

CORE BUILD-UPS AND POST RESTORATIONS

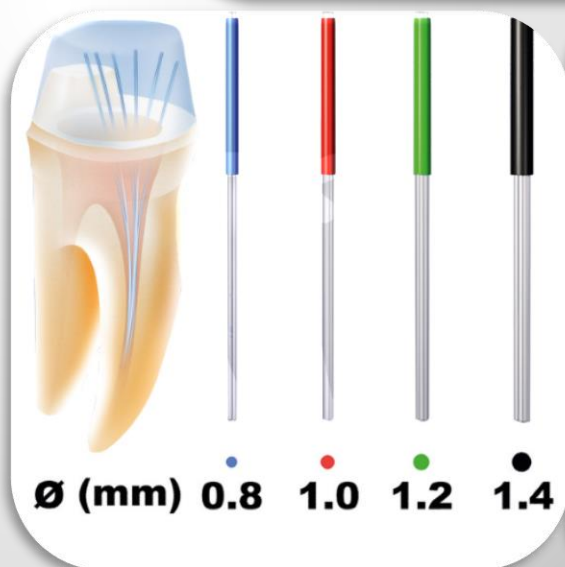
Dr. Szabó Enikő
egyetemi adjunktus

Helyreállító Fogászati és Endodonciai Klinika



SEMMELWEIS
EGYETEM 1769

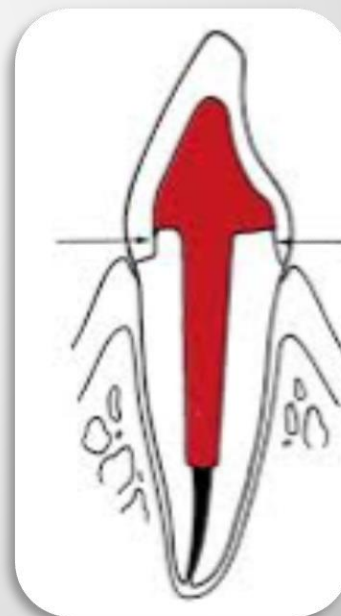
Post restorations



Post restorations

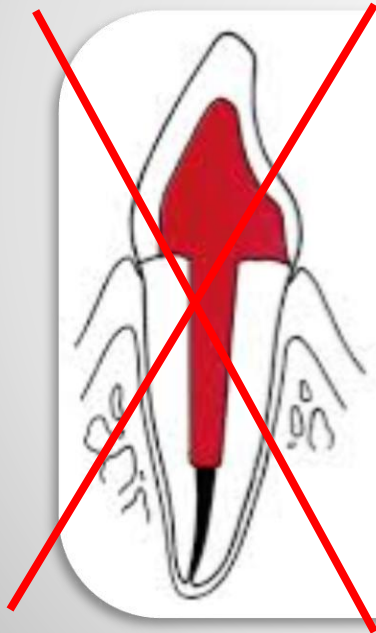
Def: restoration increasing the retention surface of a core build-up extending into the root canal space

