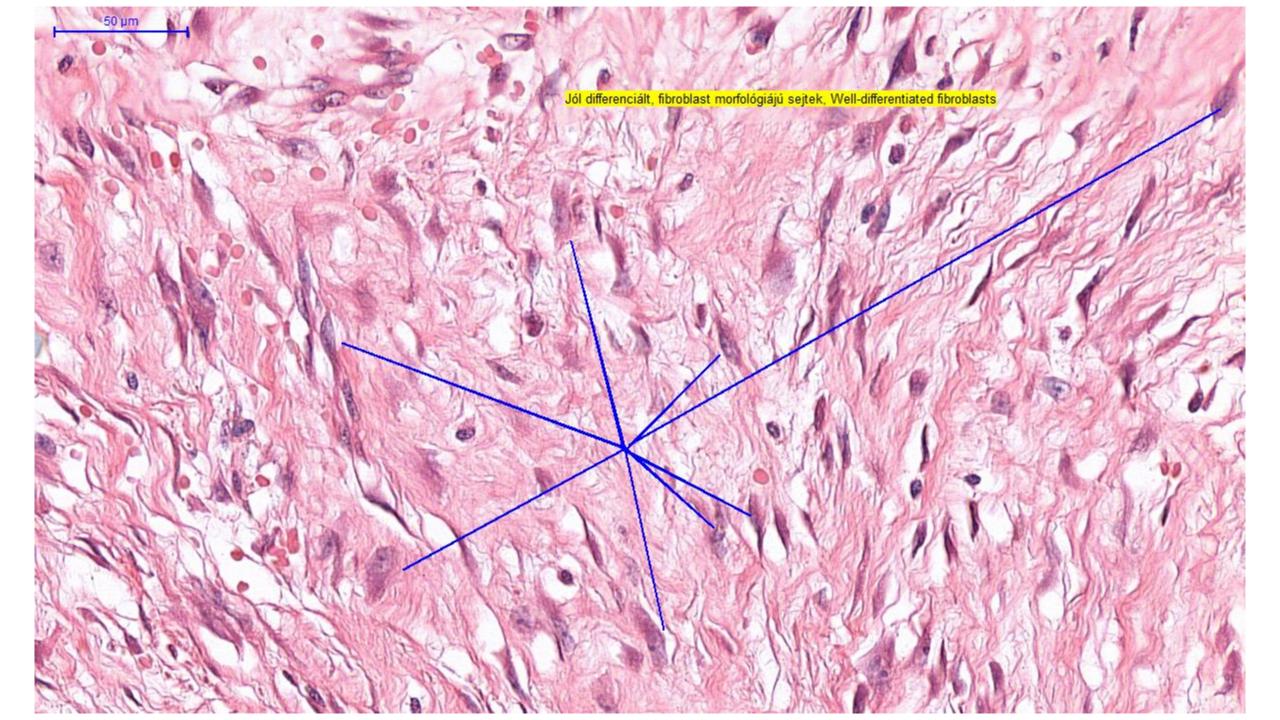


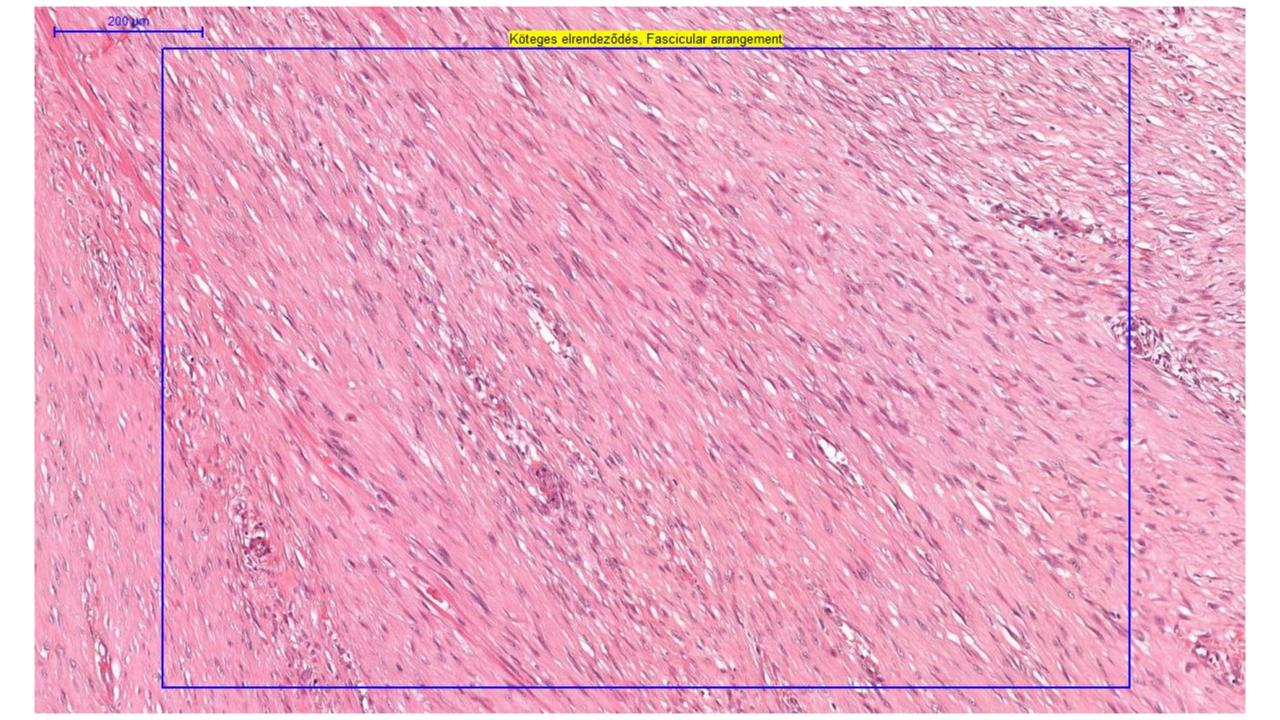


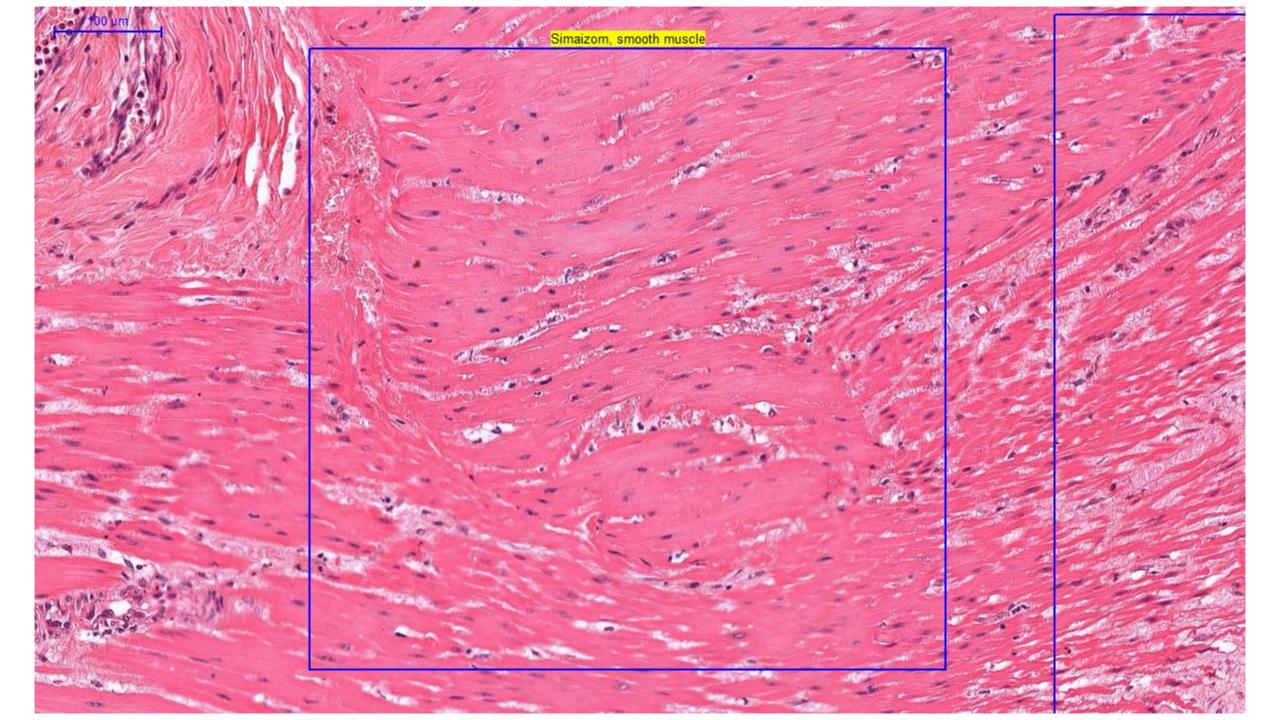


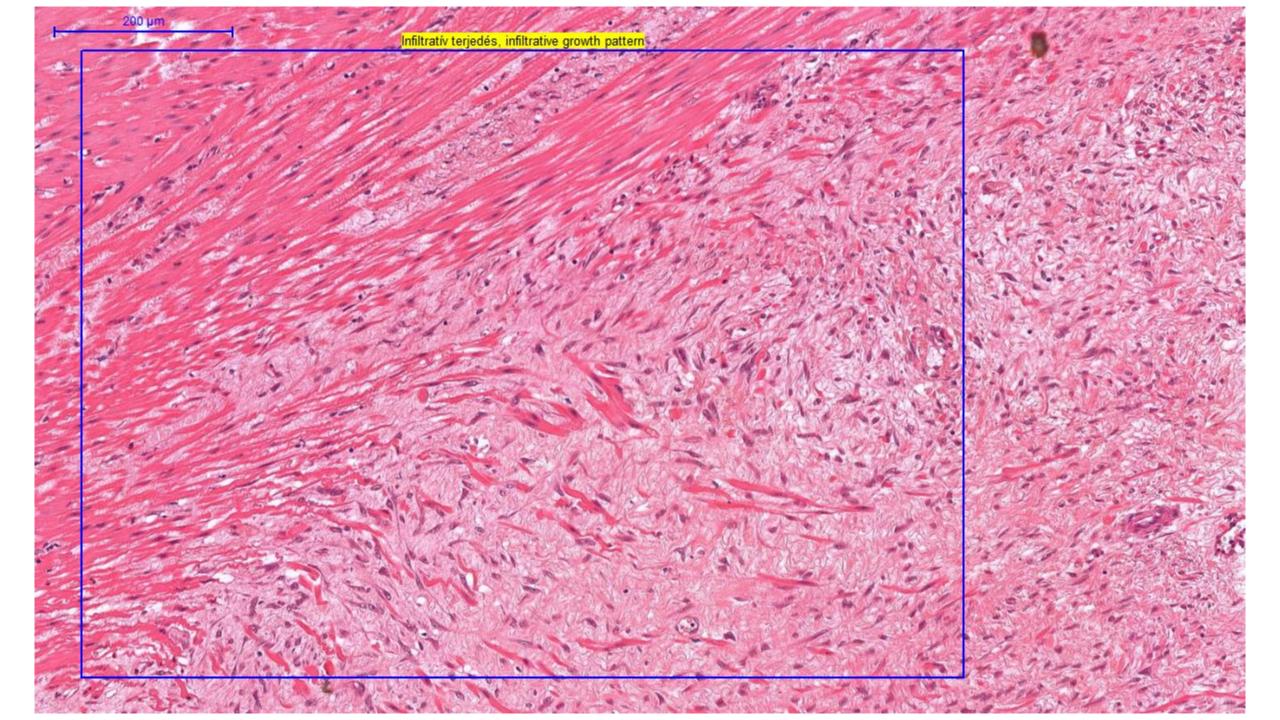
Desmoid fibromatosis-Mesenterium

