## Semmelweis University Department of Anatomy, Histology and Embryology 2022/2023

## Faculty of Dentistry 1<sup>st</sup> year, 2<sup>nd</sup> semester

# HANDBOOK Macroscopic Anatomy and Embryology II Microscopic Anatomy and Embryology I



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#### Macroscopic Anatomy and Embryology II.

#### **TEACHING DEPARTMENT:**

SEMMELWEIS UNIVERSITY
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#### LEARNING OBJECTIVES

**Aims of the lectures in anatomy**: Presentation of the important and/or complicated chapters of Human Anatomy (thorax, pelvis, hand, foot, skull, heart, chapters of the visceral organs, central nervous system, organs of special senses, topographical anatomy) together with relevant chapters of Human development. **Aims of the practical sessions in the dissecting room**: Based on the weekly programs (see separate), students will both observe prosected cadaver specimens (bones, joints, muscles, viscera, brain) and perform dissections on parts of, or on an entire, enbalmed cadaver.

Students are supervised by the lab instructors. Bones, joints, muscles and peripheral nervous system will be primarily taught in the dissecting room.

**LECTURES**: First semester: 1x 45 min; second semester: 2x 45 min.

PRACTICAL CLASSES: First semester: 6x 45 min; second semester: 5x 45 min.

**ECTS CREDITS**: Altogether 16 (first semester: 7; second semester: 7).

**MIDTERM TESTS:** Oral

#### **ACCEPTENCE OF THE SEMESTER:**

Active participation in dissection room sessions is obligatory for every student. Students should attend at least 75% of the scheduled hours, including the midterm tests, to gain a signature proving the validity of the semester. Absences are therefore limited in **25%**. Attendance will be recorded in the dissection room classes. Midterm absences should be made up for on selected retake dates.

#### **TYPE OF EXAMS**: oral and written

First semester: semifinal examination, second semester: final exam

Semifinal and final examinations consist of written and oral (practical and theoretical) parts

- 1. Written pretest (e-learning module access to SeKA account is obligatory)
- 2. Macroscopic Anatomy (identification of structures on true anatomical specimens) including relevent theoretical/embryological questions

#### RULES AND REGULATIONS IN THE DISSECTING ROOM

IT IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN TO eat, drink, to chew a gum, or to use music devices / phones.

Bags and coats should ALWAYS be left in the lockers PRIOR TO entering the dissecting room.

The lockers will have to be locked using your OWN padlocks. Please, remember to keep your valuables always on you, the department takes no responsibility for lost items.

#### Students are expected to be prepared for the practical work.

Everybody is supposed to behave in the dissecting room conforming to the spirit of the site. Loud speech, out-of-place jokes and any kind of behaviour, disregarding the dignity of human corpses, should strictly be avoided.

Students should take care of the equipment of the dissecting room. Do not sit on the dissection tables or stand on the tripod stools to avoid accidents. **Fire and work safety regulations** should be maintained. The dissection room is a hazard area. **Cleanliness and order** should be kept.

**Working** in the dissection room involves the use of **sharp and pointed tools**, injuries should be reported to the lab instructor. The technical personnel will provide first aid when necessary.

The **white lab coats** should be worn while in the dissection room to protect one's clothing from contacting the cadaver specimen. The department is not responsible for valuables left in the dissecting room.

Only the members of the study group can participate in the sessions, visitors may be present only with prior permission from the lab instructor. Students can leave the sessions only with the approval of the lab instructor.

#### It is strictly prohibited to make recordings in the dissection room.

Specimen preparations should be wrapped and labeled. Dissection materials of other groups or individuals should not be handled. Dissected cadaver pieces should be discarded in a designated container and discarded blades have to be collected separately.

Students may not stay in the dissecting room without the supervision of one of the assistants of the department. In the absence of an instructor, the technical personnel should ask the students to leave the dissecting room.

#### WORK / ENVIRONMENTAL PROTOCOL AND INFECTION CONTROL

#### **GENERAL RULES**

- 1. Frequently wash your hands using soap and warm water.
- 2. Sanitise your hand frequently.
- 3. Do not touch your face or eye.
- 4. It is <u>STRICTLY FORBIDDEN</u> to consume food, drinks or chewing gum <u>anywhere</u> on the premises of the department (including lecture halls, dissection rooms, histology laboratories or on the hallways, staircases.
- 5. Use paper tissues in case you cough or sneeze and dispose of them immediately in the designated bins.

#### SPECIFIC RULES CONCERNING THE HISTOLOGY LABORATORIES

- 1. You may clean the surfaces with wet towels before you start using them.
- 2. Food and drinks are **strictly forbidden** on the premises of the department.

#### SPECIFIC RULES CONCERNING THE DISSECTION ROOMS

- 1. Lab coats (buttoned up) must be worn in the dissecting room at all time.
- 2. Use hand sanitizers upon entering. Rubber gloves are provided for dissection.
- 3. Loose/long hair must be tied back before dissection.
- 4. Food and drinks are **<u>strictly forbidden</u>** on the premises of the department.
- 5. Only books, sketch, or notebooks, atlases and dissection tools (as well as ID, cards, phones etc) to be used during the dissection classes are allowed in the labs. All other items should be left in the lockers.