It does NOT strengthen the tooth, it weakens it

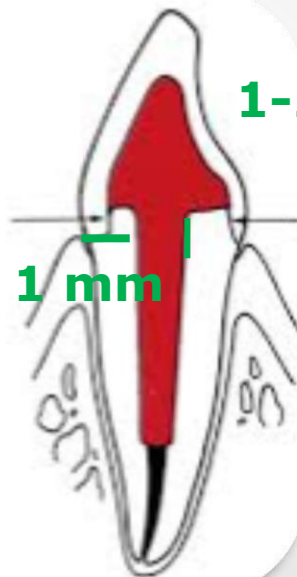


Ferrule-effect

no
Ferrule-effect

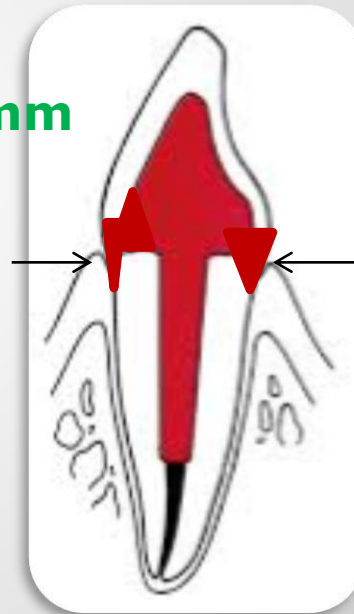


Cast metal
post&core



1-2mm

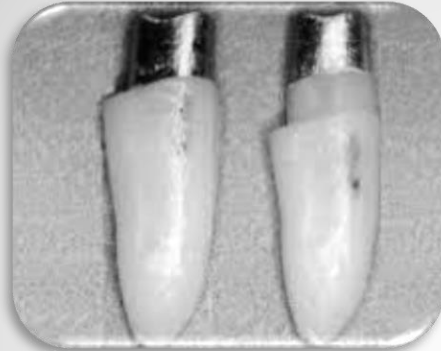
Cast metal
post&core with
collar



No Ferrule-effect!



Indication of post restorations



Maggio JJ. When to place a post and how: a scientific approach to a clinical question.
<https://ubdentalalumni.org/site/files/Maggio%20handout.pdf>



<https://analyticaderetail.com/cast-post-and-core-k.html>

- Extensive loss of clinical crown after preparation for crown restoration
- Height of the core is less than 3-4 mm
- Enhances retention of core build-up
- Ferrule-effect can be achieved:
 1-2 mm high
 1 mm wide

Indication of post restorations



Types of posts

- ~~Prefabricated metal posts~~
- Stiff individual post&cores
 - metal (Au, Co-Cr, Ag-Pa, Ti)
 - zirconium
 - ceramic
- Elastic posts
 - Individual glass fiber posts
 - Prefabricated glass fiber posts



long, paralell glass fibers

Stiff individual post&core

**post&core is
one unit**



**cast metal
post&core**



**zirconium/ceramic
post&core**

elasticity:

less than dentin

less than dentin

shade:

not esthetic

esthetic

relationship to rc:

fills out prepared space

fills out prepared space

cementation:

cement e.g. GIC

resin cement

retention:

friction

microretention + friction

cement thickness

thin

thin

Elastic posts

Glass fibers in composite matrix

**post&core is
NOT one unit**



**Prefabricated
glass fiber post**



**Individual
glass fiber post**

elasticity:

similar to dentin

similar to dentin

shade:

esthetic

esthetic

relationship to rc:

does not fill out
prepared space

fills out
prepared space

cementation:

resin cement

resin cement

retention:

microretention

microretention + friction

cement thickness

thick

thin



Making cast metal post&core




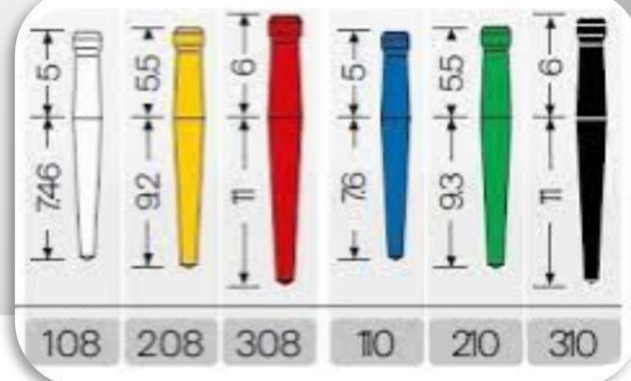
Penetration drill:
for removing
guttapercha

Calibration drill:
for final
preparation

Burn-out plastic
post:
For taking
impression

SET OF 1 MM

Special penetration drill	REF C 0212
	1x   
Special calibrating drill	REF C 0213
	1x   
Burn-out plastic posts Uniclip	REF C 215U
	40x   
Special precalibrating drill	REF C 0214
	1x   
Mandrel	REF A 219P
	1x 