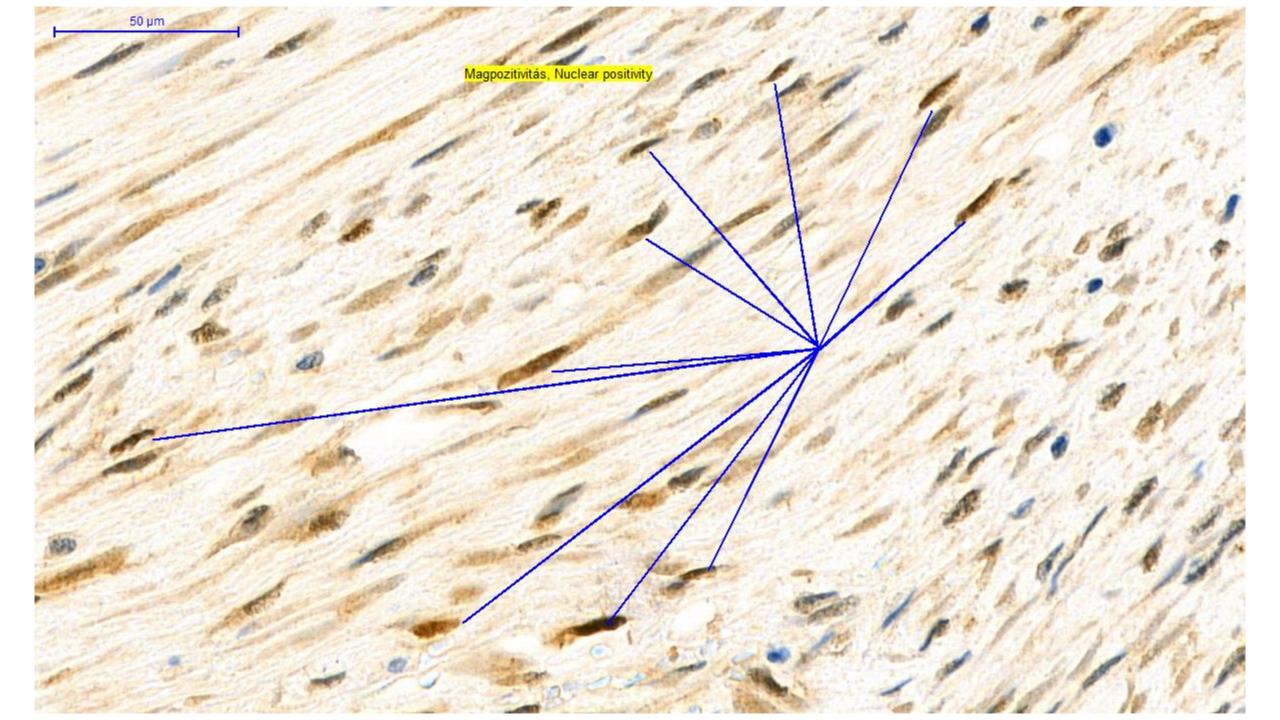


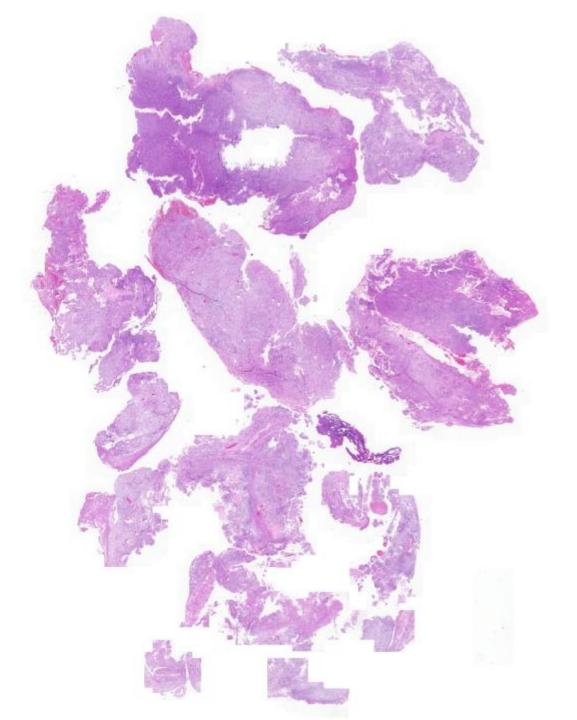




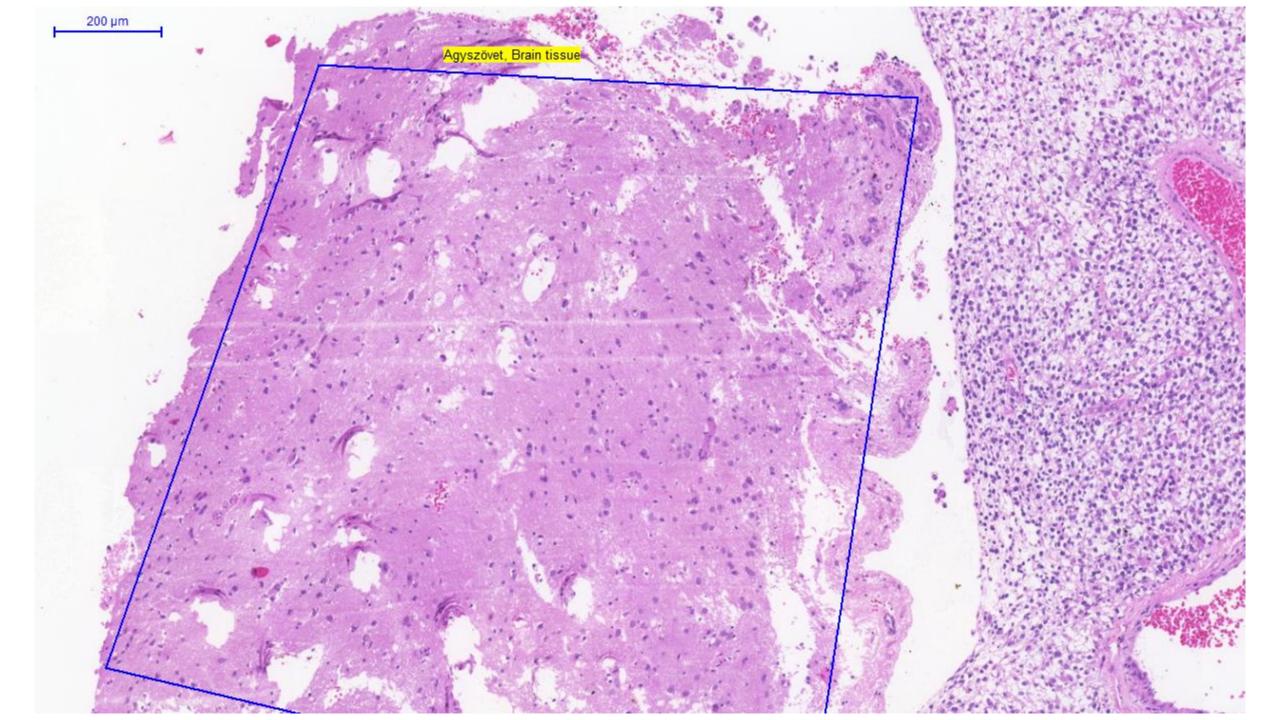


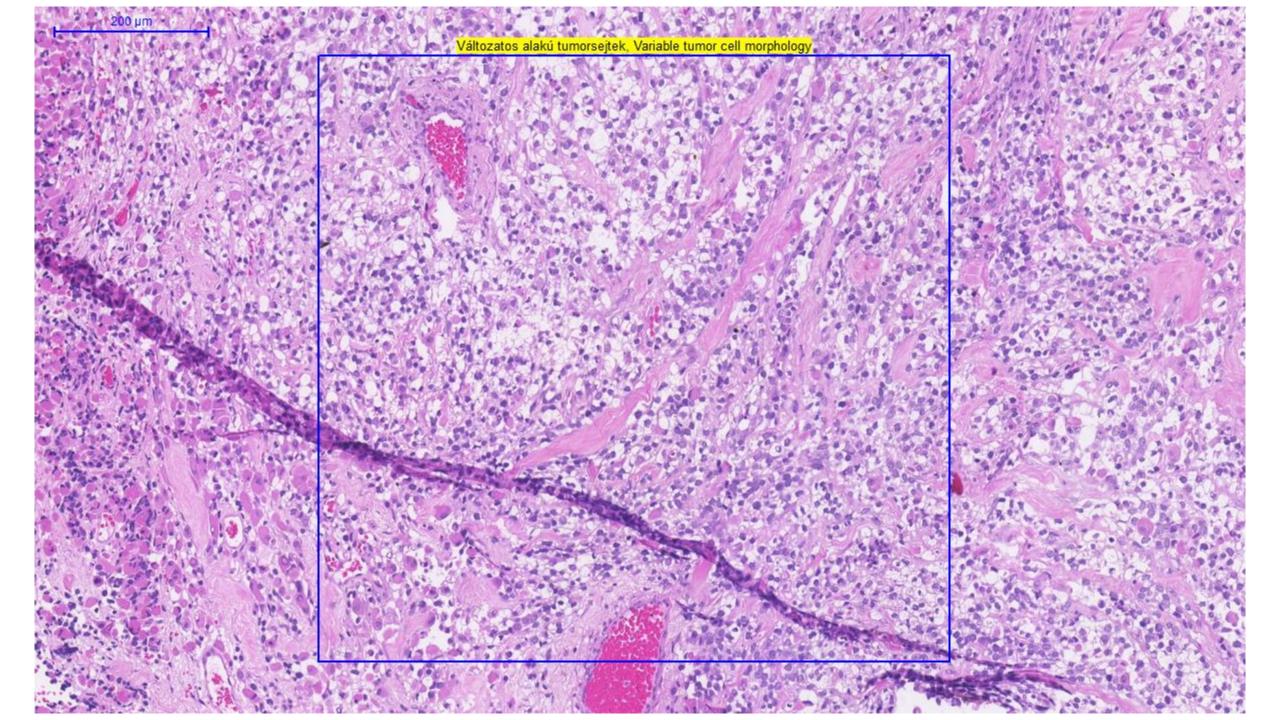


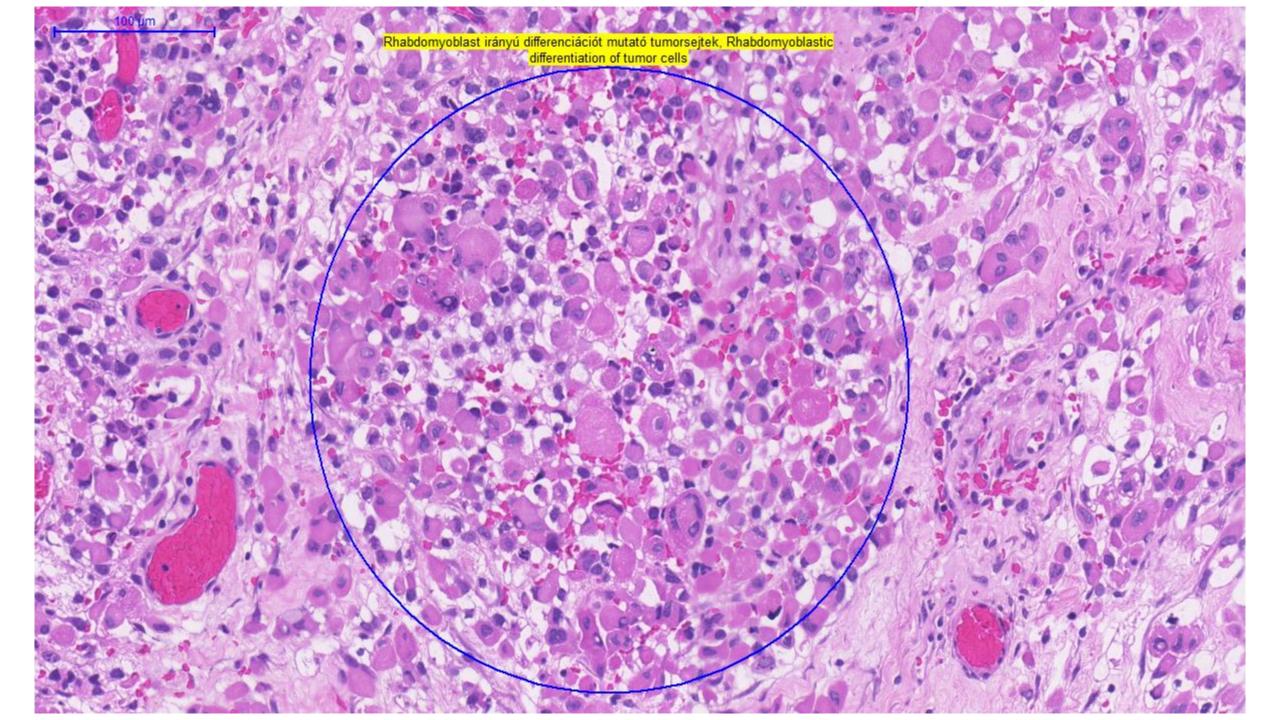