- 6. Have your own padlock on you to lock your stuff and/or clothes in the lockers
- 7. No valuable items should be left in the lockers, the department does not bear the responsibility for lost items/valuables.
- 8. Scalpels, blades and tweezers will have to be carried in a tightly closed and hard box. Please make sure that nobody is harmed when working with the sharp and pointed tools.
- 9. Accidents must be reported to the teacher first and wounds will be dressed with the help of the dissection room assistants.
- 10. Lab coats and rubber gloves are to be worn in the dissection room units only! Do not step out (not even for using the washroom) from the dissection unit while still wearing a lab coat.
- 11. It is strictly forbidden to take bones or other anatomical specimens or samples etc. from the dissecting room.
- 12. Dry and wet samples must be treated separately. Please wash the gloves during dissection before you start handling bones or dry /plastinated specimen.
- 13. There is a bell ringing 5 minutes before the end of the practical classes. Then all cadaver specimens will have to be properly wrapped and put away in their bags or boxes.
- 14. Dissection leftovers should be discarded in the special containers and the trays should be left <u>clean</u> and dry.
- 15. Dissection tools should be properly washed.
- 16. Disposable scalpels/blades could be disposed of <u>in special yellow/red containers designed for sharps</u> <u>and hazardous material</u>. Gloves must be discarded in labelled bins only, but NEVER in communal/paper waste!
- 17. The dissection unit may only be left following a thorough handwash using a disinfectant soap.
- 18. Please make sure that you leave the dissecting room quickly to provide time for the personnel to clean the surfaces between classes.

#### FIRE SAFETY PROTOCOL

Please make sure to adhere to the rules of fire safety regulation with full compliance, paying special attention to the following:

- 1. The use of naked light or smoking is **STRICTLY PROHIBITED** on the premises of the Department, including the building and the yard.
- 2. In case of fire, a loud fire alarm signal is to ring throughout the building. In case of a fire drill, the building must be left organized, with the guidance of the teacher/instructor of the group, using the exits as quick as possible. Escape routes are illustrated on every floor.
- 3. The use of elevators is STRICTLY PROHIBITED during a fire drill.
- 4. Every lecture room has 3 accessible entrances/exits. Students usually enter and leave through the lower single entrance under normal circumstances. When necessary, i.e. in case of fire, the upper 2 doors could also be opened using the keys kept in the fire cassettes next to the doors.
- 5. All fire cases or signs/ suspicion of a possible fire should be reported to the teacher of the group.
- 6. No electrical devices should be plugged in a connector different from the designated ones. Only electrical devices in an intact and perfect condition should be used.

#### ED I. Macroscopic Anatomy and Embryology 2 ANNOUNCEMENTS

#### Subject matter of the 2nd semester

#### I. Maxillofacial Anatomy

- morphology of the structures of the head & neck region
- morphology of teeth

#### II. Macroscopy of the cardiovascular system

- heart
- blood vessels in general
- pulmonary circulation
- systemic circulation
- veins

#### III. Macroscopy of internal organs

- gastrointestinal tract
- respiratory tract
- urogenital tract
- separation of body cavities, peritoneum
- pelvic floor, perineum

#### Acceptance of the semester

Active participation in dissection room lab sessions is obligatory. Students should attend at least 75% of the scheduled hours, as well as presenting themselves at the obligatory midterm test, to gain a signature proving the validity of the semester. Absences are therefore limited in 25%.

#### Obligatory midterm test (oral)

Date: Week 7, 1st practical class of the week (March 27)

**Topics**: Maxillofacial Anatomy

In case of an absence students will have to attend a retake midterm exam (13th and/or 14th week).

#### Non-obligatory practical assessment

Date: Week 14, May 17. (last practical class)

**Topics:** \*Upper and lower limbs

\*Internal organs (except for the viscera of the head & neck region)

\*Exemptions: Students earning marks 3, 4 or 5 in the non-obligatory practical assessments may request an exemption from the relevant practical parts of the final examination. Here their marks will be counted in the result of the final examination upon successfully passing the written part.

#### Exam competition

On week 14, we invite students having a 4 or a 5 from the Maxillafacial midterm to participate in a written competition test from the topics of the 2 semesters of the subject. Students achieving good marks (4 or 5) at the exam compatitin test may be \*exempted from written part of the final examination. The best 5 students are invited to participate in a Macroscopy pin test to determine the final order of competitors.

