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 - "A machine's ability to make decisions and perform tasks that simulate human intelligence and behavior.

Artificial Intelligence

The field of computer science that seeks to create intelligent machines that can replicate or exceed human intelligence



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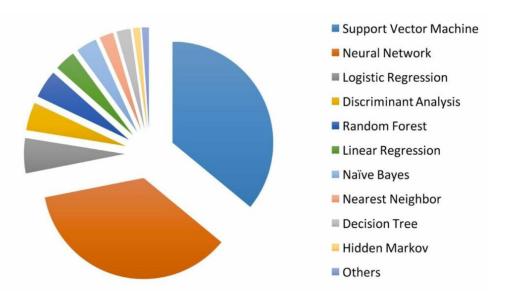
Deep Learning

A machine learning technique in which layers of neural networks are used to process data and make decisions





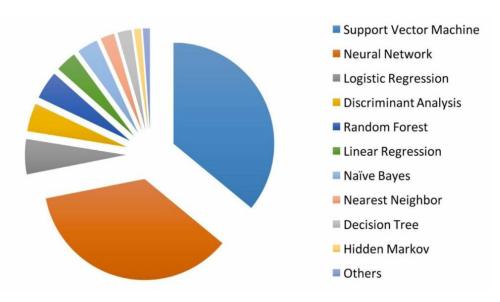
methods



Machine learning algorithms used in the medical literature Artificial intelligence in healthcare: past, present and future, svn-2017-000101



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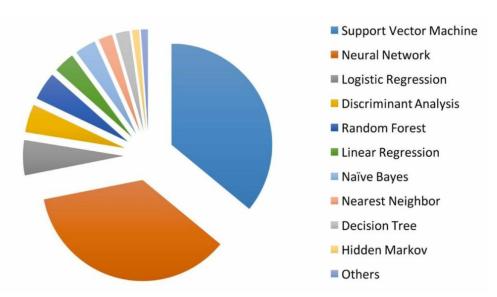
disease detection

- Bladder tumor
- Alzheimer
- Breast cancer
- Tuberculosis
- Cardiac arrest
- Skin lesion
- Artery occlusion
- Diabetic retinopathy
- Hypertension
- Vertical root fracture
- ...

Artificial intelligence in disease diagnosis: a systematic literature review, ... J Ambient Intell Humaniz Comput. 2023; 14(7): 8459–8486 https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC8754556/



methods



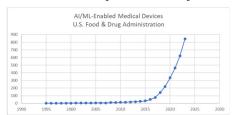
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AI/ML-Enabled Medical Devices

- Detection of bladder tumor
- Counting and recognizing specific cell types
- Diagnosis of infarcts, Alzheimer's, cancer, etc.
- Detection of depression
- Choice and dosing of drugs
- Diagnosis of heart diseases, degenerative diseases of the brain, etc.
- Detection of epidemics
- Prognosis of the time of death of intensive care patients

- ...

Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning (AI/ML)-Enabled Medical Devices U.S. Food & Drug Administration, 950 entries, 08/07/24





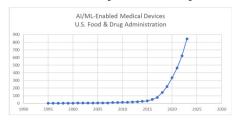
 AI/ML provide the ability to analyze data and provide important insights.

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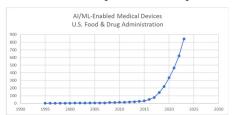
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- Medical device manufacturers are using these technologies to innovate their products to better assist health care providers and improve patient care.

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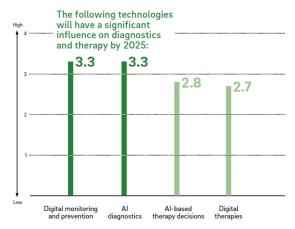
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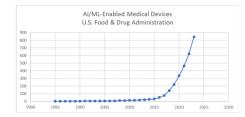
It's unlikely that AI will replace doctors outright. Instead, AI systems will be used to highlight potentially malignant lesions or dangerous cardiac patterns for the expert – allowing the doctor to focus on the interpretation of those signals.