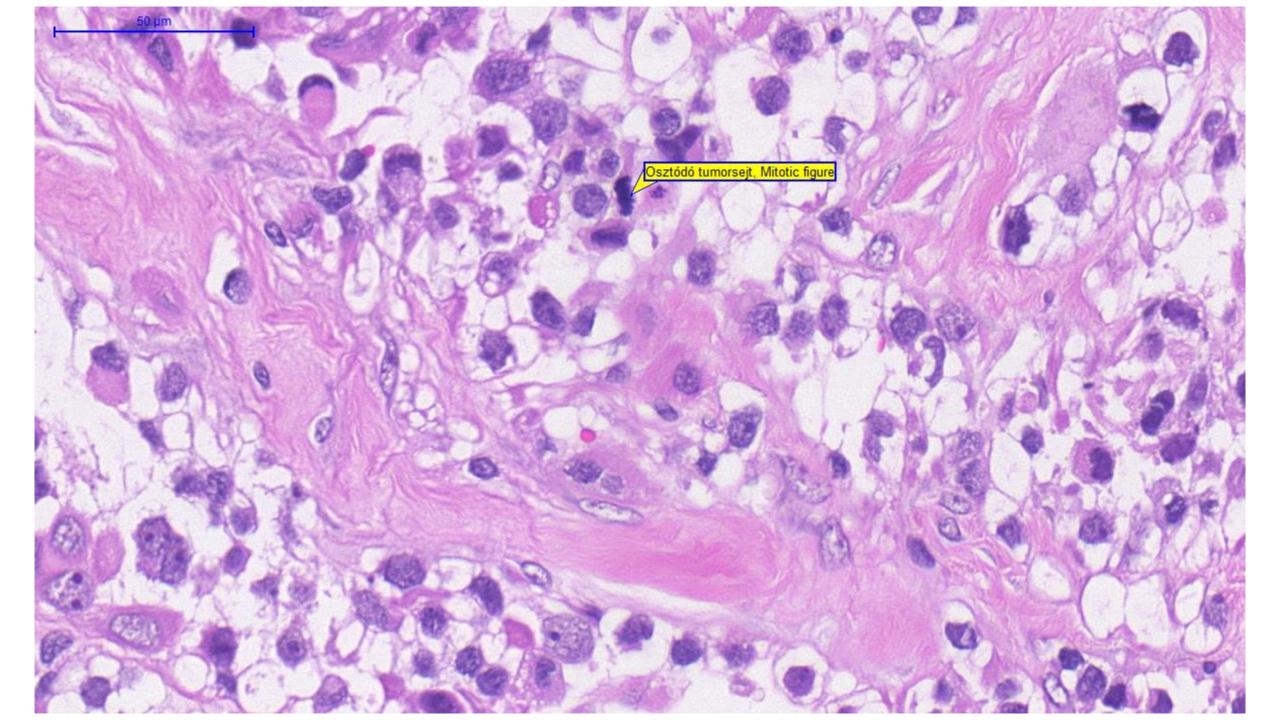


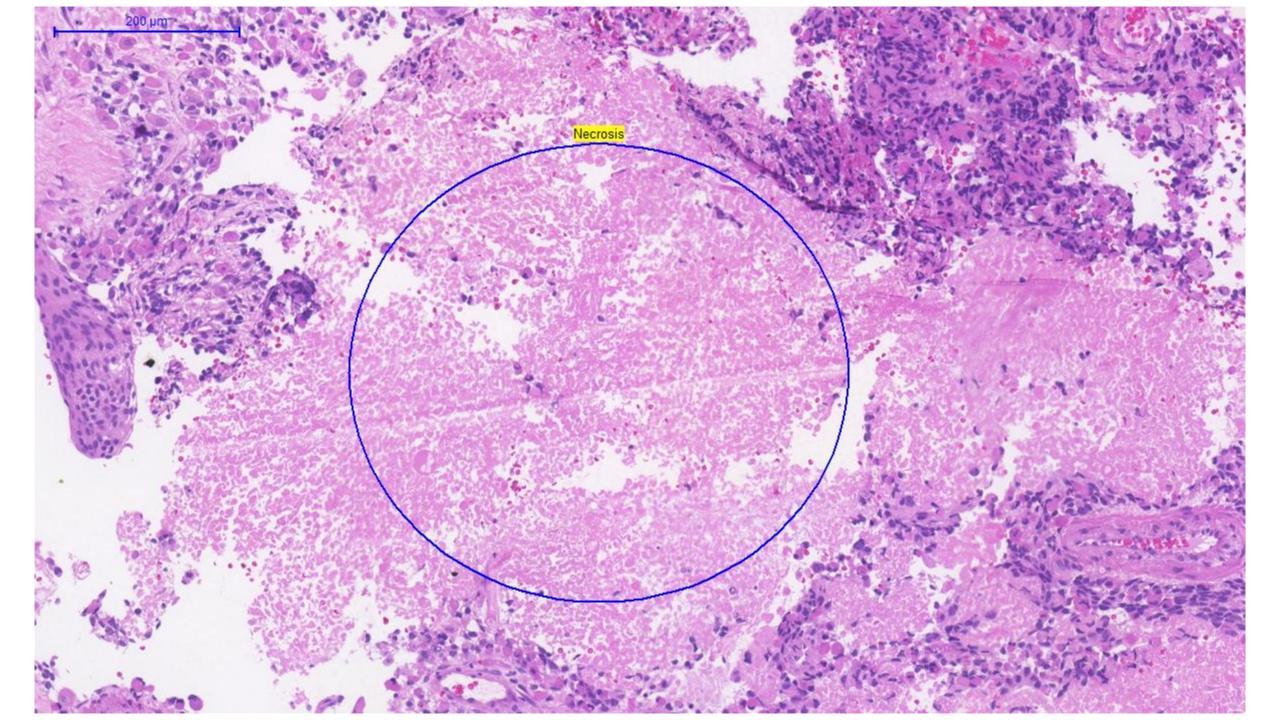
Rhabdomyosarcoma-Brain

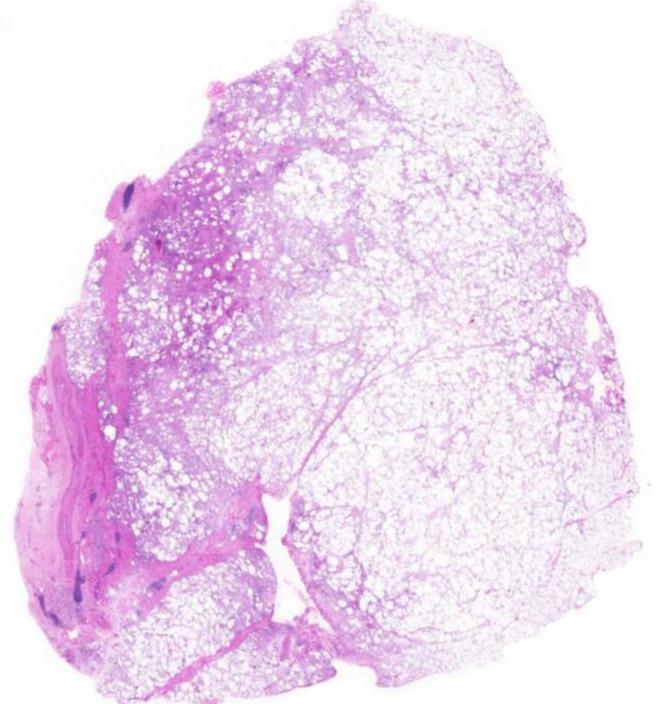




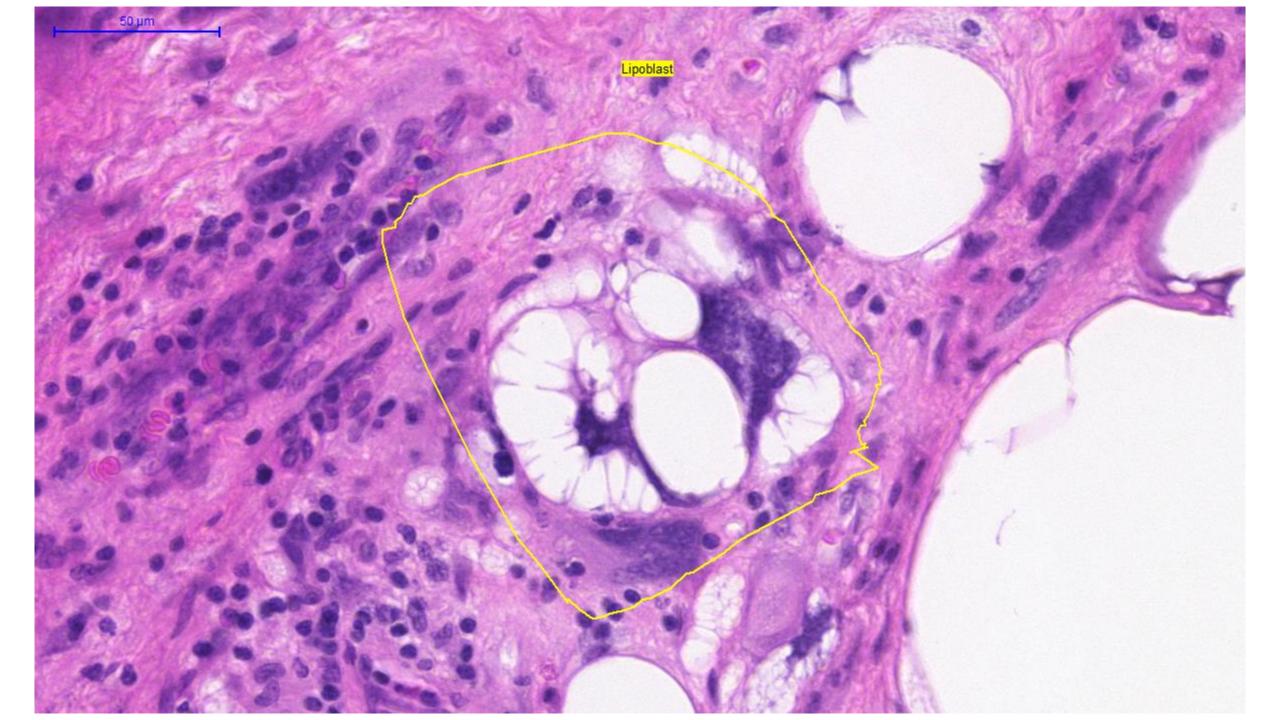