#### Final examination

**Topics**: Subject matter of the two semesters of Macroscopic Anatomy

Only those students are eligible to sit for the final examination who have successfully finished their dissection task

#### The final exam consists of practical and theoretical parts:

- 1. Written pretest (Macroscopic Anatomy questions) \*unless exempted
- 2. Oral examination (Identification of structures on anatomical prosections, including relevant theoretical questions)

#### Marking system

#### The final result of the examination is calculated form 5 partial marks

- 1. Written test (unless exempted)
- 2. \*Limbs
- 3. \*Internal organs (except for those in the head&neck region)
- 4. Maxillofacial Anatomy specimens
- 5. Macroscopy of the central nervous system (brain and spinal cord)

### Academic Year 2022/2023 Faculty of Dentistry Macroscopic Anatomy and Embryology II. ED I 1-5

Week	Lectures		Dissection classes
Jacon	Tuesday 8.00-9.40 Wednesday 15.30-16.15 (Lenhossék Lecture Hall)	Lecturers	Mon 14.00-16.00 and Wed 10.30-12.15
Week 1 02.13 - 02.17.	<ol> <li>Composition of the oral cavity, palate, tongue and the faucial isthmus</li> <li>Temporomandibular joint, muscles of mastication</li> <li>Anatomy of teeth</li> </ol>	1 Gerber 2 Gallatz 3 Shahbazi	Muscles of facial expression, neck muscles, triangles, cervical fasciae Muscles of mastication, TMJ
<b>Week 2</b> 02.20 - 24.	<ul><li>4. Nasal cavity, paranasal sinuses</li><li>5. Morphology of the pharynx and esophagus, peripharyngeal spaces</li><li>6. Anatomy of the larynx</li></ul>	4 Lendvai 5 Vereczki 6 Gerber	Oral cavity, teeth, tongue Pharynx, nasal cavity, larynx
Week 3 02.27- 03.03.	<ul><li>7. Classification of cranial nerve nuclei</li><li>8. Salivary glands</li><li>9. Autonomic nervous system. Sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous systems</li></ul>	7 Shahbazi 8 Gallatz 9 Gerber	Dissection of the temporal region Dissection of the face, neck and parotid region (cadaver)
Week 4 03.06 - 10.	10. Trigeminal nerve (CN 5). Cutaneous innervation 11. Facial (CN 7) and hypoglossal (CN 12) nerves 12. Glossopharyngeal (CN 9), vagus (CN 10) and accessory (CN 11) nerves	10 Kozsurek 11 Kozsurek 12 Vereczki	Dissection of the infratemporal and pterygopalatine regions (cadaver) Head and neck prosections
Week 5 03.13 - 03.17. 03.15. National holiday	13. Orbit, eye bulb. Extraocular muscles and eye movements. Oculomotor (CN3), trochlear (CN4) and abducent (CN6) nerves  March 15 National holiday ONLINE LECTURES  14. Vessels, lymph nodes and lymphatic drainage of the head&neck 15. Development/derivatives of the foregut together with the pharyngeal clefts/arches/pouches	13 Shahbazi 14 Shahbazi 15 Gallatz	Head and neck prosections Dissection of the orbit Cranial nerve branches (cadaver)  March 15 National holiday no dissection class on Wednesday
Week 6 03.20 -24.	<ul> <li>16. Innervation of the teeth and the gingiva, the anatomy of dental local anaesthesia</li> <li>17. Face development together with developmental malformations.</li> <li>18. Imaging anatomy of the jaws, teeth and the maxillary sinus (Radiology lecture)</li> </ul>	16 Gerber 17 Shahbazi 18 Gerber	Dissection of cranial nerve branches  MAXILLOFACIAL MIDTERM
Week 7 03.27 – 31.	<ul> <li>19. Internal organs of the thoracic cavity. Divisions of the mediastinum.</li> <li>Lymphatic drainage.</li> <li>20. Chambers of the heart, external features, annuli fibrosis, valves.</li> <li>Vessels, conducting system of the heart. Surface projection of the heart, pericardium. Auscultation points.</li> <li>21. Morphology of the trachea and the lung. Pleura.</li> </ul>	19 Lendvai 20 Kozsurek 21 Zsiros	Cadaver dissection, opening of the thorax. Morphology of the heart
Week 8 04.03 - 07. Friday is holiday	22. Development of the heart. Fetal circulation 23. Development of arteries and veins 24. Stomach and small intestines (duodenum, jejunum, ileum	22 Kozsurek 23 Kozsurek 24 Székely	Morphology of the heart Dissection of the posterior mediastinum
Week 9 04.10 - 14. Easter Monday is holiday	25. Large intestine, rectum 26. Development of midgut and hindgut. 27. Liver, gall bladder, pancreas, spleen. Portocaval anastomoses	25 Barna 26 Minkó 27 Zsiros	Easter Monday - no dissection class Cadaver dissection. Opening of the abdominal cavity, celiac trunk Superior mesenteric artery, duodenum
<b>Week 10</b> 04.17- 21.	<ul> <li>28. Peritoneum, peritoneal recesses, peritoneal relations of abdominal organs.</li> <li>29. Development of the peritoneum, Separation of body cavities.</li> <li>30. Macroscopy of urinary organs</li> </ul>	28 Vereczki 29 Minkó 30 Pálfi	Inferior mesenteric artery Dissection of the kidney, renal capsules and the retroperitoneal region (cadaver)
Week 11 04.24 -28.	<ul><li>31. Development of the lung. Circulatory adaptation in the newborn</li><li>32. Development of urinary organs.</li><li>33. Morphology and coats of the testicle. Epididymis.</li></ul>	31 Minkó 32 Minkó 33 Pálfi	Ureter, urinary bladder, male urethra Dissection of the retroperitoneal organs (cadaver)
<b>Week 12</b> 05.01 - 05.	<ul> <li>34. Morphology of the spermatic cord, seminal vesicle and prostate.</li> <li>Morphology of the penis and male urethra.</li> <li>35. Anatomy of the ovary, Fallopian tube and uterus</li> <li>36. Vagina, external genital organs. Female and male perineum.</li> </ul>	34 Vereczki 35 Lendvai 36 Pálfi	May 1 - no dissection class Male genital organs Female genital organs
Week 13 05.08 - 12.	37. Development of genital organs 38. Topographical and sectional anatomy of the pelvis 39. Topographical and sectional anatomy of the abdomen	37 Kozsurek 38 Lendvai 39 Pálfi	Macroscopy of the pelvic floor Revision; cross sectional anatomy
<b>Week 14</b> 05.15 - 19.	<ul><li>40. Topographical and sectional anatomy of the thorax</li><li>41. Topographical and sectional anatomy of the neck</li><li>42. Topographical and sectional anatomy of the head.</li></ul>	40 Gallatz 41 Lendvai 42 Gerber	Revision  Non-obligatory assessment  Limbs and internal organs (except for the head and neck region)