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Data matter



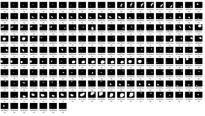
Annotated data





Robust Medical Instrument Segmentation (ROBUST-MIS)





Gastrointestinal Image ANAlysis (GIANA)





HeiChole Surgical Workflow Analysis and Full Scene Segmentation (HeiSurF)

Image Prediction Certainty

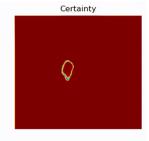




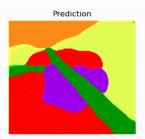


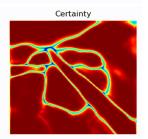






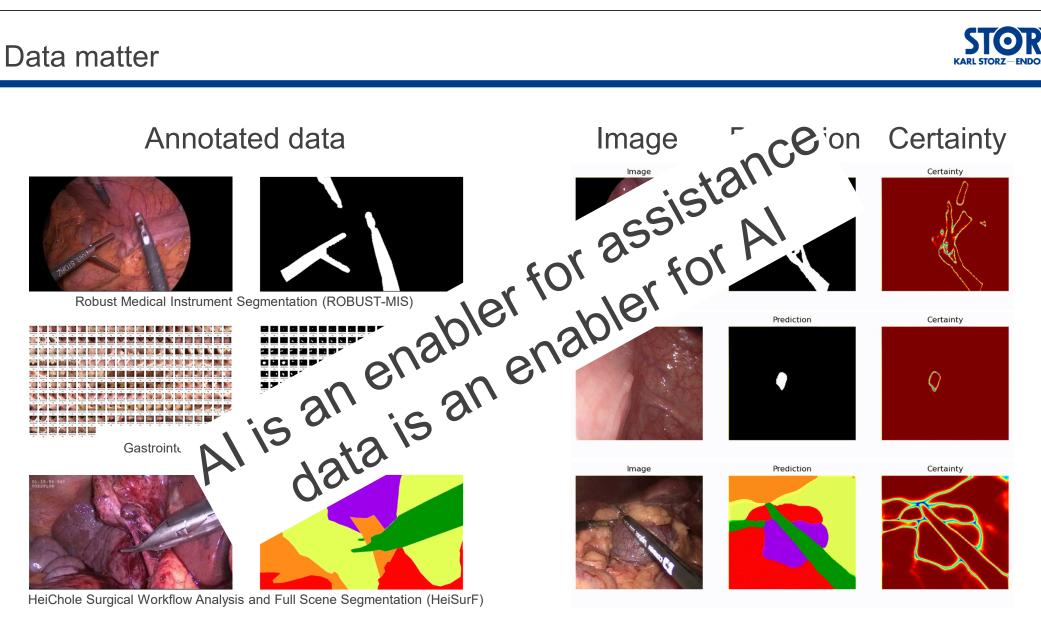






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- Definition: Deep Learning (Source: HCIT Experts)
 - "The ability for machines to autonomously mimic human thought patterns through artificial neural networks composed of cascading layers of information."
- Definition: Generative Al (Source: TechExperts)
 - "Generative artificial intelligence (GenAI, or GAI) is artificial intelligence capable of generating text, images, videos, or other data."

Artificial Intelligence

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Machine Learning

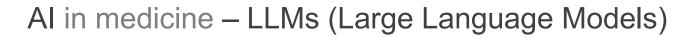
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Deep Learning

A machine learning technique in which layers of neural networks are used to process data and make decisions