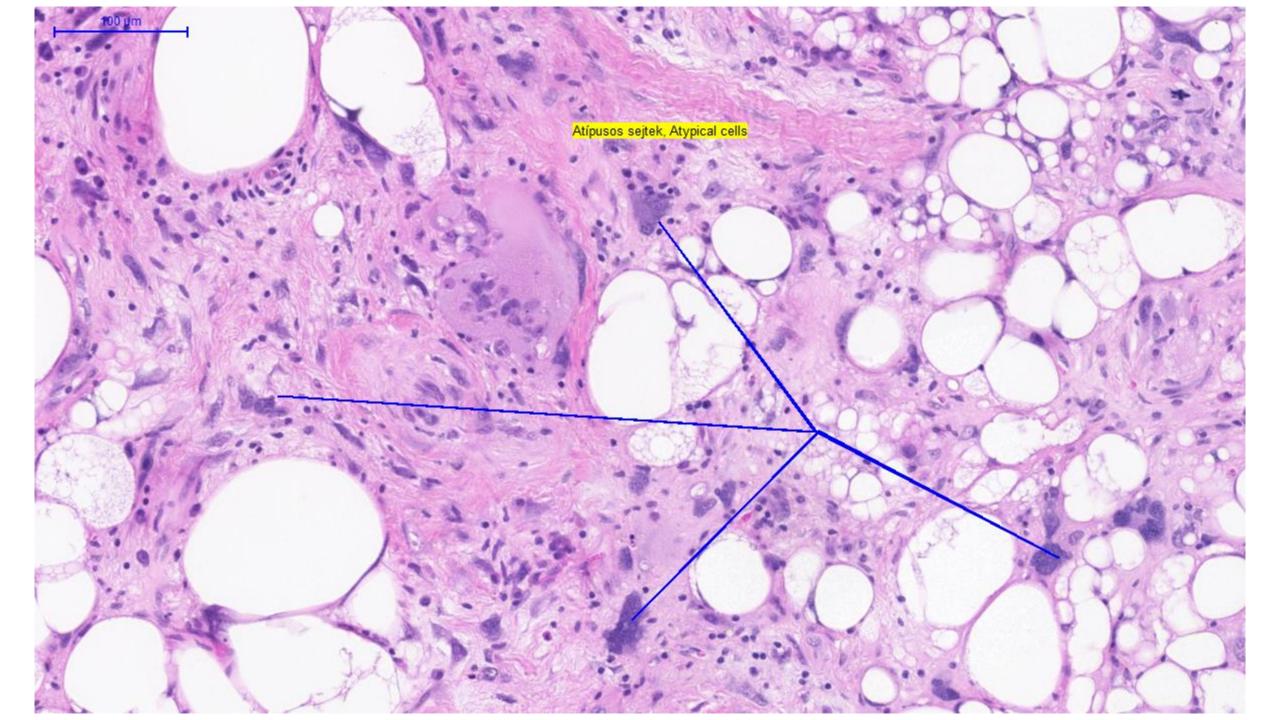


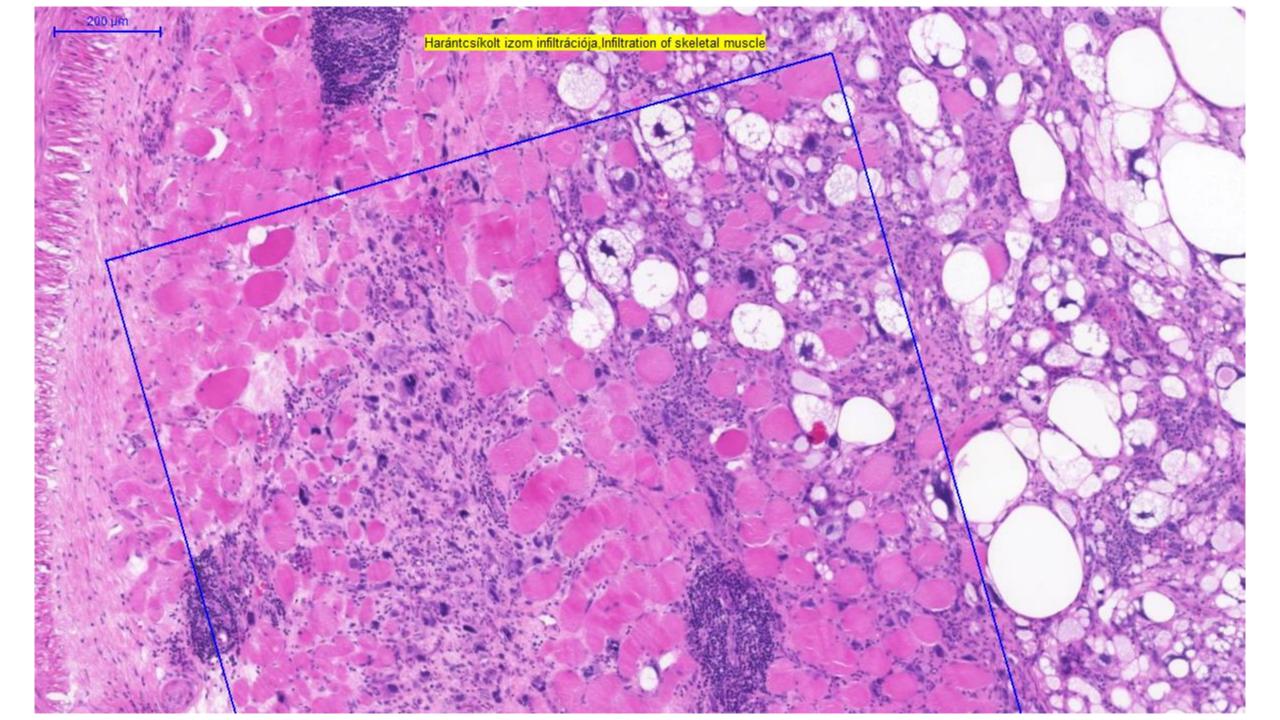


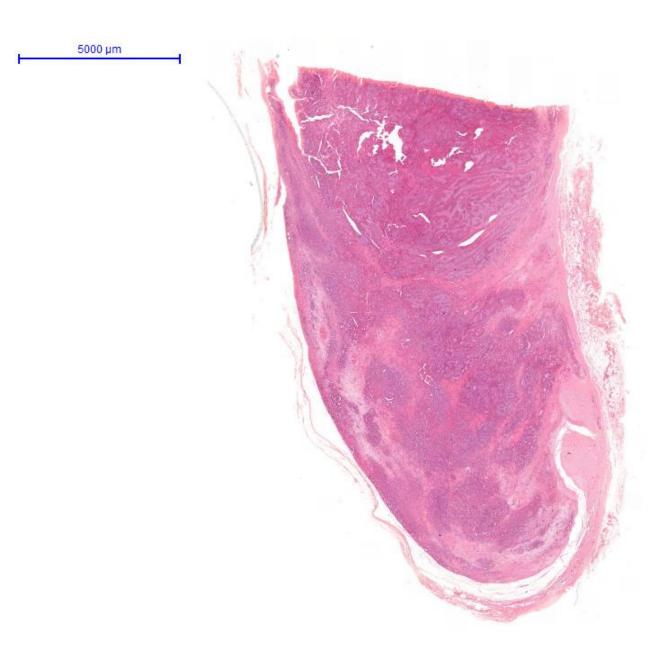


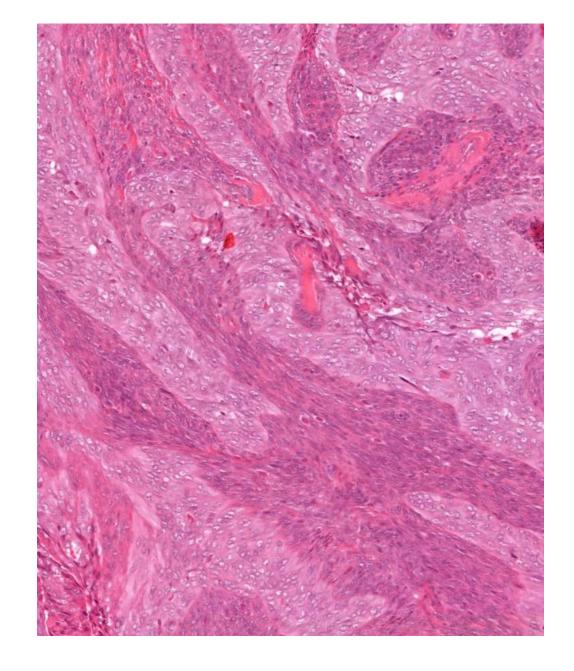
Liposarcoma-Retroperitoneum



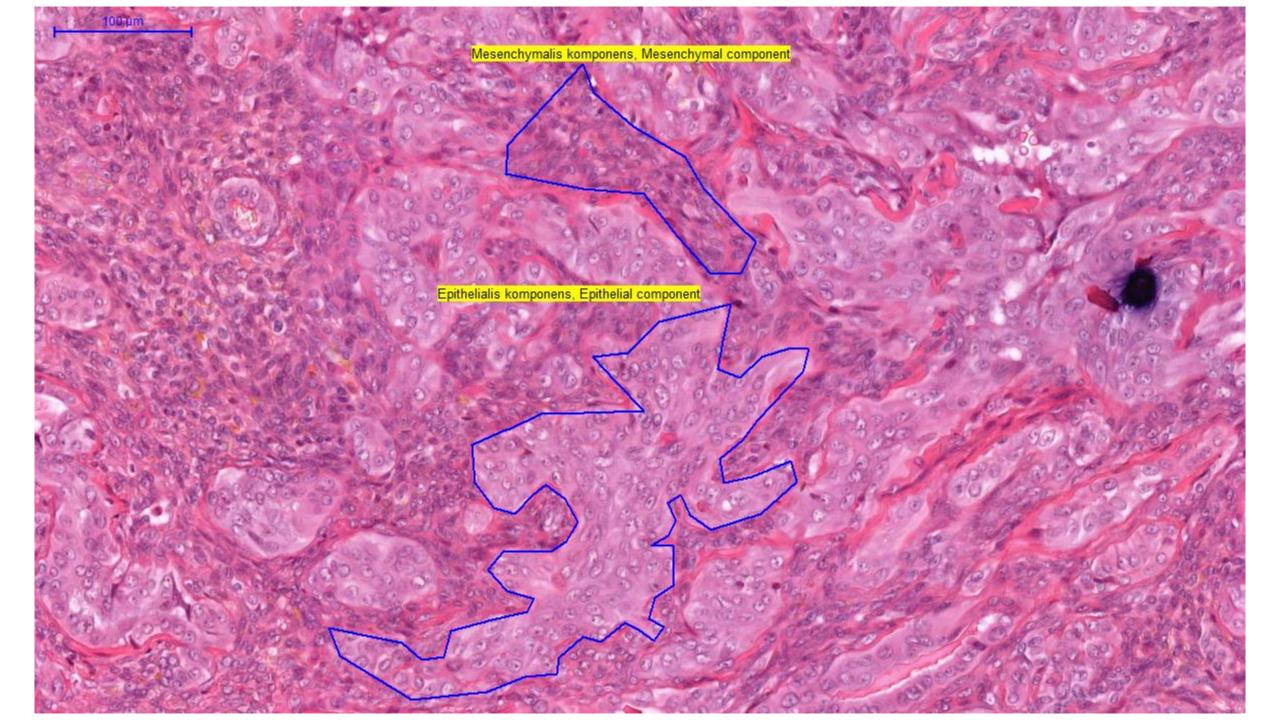