#### **TOPICS OF THE FINAL EXAMINATION**

#### Macroscopic Anatomy and Embryology I.

(see there)

#### Macroscopic Anatomy and Embryology II.

Muscles of the neck, triangles of the neck, cervical fasciae

Orbit, accessory organs of the eye, extraocular muscles, eye movements.

Shape, external features of heart

Skeleton of heart, anuli fibrosi

Structure of heart wall

Chambers of heart

Endocardium, ostia, valves of heart

Pulse generating and conducting system of heart

Vessels of the heart

Pericardium

Position and surface projections of heart. Radiology of heart

Percussion and auscultation (area of cardiac dullness, heart sounds)

Pulmonary circulation

Parts and topography of the aorta

Arch of aorta together with its branches

Blood supply, venous and lymphatic drainage of the thoracic wall and mammary gland

Thoracic duct, right lympahtic trunk

Thoracic aorta and its branches

Abdominal aorta and its branches

Subclavian artery, axillary artery together with their branches

Celiac trunk and its branches

Superior mesenteric artery and its branches

Inferior mesenteric artery and its branches

External and internal iliac artery and its branches

Superior vena cava and its tributaries

Inferior vena cava and its tributaries

Azygos and hemiazygos veins and their tributaries

Portal vein and its tributaries, portocaval anastomoses

Esophagus (anatomy)

Stomach (macroscopy and peritoneal relations)

Duodenum (macroscopy, shape, position, vessels)

Jejunum and ileum (macroscopy, shape, position, vessels)

Colon (macroscopy, shape, position, vessels)

Rectum, anal canal (macroscopy, shape, position, vessels)

Liver (macroscopy and peritoneal relations)

Gall bladder and biliary passages (anatomy)

Pancreas (macroscopy, shape, position, vessels)

Trachea and bronchial tree

Lung (macroscopy, shape, position, vessels)

Surface projection of pleura and lung

Pleura, pleural cavity

Mediastinum (divisions and content)

Kidney (macroscopy, shape, position, vessels)

Urinary passages (macroscopy of ureter and urinary bladder)

Macroscopy of the male and female urethrae

Testis (macroscopy, shape, position, vessels)

Epididymis, vas deferens, spermatic cord

Scrotum, coats of testis

Seminal vesicle, prostate

Macroscopy of penis

Ovary (macroscopy, shape, position, vessels)

Uterine tube (shape, position, vessels)

Uterus (shape, parts, position, supporting structures, vessels)

Broad ligament (lig. latum) and its components

Vagina, external female genital organs

Topography of the female pelvic organs (connective tissue spaces, peritoneal relations)

Topography of the male pelvic organs (connective tissue spaces, peritoneal relations)

Pelvic floor, perineum

Peritoneum, greater and lesser omentum, mesentery, omental bursa

Sympathetic nervous system [A1](cervical and thoracic parts, sympathetic trunk)

Sympathetic nervous system [A2](abdominal and pelvic parts)

Sacral parasympathetic system [A3]

#### Macroscopy questions in Maxillofacial Anatomy

Oral cavity (divisions, boundaries)

Frontal section of the oral cavity, sulcus lateralis linguae

Faucial isthmus, palate

Macroscopy of the tongue (parts, vessels, innervation)

Floor of mouth (descriptive anatomy)

Pharynx, muscles, para- and retropharyngeal spaces

Nasal cavity and paranasal sinuses

Larynx (skeleton, fibroelastic membranes joints and muscles)

Larynx (mucous membrane, cavity)