Generative Al

Create new written, visual, and auditory content given prompts or existing data





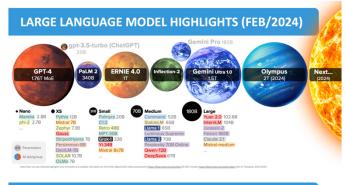
| | Olympus | Amazon | |
|------|----------------|-----------|------|
| | GPT-5 | OpenAl | |
| | Grok-3 | xAI | |
| | MAI-1 | Microsoft | |
| | IVIAI- I | MICIOSOIL | |
| 2024 | Grok-2 | xAl | 600B |
| 2024 | Llama 3.1 | Meta Al | 405B |
| 2024 | Claude 3.5 | Anthropic | |
| 2024 | Nemotron-4 | NVIDIA | 340B |
| 2024 | Llama 3.1 | Meta Al | 70B |
| 2024 | Grok-1.5 | xAl | 314B |
| 2024 | Claude 3 | Anthropic | 2T |
| 2024 | Gemini 1.5 | Google | |
| | | ŭ | |
| 2023 | ERNIE 4.0 | Baidu | |
| 2023 | Llama 2 | Meta Al | 70B |
| 2023 | Claude 2 | Anthropic | |
| 2023 | GPT-4 | OpenAl | 1T |
| 2023 | Llama | Meta Al | 65B |
| | | | |
| 2022 | GPT-3.5 | OpenAl | |
| 2022 | PaLM | Google | 540B |
| | | | |
| 2021 | ERNIE 3.0 | Baidu | 260B |
| 2021 | NLG | NVIDIA | 530B |
| | | | |
| 2020 | GPT-3 | OpenAl | 175B |
| 2020 | BlenderBot 1.0 | Facebook | |
| | | | |
| 2019 | GPT-2 | OpenAl | 1.5B |
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| 2018 | BERT | Google | 340M |
| 2018 | GPT-1 | OpenAl | 117M |
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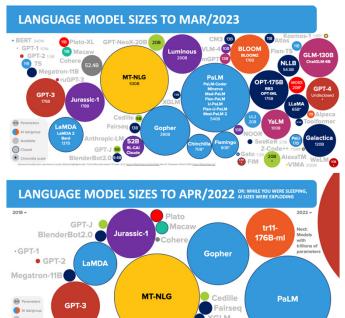
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Al in medicine – LLMs (Large Language Models)



| | Olympus GPT-5 Grok-3 | Amazon OpenAl xAl | |
|------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| | MAI-1 | Microsoft | |
| 2024 | Grok-2 Llama 3.1 | xAl Meta Al | 600B 405B |
| 2024 | Claude 3.5 | Anthropic | 1002 |
| 2024 | Nemotron-4 | NVIDIA | 340B |
| 2024 | Llama 3.1 | Meta Al | 70B |
| 2024 | Grok-1.5 | xAl | 314B |
| 2024 | Claude 3 | Anthropic | 2T |
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| 2022 | ralivi | Google | 3406 |
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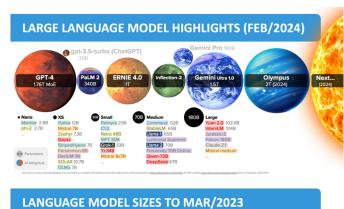
adapted from https://lifearchitect.ai

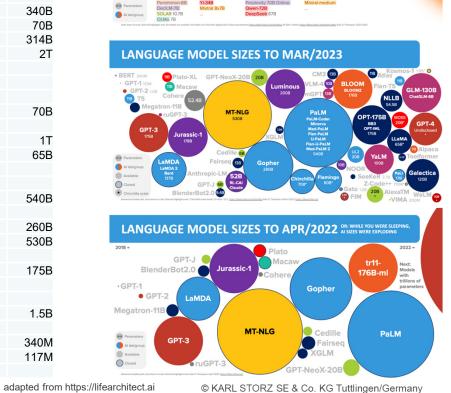
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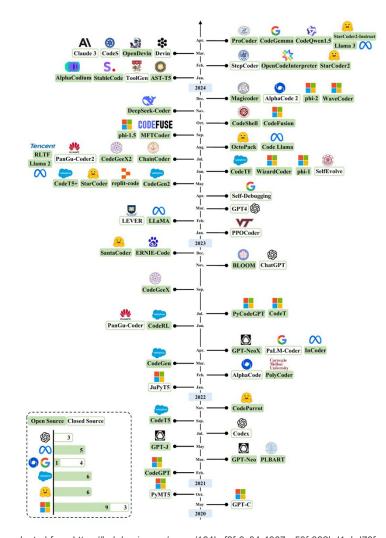
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adapted from https://hub.baai.ac.cn/paper/164bcf3f-6c34-4007-a50f-382bd1abd70f