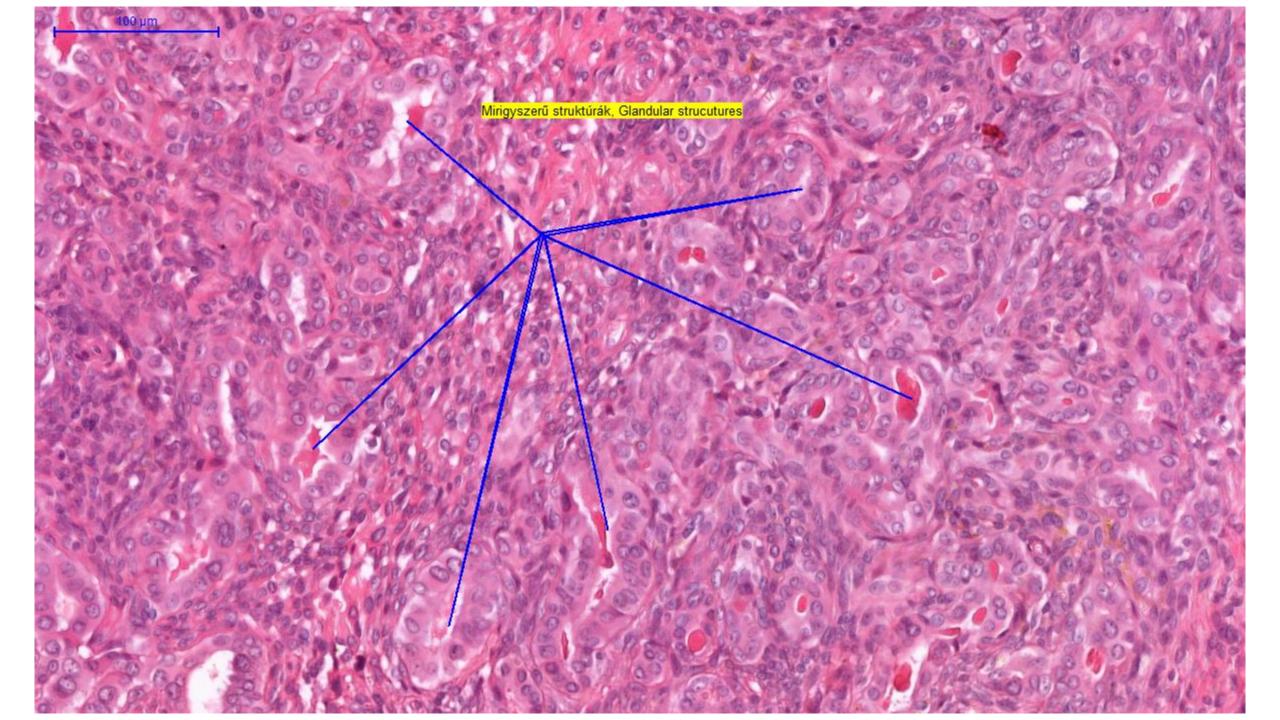


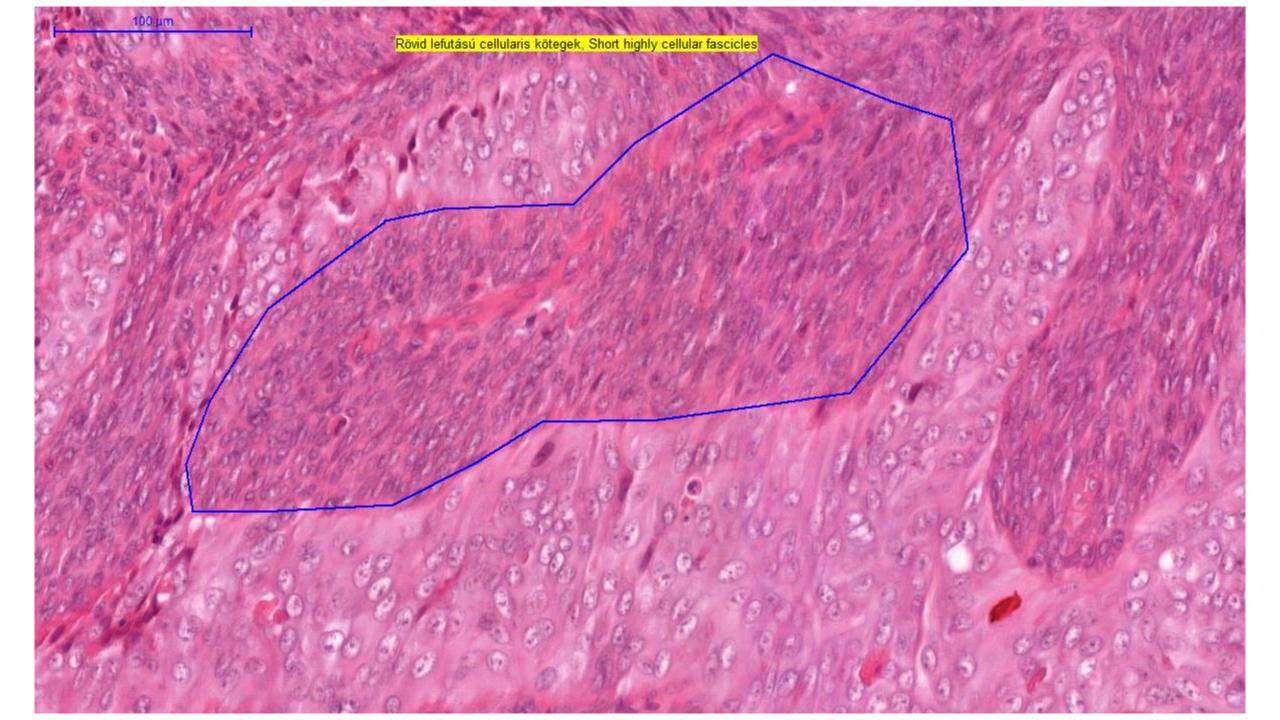


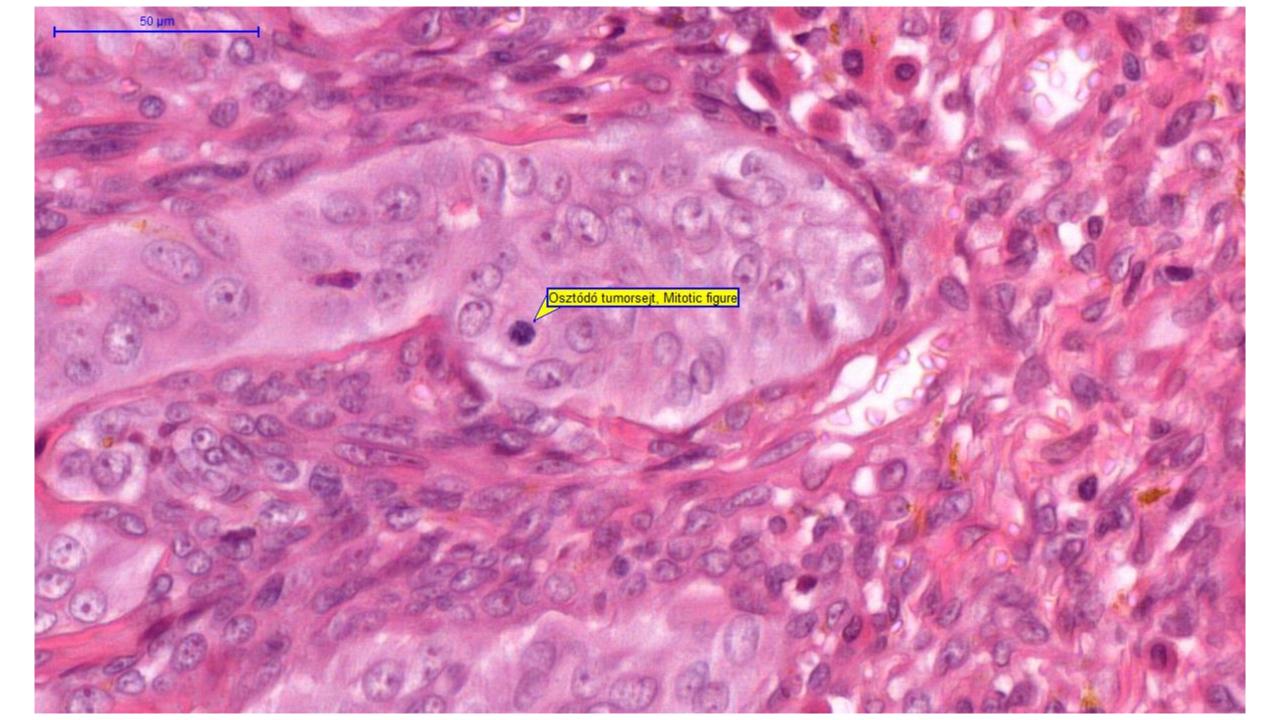


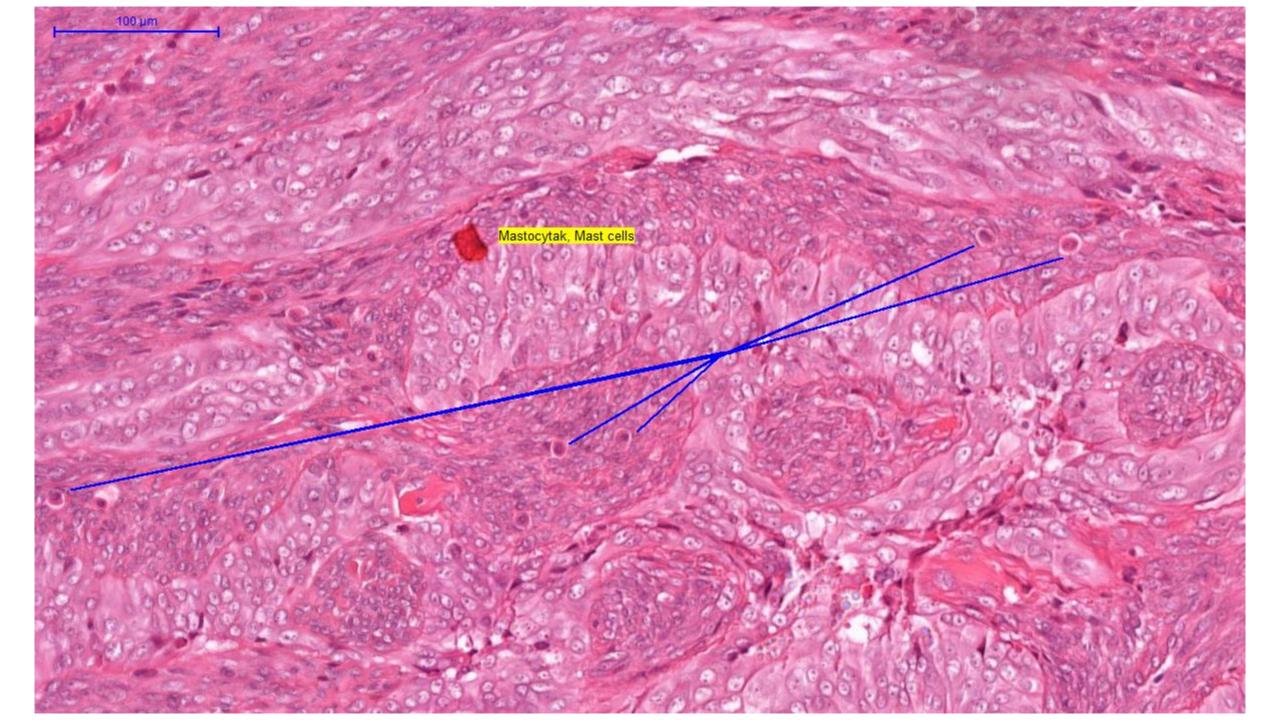
Synovial sarcoma-Subcutaneous tissue













Benign
Small bones of hands and feet
Circumscribed hyaline cartilage nodule in medulla- enchondroma
at the surface-chondroma

Age: 30-50





Benign peripheral nerve sheath tumor

Localized cutaneous neurofibromas -solitary -multiplex, NF1

Plexiform neurofibromas, NF1,
-risk of malignant transformation

Diffuse neurofibromas, NF1





Gritty, gray-white, and often contain areas of hemorrhage and cystic degeneration

Bimodal age distribution;

- 75% younger than 20 years of age
- 25% in older adults

Most common sites in adolescents are the metaphyseal regions of the distal femur and proximal tibia