Types and morphology of teeth

Tooth eruption and exfolition

Blood supply and innervation of upper teeth

Blood supply and innervation of lower teeth

Temporomandibular joint

Muscles concerned with the opening ang closing of the mouth

Muscles of facial expressions

Muscles and mechanism of mastication

Anatomy of the parotid gland, parotid nest

Anatomy of the submandibular gland, submandibular region

Anatomy of the sublingual gland, sublingual region

Branches of the ophthalmic nerve (CN 5/1)

Branches of the maxillary nerve (CN 5/2)

Branches of the mandibular nerve (CN 5/3)

Branches of the facial nerve (CN 7)

Branches of the glossopharyngeal nerve (CN 9)

Branches of the vagus nerve (CN 10)

Branches of the accessory and hypoglossal nerves (CN 11 & 12)

Lymph nodes and lymphatic drainage of the head & neck region

External carotid artery and its branches

Maxillary artery and its branches

Course and braches of the internal carotid artery

Veins of face and neck

Cranial sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous systems

Cervical plexus

#### **Maxillofacial Embryology**

Tooth development together with their malformations

Development of the jaws

Development of the face

Developmental malformations of the face

Derivatives of pharyngeal grooves and pouches

Derivatives of pharyngeal arches

Development of the primary and secondary palates

Development of the tongue

#### Organ development

Fetal circulation

Formation of atria, development of the interatrial septum

Formation of ventricles, development of the aorticopulmonary septum

**Development of arteries** 

Development of the inferior vena cava and the portal vein

Development of the superior vena cava, azygos and hemiazygos veins

Development and differentiation of the midgut

Development and differentiation of the hindgut

Formation of the liver and pancreas

Development of the lower airways including the lungs

Kidney development

Development of the urinary passages

Gonadal development

Development of the male genital tract

Development of the female genital tract

Development of the male/female external genitals

Development and divisioning of the body cavities

Development of the peritoneum

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#### Microscopic Anatomy and Embryology I.

#### LEARNING OBJECTIVES

**Histology** - Demonstration of the fine structure of cells and tissues composing the organs of the human body specifically to provide the future clinicians/medical doctors with a valid body of information describing the microscopical elements of clinically significant morphological structures (including cell biology, general histology and the histology of organs).

**(Embryology - only in the 2nd semester, i.e. 2nd year 1st semester** – the subject demonstrates the formation of the nervous system together with the organs of special senses and the endocrine glands, including the clinically relevant aspects of the development of organ systems. Teaching is done in the form of lectures and histology laboratory practical classes)

#### Competences acquired by completion of the course:

Understanding the microscopical composition of the human body together with the understanding of human development in order to draw parallels with macroscopical anatomy. Clear understanding of histological structure and function. Ability to identify basic structural elements within the tissue specimen. Identification of general directions/landmarks within digitized tissue slides.

**LECTURES**: First semester: 2 x 45 min; second semester: 3 x 45 min.

**PRACTICAL CLASSES:** First semester: 2 x 45 min; second semester: 2 x 45 min.

**ECTS CREDITS**: Altogether 8 (first semester: 4; second semester: 4).

**MIDTERM TESTS:** Written (in the Moodle system)

#### **ACCEPTENCE OF THE SEMESTER:**

Active participation in laboratory sessions is obligatory for every student. Students should attend at least 75% of the scheduled hours to gain a signature proving the validity of the semester. Absences are therefore limited in **25%**. Attendance will be recorded in the classes.

TYPE OF EXAMS: oral and/or written

First semester: semifinal examination (written), second semester: final exam (oral and written)

#### The final examination consists of written and oral (practical and theoretical) parts

- 1. Written pretest (e-learning module access to SeKA account is obligatory)
- 2. Oral examination (identification of structures on digitized histological slides) including relevent theoretical questions from the fields of Histology and Embryology

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION**

Microscopic Anatomy and Embryology I.

**Lectures and histology classes** 

Subject matter: General Histology, Basic tissues; Organ Histology

Credits: 4

**Prerequisites:** Cell sciences

#### **ED Microscopic Anatomy and Embryology I. Announcements**

#### Acceptance of the semester

Active participation in histology laboratory sessions is obligatory. Students should attend at least 75% of the scheduled hours, and attend the obligatory midterm test, to gain a signature proving the validity of the semester. Absences are therefore limited in 25%.

#### Subject matter of the semester

#### I. Microscopy of basic tissues

Simple/stratified epithelia, glandular tissues, connective and supporting tissues, muscle tissues and blood.
Peripheral nervous system, vessels.