Making cast metal post&core

Length: maximum 4mm from apex (4mm guttapercha)
because delta apicale is present in apical 3mm of rc, we would like to seal this w/ guttapercha

minimum length of clinical crown

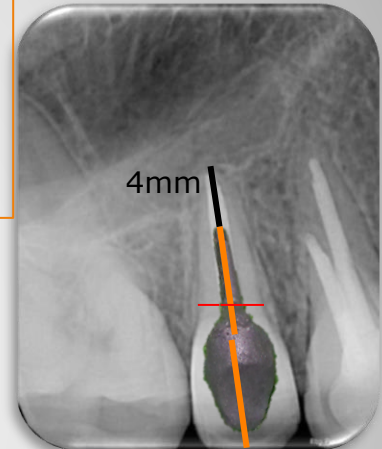
Diameter: maximum 1/3 of root diameter

- Tooth preparation for crown
- Preparation of post space in root canal
- Occlusal divergance, oval access cavity
- Removing remaining guttapercha from wall
w/ calibration drill, H-file
- Taking impressions:
 - Precisional-situational impression
 - Antagonistic impression
 - Bite registration
- Temporary restoration
temporary filling or temporary post-crown

Kép két fúró!

Prep fog koronához

lenyomat



Cementation of cast metal post&core

- Relative isolation of tooth
- Washing (DW) and drying (paper point) root canal
- Cleaning post w/ alcohol
- Cementation: GIC, polycarboxilate cement
- Removing excess cement
- Tooth preparation for crown
- Taking impression for crown
- Preparaing temporary crown
- Cementation of final crown restoration



Making cast metal post&core



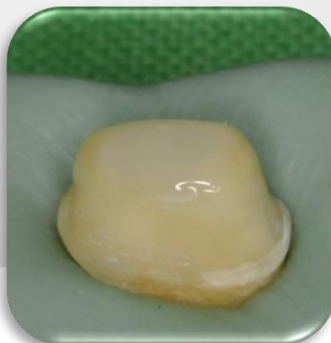
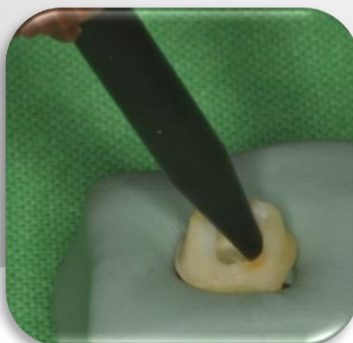
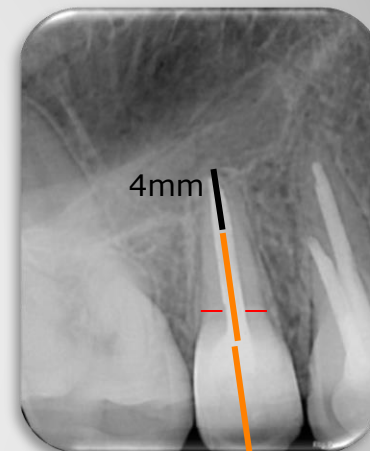
Glass fiber posts



glass fiber post=adhesive post=elastic post

Core build-up with glass fiber posts

- Absolute isolation
- Preparing post space
- Removing guttapercha from wall
- Post try-in, cutting to length H~~X~~O
- Cementation: dual-cure resin cement
- Removing excess cement
- Core build-up by composite
- Preparation for crown
- Taking impression for crown
- Preparing temporary crown
- Cementation of final crown



Cementation of fiber posts

classic adhesives
universal adhesives

- Etch&rinse technique
 - etch-wash-adhesive-cement
- Self-etch technique
 - adhesive-cement
- Self-adhesive resin cement
 - cement

W/ etch&rinse technique

2 step

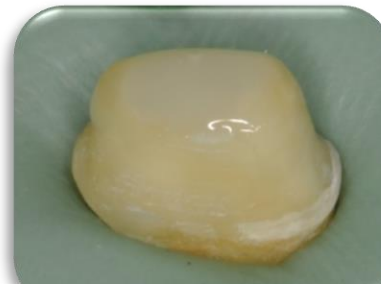
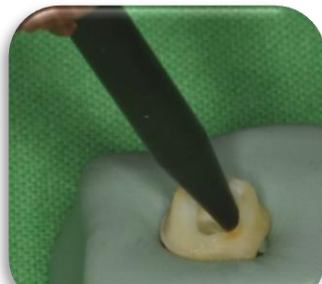
Root canal:

isolation
etching w/ orto-phosphoric acid
adhesive
(activator)