#### II. Microscopical strucure of internal organs

Cardiovascular, gastrointestinal, respiratory and urogenital systems

#### **Obligatory midterm test**

**Topics**: Histology of basic tissues, peripheral nervous system, vessels

Date: Week 6

In case of absence, or an unsuccessful midterm result, students will have to attend a retake exam (on weeks 13 or 14) or their semester is not accepted

#### Semifinal examination

The semifinal exam consists of a written test (Histology questions and images)

Topics: Subject matter of the present semester

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Week	<b>Lectures</b> Monday 12.00-13.45 (Huzella lecture hall)	Lecturers	Histology Laboratory Monday 9.45 -11.15
Week 1 02.13 - 02.17.	Concept of tissues. Epithelial tissues, cell contacts     Glandular epithelium	1 Altdorfer 2 Gallatz	Simple and stratified epithelia
<b>Week 2</b> 02.20 - 24.	<ul><li>3. Connective tissue cells and fibres.</li><li>4. Connective tissue fibres, types of connective tissue</li></ul>	3 Puskár 4 Puskár	Transitional epithelium Glandular epithelium
Week 3 02.27- 03.03.	5. Supporting tissues (cartilage, bone) 6. Ossification, bone remodelling	5 Puskár 6 Puskár	Connective tissue fibres and cell types
Week 4 03.06 - 10.	7. Muscle tissues 1 (striated muscle) 8. Muscle tissues 2 (smooth muscle, cardiac muscle)	7 Barna 8 Minkó	Supporting tissues (cartilage, bone) Types of bone formation
Week 5 03.13 -03.17. 03.15. National holiday	9. Histology of vessels 10. Histology of the tongue and salivary glands	9 Puskár 10 Gallatz	Types of muscle tissues Histology of the peripheral nervous system Histology of vessels
Week 6 03.20 -24.	11. Tooth development, malformations 12. Histology of teeth 1 (enamel, dentin)	11 Gallatz 12 Gallatz	Midterm (basic tissues, nerve tissue, vessels) Tooth development, tooth, lip
<b>Week 7</b> 03.27 – 31.	13. Histology of the esophagus and stomach 14. Histology of teeth 2 (cementum, dental pulp)	13 Zsiros 14 Székely	Salivary glands, tongue, lingual papillae Esophagus, cardia
Week 8 04.03 - 07. Easter Friday is holiday	15. Histology of teeth 3 (parodontium) 16. Microscopical anatomy of the small intestine	15 Gerber 16 Kozsurek	Stomach, small intestine, large intestine Liver, gall bladder and pancreas
Week 9 04.10 - 14. Easter Monday is holiday	17. Easter Monday 18. Easter Monday	17 18	Easter Monday – no class
Week 10 04.17- 21.	19. Histology of the liver, gall bladder and pancreas 20. Microscopical anatomy of the large intestine	19 Dobolyi 20 Kozsurek	Larynx, trachea, lung
Week 11 04.24 -28.	21 Histology of the airways. 22 Microscopical anatomy of the kidney	21 Tóth 22 Dobolyi	Histology of the urinary system (kidney, ureter, urinary bladder) Male genital system 1.
Week 12 05.01 - 05.	May 1 online lectures 23. Microscopical anatomy of urinary passages (ureter, urinary bladder) 24. Histology of the testicle	23 24 Tóth	May 1 - no class
Week 13 05.08 - 12.	25. Histology of the epididymis, spermatic cord, seminal vesicle and prostate 26. Histology of the ovary, oogenesis	25 Tóth 26 Minkó	Male genital system 2. Female genital system 1.
<b>Week 14</b> 05.15 - 19.	27. Histology of the Fallopian tube, uterus and vagina 28. Histology of the placenta, umbilical cord. Microscopical anatomy of the mammary gland.	27 Minkó 28 Székely	Female genital system 2 Placenta, umbilical cord, mammary gland

#### ED I. Microscopic Anatomy I. List of slides

Week	Digital histology slides			
	Histology laboratory practices Mondays 9.45 – 11.15			
Week 1	Simple epithelial tissues 50. Simple squamous epithelium (endothelium, elastic artery, HE) 2. Simple cuboidal epithelium (kidney, HE) Demonstration: 19. Umbilical cord (HE) 3. Simple columnar epithelium (gall bladder, HE) 4. Pseudostratified simple columnar epithelium (epididymis, HE)  Stratified epithelial tissues 5. Stratified squamous nonkeratinized epithelium (esophagus, HE)			
	6. Stratified squamous keratinized epithelium (palmar skin, HE)			
	7. Stratified columnar epithelium (penis, HE)			
	8. Transitional epithelium (urinary bladder, HE)			
M/1- 0	Glandular epithelium			
Week 2	10. Goblet cells (large intestine, HE)			
	11. Holocrine secretion (sebaceous gland, hairy skin, HE) 12. Apocrine secretion (prostate, HE)			
	13. Merocrine secretion (submandibular gland, HE)			
	Connective tissue fibres			
	14. Collagen fibres (tendon, HE) 15. Elastic fibers (large artery, RF)			
	16. Reticular fibers (liver, silver impregnation)			
Week 3	17. Differentiation between epithelial and connective tissues (hairy skin, Azan)			
week 5	18. Collagen and elastic fibres (hairy skin, Hornowsky)Connective tissue cells			
	19. Embryonic connective tissue - mesenchyme (umbilical cord, HE)  20. Connective tissue cells (scar tissue, HE)  Demonstration: 81. Cell rich connective tissue (uterus, HE)			
	21. Mast cells (peritoneum, toluidine blue)  46. Reticular connective tissue (spleen, HE)			
	22. Fat cells – adipocytes (tongue, Sudan III.)			
	52. Blood cells (blood smear – May-Grünwald-Giemsa)			
	Supporting tissues Types of ossification, bone restructuring			
Week 4	23. Hyalin cartilage (rib, HE)  28. Endochondral ossification (phalanx, HE)			
WCCK 4	24. Elastic cartilage (epiglottis, RF)  29. Intramembranous ossification (calvary, HE)			
	25. Fibrous cartilage (meniscus, HE) 26. Bone – cross section (Schmorl) 27. Bone – longitudinal section (Schmorl)			
	Smooth, striated and cardiac muscle types			
	30. Smooth muscle – cross and longitudinal sections (Jejunum, HE)			
	31. Striated muscle – longitudinal section (HE) 32. Striated muscle – cross section (HE)			
	34. Cardiac muscle - cross section (HE)			
	35. Cardiac muscle - longitudinal section, Purkinje-fibers (HE)			
Week 5	Blood vessels			
	50. Elastic artery (carotid artery, HE) Demonstration: 15. Elastic artery (RF) Demonstration: Muscular artery and vein (RF)			
	34. Arterioles, capillaries, venules, (cardiac muscle, HE)			
	Peripheral nervous system			
	<b>36. Peripheral nerve – cross section (HE)</b> Demonstration : Peripheral nerve (OsO4); Periph nerves in skin (HE)			
	37. Pseudounipolar neurone (DRG, HE)			
	<b>38. Multipolar neurones (autonomic ggl, AgNo3)</b> Demonstration: Myenteric plexus in the gut wall (HE)			
	MIDTERM			
Week 6	Tooth development, lip			
	<b>57. Developing tooth (AZAN)</b> Demonstration: ÁOK 54 a, b. Ground tooth (unstained)			
	53. Lip (HE)			
	Gastrointestinal tract 54. Filiform papillae (tongue, HE)			
Week 7	<b>56. Circumvallate papillae (tongue, HE)</b> Demonstration: ÁOK 50. Foliate papillae (tongue, HE)			
	8. Parotid gland (HE) 60. Submandibular gland (haematoxylin and mucicarmin stain)			
	13. Submandibular gland (HE) 59. Sublingual gland (HE)			

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	Gastrointestinal tract 5. Esophagus, HE 61. Esophago-gastric junction (cardia) (HE)				
	63. Stomach (fundus) (PAS-Congo-haematoxylin stain)				
	62. Stomach (fundus) (HE	E) 64. Pylorus (gastro-duodenal junction, HE)			
	65. Duodenum (HE)				
Week 8	30. Jejunum (HE)	66. Ileum (HE)			
	10. Colon (HE)	67. Appendix (vermiform appendix; HE)			
	68. Liver (swine, AZAN)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
	69. Liver (human, HE)	16. Liver, (AgNO3 impregnation)			
	3. Gall bladder (HE)	70. Pancreas (HE)			
	3. Gail bladder (IIL)	70. Falicieas (IIL)			
Week 9	Easter Monday (no class	]			
	Respiratory tract				
Week 10	71. Larynx, (HE)				
AACCK TO	72. Trachea (HE)				
	73. Lung (HE)	Demonstration: ÁOK 61. Fetal lung (HE)			
	Urinary system and placenta				
Week 11	2. Kidney (HE)	8. Urinary bladder (HE) 91. Ureter (HE)			
	Male genital system I.				
	74. Testis (HE)	12. Prostate gland (HE) 75. Spermatic cord (HE)			
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Week 12	May 1 ( no class)				
	Male genital system II.	Female genital system I.			
	76. Seminal vesicle (HE)	78. Ovary (H-E)			
Week 13	76. Seminal Vesicie (HE)	79. Ovary (n-E)			
	7. Penis (HE) 77. Glans penis (HE)	80. Uterine tube (oviduct) (HE)			
	77. Gians penis (AE)	80. Oterine tube (oviduct) (ne)			
	Female genital system				
	81. Uterus, proliferation	phase (HE) 82. Uterus, secretory phase (HE)			
Week 14	81. Uterus, proliferation 84. Vagina (HE)	phase (HE) 82. Uterus, secretory phase (HE)			
Week 14	81. Uterus, proliferation	phase (HE) 82. Uterus, secretory phase (HE) 3. Placenta (HE)			
Week 14	81. Uterus, proliferation 84. Vagina (HE)				

#### **ED I Microscopic Anatomy 1**

#### Topic list for the semifinal examination

#### **General Histology**

Concept of basic tissues

Definition and classification of epithelial tissue

Simple epithelia

Stratified epithelia

Glandular epithelia

Pigment epithelium, sensory neuroepithelium

Cells of connective tissue

Ground substance and fibres of connective tissue

Types of connective tissue

Blood and the corpuscular elements of blood

Histology of the bone marrow, maturation of erythrocytes and platelets

Differentiation of granulocytes, lymphocytes and monocytes

Histology of cartilage and bone tissue

Intramembranous ossification. Endochondral ossification. Growth and remodeling of bone