Post:

measure length
try-in
cut to length
clean w/ alcohol

placing dual-cure resin cement into rc
post placement
polymerisation
core build-up



W/ self-etch technique 1 step



Root canal:
isolation
adhesive
(activator)

Post:
measure length
try-in
cut to length
clean w/ alcohol

placing dual-cure resin cement into rc
post placement
polymerisation
core build-up



Adhesive cementation

IMPORTANT!!!

When using universal adhesives

With etch&rinse and self-etch technique

Same brand adhesive + resin cement matching

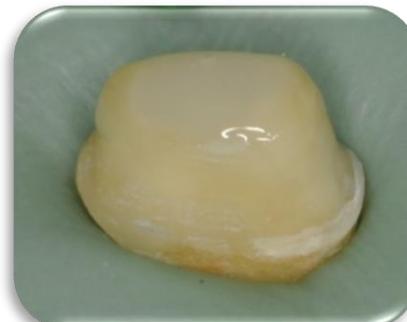
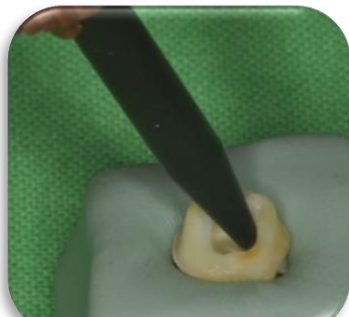
Makes it possible to exclude activator (according to manufacturer's instructions)

W/ self-adhesive cement

Root canal:
isolation

Post:
measure length
try-in
cut to length
clean w/ alcohol

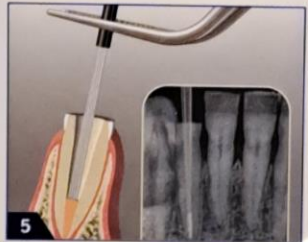
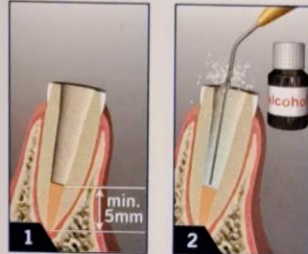
placing dual-cure resin cement into rc
post placement
polymerisation
core build-up





1 Rebuild Post GT

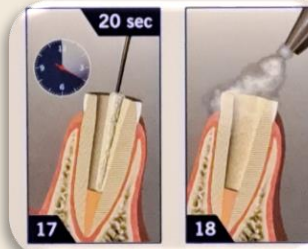
Number of single fibres	4	6	9	12
Ø (mm)	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.4



2 Ceramic Bond



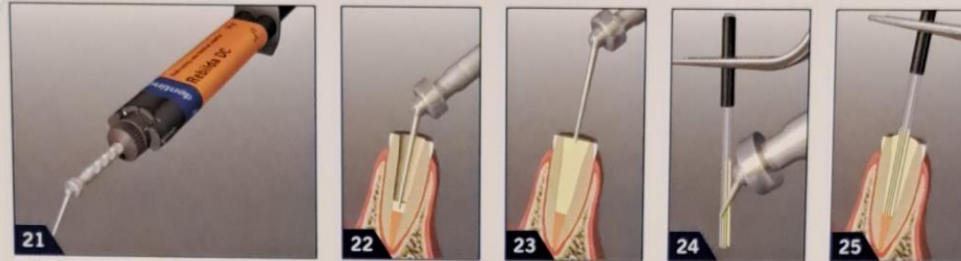
3 Adhesive



Ceramic Bond VOCO GmbH

- silane
- metachrylate phosphoric acid ester

4 Rebuilda DC



Shortening before
polymerisation



Shortening after
polymerisation



Thank you for your
attention!



SEMMELWEIS
EGYETEM 1769