Smooth muscle and myoepithelial cells

Skeletal muscle tissue

Cardiac muscle tissue

Histology of arteries and arterioles

Histology of veins and capillaries

#### Histology of organs

Wall structure of hollow organs

General composition of parenchymal (solid/compact) organs

Histology of the lip and tongue

Histology of the respiratory tract. Larynx. Trachea. Lung

Histology of the esophagus and stomach

Histology of the small and large intestines. Fine structure of the intestinal vili, enteroendocrine system

Histology of the liver. Gall bladder, biliary ducts

Histology of the pancreas

Histology of kidney. Ureter. Urinary bladder

Histology of the male and female gonads and genital organs/ducts

Histology of the uterus (prolipherative, secretory phases) menstrual cycle, vagina

#### Maxillofacial Histology

Enamel; Amelogenesis

Dentin; Dentinogenesis

Structure of the dental papilla

Cementum (two types)

Parodontium

Gingiva – subdivisions and histology

Tooth development

Tooth eruption

Microscopic Anatomy of the tongue

Microscopic Anatomy of salivary glands

#### RECOMMENDED BOOKS

#### List of textbooks

- Sobotta Atlas of Human Anatomy (Package), 15th English ed. Musculoskeletal system, internal organs, head, neck, neuroanatomy, By Waschke & Paulsen, ISBN-13: 9780702052507 2013
- Gray's Anatomy for students with STUDENT CONSULT Online Access, 3rd Edition by R. Drake,
   A. W. Vogl, A. Mitchel, Elsevier; 2014; ISBN 9780702051319
- McMinn and Abrahams' Clinical Atlas of Human Anatomy with STUDENT CONSULT Online Access, 7th Edition By Abrahams, Spratt, Loukas & van Schoor ISBN-13: 9780723436973, 2013
- Human Anatomy, Color Atlas and Textbook, 6th Edition by J Gosling, P Harris, J Humpherson, I
   Whitmore and P Willan; ISBN 9780723438274 Elsevier, 2016.
- Fitzgerald's Clinical Neuroanatomy and Neuroscience, 7th Edition, Elsevier, 2015.
- Oral Anatomy, Histology and Embryology, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, by B. Berkovitz Paperback with STUDENT CONSULT Online Access and e-book ISBN: 9780723434115 Copyright: 2009
- McMinn's Color Atlas of Head and Neck Anatomy, by Logan, Reynolds, Rice & Hutchings, 5th Edition, Elsevier 2016
- Functional Anatomy Anatomy, Histology and Embryology for medical and dental students by M. Réthelyi and J. Szentágothai, Medicina, 2018.
- Illustrated Dental Embryology, Histology, and Anatomy, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition by Mary Bath-Balogh ISBN: 9781437717303, 2011.
- Netter's Head and Neck Anatomy for Dentistry, 3rd Edition, Elsevier, 2016.
- Anatomy, A Photographic Atlas, 8th Edition by Rohen, Yokochi; Wolters Kluwer, 2016, ISBN: 978-1-4963-0870-2
- Bräuer: Sobotta Flashcards (Muscles; Bones, Ligaments, and Joints) URBFI, 2013.
- KL Moore–AF Dalley: Clinically Oriented Anatomy. 4th ed. Lippincott William and Wilkins, 1999
- The Developing Human Clinically Oriented Embryology, 10th ed. by KL Moore, TVN Persaud and M Torchia, Saunders, 2015; ISBN 9780323313384
- Histology: A Text and Atlas: With Correlated Cell and Molecular Biology; 7th Edition by MH Ross and W Pawlina; Wolters Kluwer 2015, ISBN 9781451187427
- Wheater's Functional Histology, A Text and Colour Atlas, 6th Edition by B Young, G O'Dowd and P Woodford Churchill Livingstone, Edinburgh, 2013, ISBN 9780702047473
- Oral Anatomy, Histology and Embryology, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, by B. Berkovitz Paperback with STUDENT CONSULT Online Access and e-book ISBN: 9780723434115 Copyright: 2009
- Functional Anatomy, Histology and Embryology for medical and dental students by M. Réthelyi and J. Szentágothai, Medicina, 2018.
- Langmann's Medical Embryology, 13th Edition by TW Sadler, Wolters Kluwer, ISBN 9781469897806, 2014
- Junqueira's Basic Histology: Text and Atlas; 13th Edition by Anthony Mescher, New York, McGraw-Hill Medical, 01/03/2013 ISBN13 978007178033
- Wheater's Functional Histology, A Text and Colour Atlas, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition by B Young, G O'Dowd and P Woodford ISBN 9780702047473, Churchill Livingstone, Edinburgh, 2013.
- Illustrated Dental Embryology, Histology, and Anatomy, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition by Mary Bath-Balogh ISBN: 9781437717303, 2011.

Further study aids: To be downloaded from the homepage of the Department of Anatomy, Histology and Embryology (<a href="https://semmelweis.hu/anatomia">https://semmelweis.hu/anatomia</a>) or from Knowledgebase on the Library homepage: (<a href="https://lib.semmelweis.hu/knowledgebase">https://lib.semmelweis.hu/knowledgebase</a>).